Resettlement Plan

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India: Uttarakhand Integrated and Resilient Urban Development Project – Sewerage and Storm Water Drainage System Development in Tehri Hydro Development Corporation area and Yamuna Colony of Kargi Zone at Dehradun, Uttarakhand

Package UIRUDP: WW-DDN-01

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CURRENCY EQUIVALENTS

(As of 17 Mar 2022)

Currency unit Indian rupee (₹)

ABBREVIATIONS

ADB - Asian Development Bank

CAPPA - Community Awareness and Public Participation

AgencyCBO - Community Based Organization
DMC - Dehradun Municipal Corporation

ESMC - Environment and Social Management Cell

FGD - Focus Group Discussions
GOI - Government of India

GOU - Government of Uttarakhand

GRC - Grievance Redress Committee/ Grievance Redress Cell

PMU - Program Management Unit PIU - Program Implementation Unit

IPMC - Investment Program Management Consultants RFCTLARRA 2013 - Right for fair Compensation and Transparency in

Land

Acquisition, Rehabilitation, and Resettlement Act 2013

NGO - Non-Government Organizations

NPRR - National Policy on Resettlement & Rehabilitation PMDSC - Project Management and Design Supervision

ConsultantPWD - Public Works Department

ROW - right-of-way

R&R - Resettlement & Rehabilitation

SCDO - Social and Community Development Officer

SDS - Social Development Specialist
SIA - Social Impact Assessment

THDC - Tehri Hydro Development Corporation

TLC - Town Level Committee

UDD - Urban Development Department

ULB - urban local bodies

UIRUDP - Uttarakhand Inclusive and Resilient Urban Development

Project

UUSDIP - Uttarakhand Urban Sector Development Investment Program

WEIGHTS AND MEASURES

km – kilometer

LPCD — liter per capita per

daym — meter

MLD — million liter per daym² — square meter km² — square kilometer

NOTE

In this report, "\$" refers to United States dollars.

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EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

Background. The proposed Uttarakhand Integrated and Resilient Urban Development Project (UIRUDP) aims to improve universal and equitable access to safe and affordable drinking water, and access to adequate and equitable sanitation and hygiene for all ending open defecation. The outcome of the project is reliability and efficiency of water supply and sanitation services in Dehradun and Nainital enhanced. The project has four major outputs as follows: (i) Output 1: Water supply system and service in Dehradun improved; (ii) Output 2: Integrated sanitation systems and drainage enhanced in Dehradun and Nainital; (iii) Output 3: Computerized maintenance and management systems (CMMS) for water and sanitation developed and implemented in Dehradun and Nainital; (iv) Output 4: Project management, institutional capacity and knowledge strengthened.

This Resettlement Plan is prepared for one of the projects under output 2, which is the development of sanitation and drainage systems in three wards under Dehradun Municipal Corporation (DMC); Yamuna Colony (part of ward 33 and 35) and Tehri Hydro Development Corporation (THDC) area (ward 72). This resettlement plan is sectional update for the construction of sewer pipelines, on the basis of final design and detailed measurement survey (DMS). Based on the final design and DMS, reverification census survey for the affected persons were undertaken for the project package area along the sewer pipelines. Final design is awaited for ground water recharge pits and storm water drainage.

Project Description. The project is located in Zone 1, which is covered with sewer network except in the two subzones which are being included in this project. The project covers THDC (ward 72), and Yamuna colony (wards 33 and 35 in part) as shown in Figure 2. THDC area is surrounded by Kargi road on North and East, Bindal river on West, Vidya Vihar on East and Haridwar bypass road on South. Yamuna colony area is surrounded by Chakrata road and Doon School on North and East and drain on the West. The main components of project sanitation and drainage systems include: (i) Laying of 31 km of sewer pipes; (ii) 3,000 sewer household connections; and (iii) construction of 38 km storm water drainage system.

Resettlement Plan. The resettlement plan is sectional update for construction of 31 km sewer pipeline project component on the basis of final design and DMS for the Development of Sewerage System in Yamuna Colony and THDC Area, in Dehradun, UIRUDP: WW-DDN-01. The project will ensure an improved drainage, sewerage and sanitation management for all the inhabitants within the target areas. Based on detailed design the resettlement plan has been revised. It assesses potential impacts due to involuntary resettlement for construction of the project components based on detailed design. Roadside vendors, and shops have been identified at the edge of the right of way (ROW) along which the sewer pipeline is proposed. Potential adverse impacts are identified during laying of sewer pipelines at Dehra Khas, Kargi Chowk and Pathribag Chowk areas. Mitigation measures have been developed to reduce all adverse impacts to acceptable levels as per environment management plan (EMP). At locations where involuntary resettlement impacts are unavoidable, to compensate the losses, budgetary provisions are made in the resettlement plan as per the entitlement matrix, to compensate the losses.

Scope of Land Acquisition and Involuntary Resettlement. Project implementation will not require acquisition of private land as the entire civil works for the construction of sewer pipelines and stormwater drainage will be done within the right-of-way (ROW) of roads under government ownership. The sewer pipelines will be laid within the ROW of existing roads under the ownership of Dehradun Nagar Nigam. The resettlement plan is updated based on review of existing information available based on detailed final design, field visits, discussion with relevant

stakeholders, and consultations with representatives of line departments, user groups, and with other community members as a process of social impact assessment for the project.

Census survey based on detailed final design and detailed measurement surveys (DMS) of the business activities in the project area, involuntary resettlement impacts are assessed. It is assessed that 12 roadside temporary business units (71 household members) will incur temporary income loss for the period of disruption (estimated as 26 days) during the construction phase. Out of the total affected persons likely to face loss of income temporarily, three affected business owners are identified as vulnerable. The updated resettlement plan is based on 100% survey of sites and alignments. Involuntary resettlement impacts has been assessed and reconfirmed during finalization of detailed design, through detailed measurement surveys (DMS). The resettlement plan has been updated based on detailed final design, DMS and site-specific consultations, prior to start of construction work and has included 100 percent assessment of impact for all roads through which the sewer pipelines will be routed during construction. Project Implementation Unit (PIU) and Project Management and Design Supervision Consultant (PMDSC) has conducted the reverification survey covering 100 percent of affected persons for updating of this resettlement plan. The cut-off date for sewer network and storm water drainage works is the date of DMS and census survey, 22nd March 2022.

Impact avoidance and mitigation. Majority of the potential impacts are expected to be reduced during implementation as per the mitigation measures stated in the EMP; working during night hours and nonmarket days should be considered for laying of sewer pipelines especially along market areas. To minimize and avoid involuntary resettlement impacts, consultations with the road side shopkeepers, vendors in market areas has been conducted to finalize the construction schedule (ina phased manner), particularly in stretches of narrow roads and busy commercial areas.

Categorization. The project is classified as category B in accordance with Asian Development Bank's Safeguard Policy Statement (ADB SPS) 2009.

Legal Framework. The policy framework and entitlements for UIRUDP are based on the following laws and policies: The Right to Fair Compensation and Transparency in Land Acquisition, Rehabilitation and Resettlement Act (RFCTLARRA) 2013, and ADB SPS, 2009.

Entitlements, Assistance and Benefits. The entitlement matrix presented in the resettlement plan provides for compensation of all potential losses to be provided to all affected persons in the project area. In general, the affected people under the sewerage project are entitled to the following types of compensation and assistances: (i) compensation for loss of income for the duration impact; (ii) shifting allowance; and (iii) additional assistance to vulnerable groups.

Consultation and Disclosure. Project objectives, goals and scope of work under the project have been disclosed to the potential beneficiaries of the project, affected persons, elected representatives and institutional stakeholders. The approved entitlement matrix and updated resettlementplan has been made available at public locations in the city and is disclosed to a wider audience through the Government of Uttarakhand and ADB website. Copies of the project information disclosure leaflet, translated in local language, will be kept at site during the construction period.

Grievance Redressal Mechanism: The grievance redress mechanism (GRM) of Uttarakhand Inclusive and Resilient Urban Development Project (UIRUDP), has provided the communities and other stakeholders, a platform for expressing their opinion, registering their grievances and

redress of the same within a defined time frame. A three-tier common GRM has been set up; a grievance redress cell has been formed vide office order Social/UUSDA/IEC/182 dated 10th February, 2022. Public awareness campaign has been conducted to ensure that awareness on the project and its grievanceredress procedures is generated. The campaign has ensured that the poor, vulnerable and others are made aware of and part of the awareness program. Grievance redress mechanism outlined in the resettlement plan will ensure that complaints and grievances are resolved in a collaborative, expeditious, and effective manner through dialogue, joint fact-finding, negotiation, and problem solving.

Resettlement Plan Budget. The proposed budget for the implementation of the resettlement plan is updated as ₹ 13,73,280.00 (Thirteen lakhs seventy-three thousand two hundred and eighty only) which covers compensation for temporary income loss, one-time shifting allowance and one-time assistance to identified vulnerable households. The amount will be electronically transferred by the PIU to the account of the affected persons. The project will ensure preparation of identity cards and opening of bank accounts of the affected persons (not having bank accounts).

Institutional Arrangement. The Urban Development Department (UDD), Government of Uttarakhand is the Executing Agency (EA) of the UIRUDP. A state-level Program Management Unit (PMU) under Uttarakhand Urban Sector Development Agency a special purpose vehicle is set up for the project implementation. City/town level Program Implementation Units (PIU) have been set up by the Implementing Agency (IA) to manage implementation of projects, at Dehradun and Nainital. The PMU/PIU will be assisted by Project Management and Design Supervision Consultants (PMDSC) who will provide program management support, assure the technical quality of design and construction, and provide advice on policy reforms. Resettlement Plan implementation will be closely monitored by PMU/PIU on a regular basis. Community Awareness and Public Participation Agency will facilitate PMU and PIU with organizing meetings with affected persons and disclosure of entitlement matrix and grievance redress mechanism to affected persons and stakeholders.

Monitoring and Reporting. Resettlement Plan implementation will be closely monitored by the PMU to assess resettlement progress and identify potential difficulties and problems. Since only temporary economic impacts are anticipated because of the sewerage project, the focus of monitoring will be on the number of days for which compensation is paid, versus the number of actual days of disruption of business during construction. Unanticipated impacts and grievance redress will be monitored during construction and corrective actions taken, in accordance with the agreed entitlement matrix. The PMU is required to submit semi-annual monitoring reports to ADB on safeguards implementation performance. Monitoring reports will continue to be submitted until a project completion report is issued.

I. INTRODUCTION

A. Project Background

- 1. The proposed Uttarakhand Integrated and Resilient Urban Development Project aims to improve universal and equitable access to safe and affordable drinking water, and access to adequate and equitable sanitation and hygiene for all ending open defecation. The outcome of the project is reliability and efficiency of water supply and sanitation services in Dehradun and Nainital enhanced. The project has four major outputs as follows:
- 2. **Output 1: Water supply system and service in Dehradun improved**. The project will construct around 136 kilometers (km) of water supply networks in newly added wards in South Dehradun, to close the gap of water supply infrastructure. The project will ensure reliable and quality water supply services with a standard norm of 135 liter per capita per day (LPCD); 24 hours a day and 7 days a week (24/7) supply. Around 5,400 household connections will be provided by 2028 with water meters that would allow volumetric billing. Non-revenue water (NRW) in the project area will be reduced from 45–50% to at most 25%, which is higher than the Uttarakhand performance standards. The improved water service will benefit around 40,000 population including about 4,000 urban poor and vulnerable people by 2028.
- Output 2: Integrated sanitation systems and drainage enhanced in Dehradun and Nainital. The project will construct (i) two sewage treatment plants (STPs) with a total treatment capacity of 29 million liters per day (MLD); (ii) around 256 km of sewer networks; (iii) at least 117 km of stormwater drainage networks factoring potential climate risks; and (iv) around 17,410 household sewer connections in Dehradun. This output will benefit about 138,000 population, including around 15,000 urban poor and vulnerable people by 2028. The project will collect fecal sludge and septage from households that are not connected to sewer networks, and transport and treat them at a proposed STP equipped with a septage co-treatment unit. Combining a centralized sewerage system with decentralized septage management solutions, the project will establish cost-effective integrated sanitation systems in Dehradun. Once households are connected to the new centralized sewer system, existing household and community level soak pits in the project areas that would be no longer in use. These soak pits after cleaning and connecting with rainwater capturing system can be re-utilized as ground water recharge pits. This soak pit reutilization idea introduced by UUSDA will be first of its kind in India, which is not only an innovative solution to enhance climate-resilience but also a great example of resource saving and circular economy. In Nainital that has 100% coverage of sewerage system, the project will (i) replace around 4 km of an aging trunk and outfall sewers with leaks; and (ii) construct a new STP with a treatment capacity of 17 MLD and five prefabricated compact STPs with advanced moving bed biofilm reactor technology, which will have at least 20 kiloliter per day capacity each. While ensuring high quality sanitation services to benefit around 154,000 people, and no contamination of ground and surface water from sewer leaks, the project addresses the challenge of a steep hilly town and its limited land space for a large scale STP by introducing prefabricated compact STPs with advanced technology that are also equipped for reuse of treated wastewater.
- 4. Output 3: Computerized maintenance and management systems (CMMS) for water and sanitation developed and implemented in Dehradun and Nainital. To advance the O&M performance and asset management of WSS in Dehradun and Nainital, the project will procure, install, and implement city-wide CMMS for WSS schemes. Using the internet of things, this information and communication technology (ICT)-based platform will communicate with supervisory control and data acquisition (SCADA) and geographical information system (GIS) to provide real-time data and information. It will also provide a range of functions, including but not

limited to the following: (i) present and record operation status; (ii) schedule and track inspections; (iii) plan, implement, and report the results of preventive maintenance; (iv) manage fixed assets across multiple sites; (v) manage inventory, work orders and contract managements; and (vi) provide customer services, which include the establishment of consumer data management system with disaggregated data by sex, age, and other social dimension. The detailed program functions for CMMS will be determined through the customized design based on the WSS system needs and WSS governance structure in Dehradun and Nainital.

- 5. Output 4: Project Management, institutional capacity and knowledge strengthened. This output includes a range of activities such as: (i) enhancing project and contract management of UIRUDP through hands-on implementation support and skills training for project managementunit (PMU) and project implementation units (PIUs) at Dehradun and Nainital; (ii) developing robust WSS O&M manuals, which will be aligned with the national WSS manuals² and customized to the WSS system, governance structure, and specific conditions and needs in the project cities:(iii) providing training and implementation support on the WSS O&M manuals and CMMS use to UUSDA, UJN, UJS, and project ULBs; (vi) executing community awareness, participation, and behavior changes programs on water conservation, public health and hygiene practices, waste reduction, and making safe, clean, and healthy community environments; and (v) implementing the gender and social inclusion (GESI) action plan; and (v) strengthening institutional capacities and deepening the knowledge of UUSDA, UJN, UJS, project ULBs, and/or the wards members at project ULBs on a wide range of subjects on urban infrastructure and services, including WSStariff re-structing to enhance the sustainability,³ green and resilient urban planning for livable and prosperous cities, integrated watershed and water management, intelligent and sustainable WSS operation and management, and gender equality and social inclusion (GESI) issues in urban systems and services.
- 6. This resettlement plan focuses on one of projects under output 2, which is the development of sanitation and drainage systems in central and south-central part covering wards 33, 35 and 72 comprising THDC area, Yamuna Colony, Kargi, Pathribagh and Dehra-Khas.
- 7. Implementation of the project will be governed by the acts, rules, regulations of Government of India (GOI), the state of Uttarakhand and as per the requirements of ADB Safeguard Policy Statement, 2009. During the design, construction, and operation of the project the State of Uttarakhand, Government of India will ensure impact avoidance, mitigation and compensation consistent with ADB SPS, 2009 and international good practice.

B. Dehradun Project Location

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¹ 'Internet of things' describes the network of physical objects—"things"—that are embedded with sensors, software, and other technologies for the purpose of connecting and exchanging data with other devices and systems over the internet.

² GOI, Ministry of Housing and Urban Affairs, Central Public Health & Environmental Engineering Organisation (CPHEEO). (i) <u>Manual on Operation and Maintenance of Water Supply System – 2005</u>; (ii) <u>Manual on Sewerage and Sewage Treatment Systems – 2013 Part B O&M and Part C Management</u>; and (iii) <u>Manual on Storm Water Drainage Systems – 2019 Part B O&M and Part C Management</u>. (accessed 18 September 2020).

The World Bank has an ongoing project in Uttarakhand to support institutional strengthening of ULBs' public financial management and revenue management systems, which would have positive impacts on the financial sustainability of the water supply and sanitation systems and other urban services. To avoid any duplicated efforts, the project team will closely monitor and communicate with the World Bank. If any gaps are identified, the project team will design specific activities to support the project UBLs. (World Bank. 2019. Uttarakhand Public Financial Management (PFM) Strengthening Project.)

- 8. Dehradun is the winter capital and most populous city the State of Uttarakhand. Dehradun experienced fast growing peri-urban areas with huge influx of urban migrants and carried out reboundary mission. As a result, Dehradun has expanded to 300% in area (196.48 km) and increased by 141% in population (803,983 in 2018) living in 100 wards. The project is located in Kargi sewerage zone consisting of ward number 33 (part), 35 (part) and 72.
- 9. The city of Dehradun had been divided into six main sewerage zones within the pre-2018city boundary. Since the revision of boundary of Dehradun in 2018, three additional zones namelyZones 7, 8, 9, and 10 have been created in the newly added areas. After addition of these three new zones, there will be total 10 zones in Dehradun (Figure 1)

Sewerage Zones in Dehradun

Zone 6

Zone 5

Zone 1

Zone 2

Zone 8

Zone 7

Zone 10

Zone 9

Figure 1: Sewerage Zones in Dehradun

Source: Detailed Project Report (2020)

10. The project is in Zone 1, which is covered with sewer network except in the two subzones which are being included in this project. The project covers THDC (ward 72) and Yamuna colony (wards 33 and 35 in part) as shown in Figure 2. THDC area is surrounded by Kargi road on North and East, Bindal river on West, Vidya Vihar on East and Haridwar bypass road on South. Yamuna colony area is surrounded by Chakrata road and Doon School on North and East and drain on the West. The main components of project sanitation and drainage systems include: (i) Laying of

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31 km of sewer pipes; (ii) 3,000 sewer household connections; and (iii) construction of 38 km storm water drainage system.

KABGIZONE † RISPANA ZONE 2 INDRA NAGAR ZONE-I VUAY COLONY ZONE-4 Zone SALAWALAZONE E DOON VHAR ZONE & SEWERAGE WORKS Zone - 3 PROPOSED UNDER WW-DOW-NACIAR NIGAVIBOUNDARY Zone - 5 Zone -Zone Proposed sub-project area- THDC & Yamuna Colony

Figure 2: Location of the Project within Zone 1- THDC and Yamuna Colony subzones

Source: Detailed Project Report (2020)

11. Currently, there is no sewerage system in the project area, which is around 101.64 Hectare (Ha) (Table 1) comprising municipal ward numbers 33 (part), 35 (part) and 72 with the 2011 Census population of 14,110. Table 2 shows the projection of population in base year of 2021, intermediate year 2036 and design year of 2051, which are 20,663 in 2021, 28,377 in 2036 and 36,091 in 2051. Based on the population projection, it has been estimated that the project area will have 2.22 MLD, 3.04 MLD and 3.85 MLD of wastewater during the base, intermediate and ultimate years respectively.

Table 1: Areas Covered Under Various Wards coming Under this Project

S. No	Subzone	Ward Name	Ward No.	Total area (Ha)	Area considered under this project (Ha)	Contributing area (% of total area)
1	Yamuna Colony	Yamuna Colony	33	62.10	38.90	63%
2		Shridev Suman Nagar	35	47.12	13.37	28%
3	THDC	Dehra Khas	72	49.37	49.37	100%

Source: Project Detailed Project Report (2020)

Table 2: Population Projection and Details of Sewage Generation in sub-zones 8A and 8B

Sub-zones	Projected Population (including 10% floating population)			Sewage generation (MLD)		
Wardd no.)	Base Year (2021)	Intermediate Year (2036)	Ultimate Year (2051)	Base Year (2021)	Intermediate Year (2036)	Ultimate Year (2051)
Yamuna Colony (ward 33 and 35)	10,250	13,380	16,509	0.75	0.98	1.20
THDC (ward 72)	10,413	14,997	19,582	1.12	1.61	2.10
TOTAL	20,663	28,377	36,091	2.22	3.04	3.85

Source: Project Detailed Project Report (2020)

1. Existing Sewage Treatment Plant

12. A sewage treatment plant (STP) of 68 MLD capacity (Figure 3) developed under another ADB financed project⁴ exists in Kargi; it is proposed that sewage collected from THDC and Yamuna colony areas will be taken to this STP for treatment. Accordingly, the outfalls from thesetwo areas are proposed to be connected to manholes on the trunk sewer, which has already beendesigned considering sewage load from THDC and Yamuna colony areas. The land for the existing STP is owned by Nagar Nigam Dehradun and total area for STP is 3.12 hectare (equivalent to 7.71 acres). The existing STP is under Uttarakhand Jal Sansthan (UJS).⁵

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⁴ The existing STP of 68 MLD capacity located at Haridwar by pass road adjacent to Bindal river in Kargi zone in Dehradun (co-ordinates: 30°17′11.30″N and 78°00′58.25″E) based on Sequential Batch Reactor Process (SBR) was constructed under earlier ADB loan number 2410 as part of Uttarakhand Urban Sector Development Investment Program (UUSDIP) was commissioned on October 2015.

⁵ The DPR for the project and the project proposal was approved by the high-power committee consisting of the head of the departments of all concerned departments including Urban Development, UJS/UJN and others.

2. SCADA and GIS system

- 13. GIS data of all the assets created under the project have been created. The three-dimensional position (x,y,z) of all point and line assets constructed under this project, including sewers, manholes, property chambers, house service connections, has been surveyed. Nodes shall be created to clearly delineate different pipe sections in terms of material and diameter and to allow for future development of a hydraulic model in the GIS platform. Point and line data (i.e., the pipeline) will be consistent with the attributes of the existing Survey of India GIS and new attributespertaining to non-survey data, e.g., images and/or plans will be added.
- 14. The GIS data will be linked to web-based interface/ dashboard to Supervisory Control and Data Acquisition (SCADA) for control and monitoring. SCADA presents the data as a viewable and controllable system on the screen of a computer. The data thus collected is stored and analyzed for better real time process control. It assists plant operating personnel by monitoring and announcing abnormal conditions and failure of equipment and allows the operators to perform calculations based on the sensor inputs. Daily, weekly and monthly reports can be prepared using the stored data. A typical SCADA is shown in Figure 8.
- 15. Signals generated by various sensors and instruments are transmitted from the sensor toa control panel or computer system, which allows operators to inspect many process variables simultaneously. A Programmable Logic Controller (PLC) is electronic equipment that senses inputs and takes the decision to change outputs according to the set rules stored in the memory. Link systems with PLC are used for transmitting the signal, with which analogue signal is converted to digital signal and transmitted via coaxial cables or optical fibers.
- 16. The GIS and SCADA will be developed in a compatible environment so that it is aligned to city-wide CMMS. During operation and maintenance, the status of assets, inspection details and inventory etc. will be managed through these linkages to CMMS. The GIS system will be providing real time information for CMMS on ever increasing consumer details.

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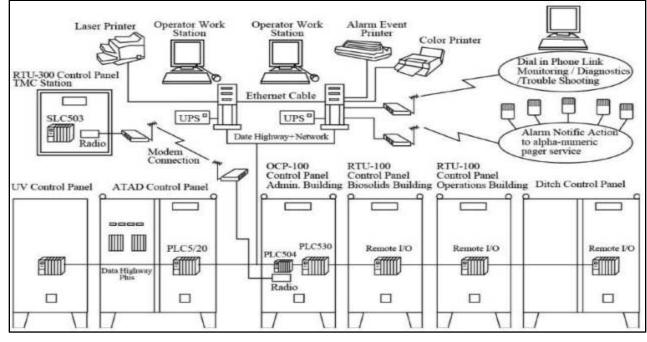


Figure 3: Typical SCADA Communication Overview⁶

Source: Central Public Health and Environmental Engineering Organization, Ministry of Urban Development of India

3. Sewer Network

- 17. The project will install a total of around 31 km sewer pipelines including 30.51 km of high- density polyethylene (HDPE) pipe with diameter ranging from 225 to 355 mm and around 0.490 km of DI-K7 pipe of diameter 350 mm. As mentioned the final length as per detailed design is revised. The wastewater collection system will mainly rely on gravity pipesand will discharge into the manholes of existing trunk sewer. The network will be of the conventional gravity collection type, starting from service connections to gravity sewers conveying the sewage to discharge into the trunk sewer, which is ultimately connected to Kargi STP.
- 18. The sewer system is designed as a separate sewer system that carries only the domestic/municipal wastewater and will not mix with a stormwater drainage system. No industrial wastewater will be allowed into the sewers. Sewers will be laid underground in the roads and streets. While water pipes are/will be located on one or either side of the roads, the sewers will be laid in the middle of the road to avoid any disturbing the water pipes. In the areas of water body crossing, main road crossings or deep cuttings (above 6-7 m depth), the sewers will be laid by trenchless method.
- 19. A total of 1168 manholes, including 685 brick masonry circular manholes; 483 in-situ and around precast RCC manholes based on the assessment of subsoil condition and traffic loads, will be installed along the sewer network. Around 3000 house sewer connections will be also installed, which include around 1,900 in THDC sub-zone and around 1,100 in Yamuna Colony sub-zone. House connections will be provided through a chamber constructed inside the propertyline and another chamber outside the property line. Chambers are to be connected with manholesin the main sewer line below the roads by means of uPVC pipe SN4 of 110 mm or 160

⁶ Source: Chapter 6, Part B Operation and Maintenance, Manual on Sewerage and Sewage Treatment Systems, Central Public Health and Environmental Engineering Organization, Ministry of Urban Development, India

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mm OD.

4. Storm water Drainage System

- 20. A total of 38 km drains (reverification of storm water drains is underway) will be constructed alongside the roads in THDC area to facilitate smooth draining of storm water coming on the roads into the nearby water receiving bodies thereby preventing the erosion of road top surface during rains. These drains will be on both sidesof the roads. As the project area is primarily urban area comprising residential areas, a storm frequency of once in 2 years has been considered for the design. Taking ease of cleaning and maintenance into consideration, 250 mm x 250 mm has been considered as the minimum drain size for design. RCC drains as well as Brick drains are proposed. For storm water drains up to 800mm depth brick masonry drains are proposed and for depth more than 800mm depth RCC drains are proposed. A total of 24 km of brick masonry drains and 14 km RCC drains have been proposed. All the roadside drains shall be covered with precast RCC covers.
- 21. In order to reduce velocity and prevent erosion, outfall structures will be constructed at theend of storm water drains that discharge to major drains and river. A total of 38 such outfalls havebeen proposed in the project area, out of which 5 are located on the bank of Bindal river whereas 19 on Ganda nala, 10 on Kargi nala and remaining 4 on Northwest nala are proposed. These there nalas (drains) ultimately discharge into the Bindal river.

5. Climate adaptation measures

- 22. Groundwater Recharge pits and Rainwater Harvesting Structures will be developed and installed in the project area. Groundwater recharge pits along the primary and secondary existing natural drainage channels will be created. Rainwater harvesting structures will be constructed in all probable locations namely Government offices and/or premises, public schools, shopping complex, public parks and/or community open spaces. Final design and locations is awaited for ground water recharge pits and rainwater harvesting structures.
- 23. This resettlement plan has been updated based on the detailed design for the project. This document has been updated and reconfirmed for final involuntary resettlement impacts after completion of detailed measurement surveys (DMS) in sections ready for implementation as part of Service Improvement Plan by the construction contractor. The updated resettlement plan, upon receipt of approval from ADB, will be disclosed on implementing agency and ADB websites. Civil work will be taken up only after compensation payment to affected persons, as per approved entitlement matrix. The implementing agency will be responsible for handing over the project land/site to the contractor free of any kind of encumbrance.
- 24. **Measures to avoid and minimize the Involuntary Resettlement Impacts:** To avoid and minimize the involuntary impacts the UIRUDP proposes to use the government lands wherever available and right of way of roads owned by the government agencies for augmentation and development of all the project assets and associated ancillaries as mentioned in the project description. The sewer pipes are proposed to be laid along existing available ROW. Construction contractor with PMDSC and PIU-UIRUDP has organized consultation with the community residing beside the construction site and shops in the area. It is discussed with the Contractors that through good engineering practices like providing ramps, wooden planks, alternative access, the impacts

can be minimized to the roadside shops and businesses.⁷

- 25. Livelihood impacts will be avoided in busy market areas to the permanent shops in the areas like Dehra Khas, Kargi Chowk, and Pathribagh. Work will be executed in night hours to avoid the impacts, pipes lines in narrow roads and commercial areas mentioned above will be laid in phased manner with the due consultation with the shop owners and nearby residents. Civil works will be executed in small stretches in phases. Noise level will be kept under 55 dB (A) as per noise pollution (regulation and control) rules 2000 as per the Environmental Management Plan. All safety norms would strictly be adhered to, taking into consideration the magnitude of work and the sensitivity of the location.
- 26. The Project Implementation Unit (PIU has ensured that all the necessary rules related to safety and security of the public and residents are duly followed by the contractor. The actual dates of construction schedule with respect to rush hour, festival time, and special business days has been discussed with vendors, squatters, market committee members, and residents, and accordingly construction activities will be planned. After laying pipes, the lane/road will be restored to its original condition (including bitumen, cement concrete[C] and CC interlocking tiles as applicable)
- 27. The contractor will ensure maintaining access to shops and residences or other buildings along pipe alignments, to institutions located close to proposed sites by providing pedestrian access through planks, assistance to mobile hawkers and vendors, and safety through hard barricading of excavated alignments/sites. Avoidance of pipe laying activities, construction work near schools, health centers; Anganwadi centers (ICDS), etc. as much as possible. Any damage to access ramps during construction will be restored by contractor as per contractual provisions (included in contract document and considered as part of bill of quantity [BOQ], in linewith the agreed principles of the resettlement framework.
- 28. Measures to be taken up by the contractor to avoid/mitigate economic impacts will include:(a) announcement of proposed civil works in advance (to enable shop owners to stock up and remain unaffected if goods vehicles are unable to reach them during construction), (b) provision of planks to ensure pedestrian access; (c) careful timing of implementation to avoid peak sale hours/days or school timings, and night work on busy commercial streets, where feasible; (d) use of trenchless pipe laying technology, major civil work during night hours, maximum use of precast materials particularly for manhole will be used in commercial areas and narrow roads, where possible; (e) minimizing construction period to the extent possible;(f) assistance to mobile vendors if any present during construction, to shift nearby; (g) signage with project details and contact details for grievance redress; and (h) proper traffic management. These measures will be part of the contract and will be implemented with careful monitoring by the concerned PIU.

C. Objectives of the Resettlement Plan

29. This resettlement plan is updated for development of sewer work components of the project, Package No. WW-DDN-01, under UIRUDP based on detailed design. It addresses the potential involuntary resettlement impacts of the proposed project components prepared in accordance with national laws and ADB SPS (2009).

⁷ In the Engineers estimate provision of utility shifting and repair of minor structures has been proposed under provisional sum of DBO contract.

- 30. This Resettlement Plan is prepared in accordance with ADB SPS 2009 requirements for involuntary resettlement Category B projects and to meet the following objectives:
 - (i) To describe the identified scope and extent of land acquisition and involuntary resettlement impacts because of identified project components, and address themthrough appropriate recommendations and mitigation measures in the Resettlement Plan:
 - (ii) To present the socio-economic profile of the population in the project area, identifysocial impacts, including impacts on the poor and vulnerable, and the needs and priorities of different sections of the population, including women, poor and vulnerable;
 - (iii) To describe the likely economic impacts and identified livelihood risks of the proposed project components;
 - (iv) To describe the process undertaken during project design to engage stakeholders and the planned information disclosure measures and the process for carrying out consultation with affected people and facilitating their participation during project implementation;
 - To establish a framework for grievance redress for affected persons that is appropriate to the local context, in consultation with stakeholders;
 - (vi) To describe the applicable national and local legal framework for the project, and define the involuntary resettlement policy principles applicable to the project;
 - (vii) To define entitlements of affected persons, and assistance and benefits available under the project;
 - (viii) To present a budget for resettlement and define institutional arrangements, implementation responsibilities and implementation schedule for resettlement implementation; and to describe the monitoring mechanism that will be used to monitor resettlement plan implementation.

II. SCOPE OF LAND ACQUISITION AND INVOLUNTARY RESETTLEMENT

A. Land Acquisition and Involuntary Resettlement

- 31. The scope of land acquisition and involuntary resettlement is identified based on the field visits to each of the project component locations and transect walk along the trunk sewer pipeline alignment, sewer network and storm water drain route. No private land acquisition is required or undertaken for the project components; the entire civil works under the project will be done within government land and/or within the ROW of government roads. Efforts will be made to minimize the assessed temporary economic impact to the extent possible through provision of access planks. Where impact is unavoidable, compensation will be paid for the period of disruption/income loss as per the agreed entitlement matrix.
- 32. **Laying of Trunk Sewer and Sewer Network Pipelines:** Laying of around 31 km sewer pipelines including 30.51 km of high-density polyethylene (HDPE) pipe with diameter ranging from 225 to 355 mm and around 0.490 km of ductile iron (DI-K7) pipe of diameter varying from 350 to 1000 mm diameter is proposed within the boundaries of ROW of government roads and is assessed to not have any involuntary land acquisition impact. The sewer pipelines will be laid through roads that are under the ownership of Dehradun Nagar Nigam. UIRUDP has initiated the process of obtaining 'no objection' or approval from the Nagar Nigam before start of civil work; the

letter to obtain NOC is appended as Appendix 14 in this resettlement plan.

33. Census survey based on final design and detailed measurement survey along the entire sewer pipeline alignment were jointly undertaken by PMDSC consultants, staff from the office of urban local body and safeguard staff from PMU. There are no permanent/semi-permanent structures and common property resources on the pipe/drain ROW. Census survey confirms that the proposed project impacts are temporary in nature. Based on final design and reverification census survey, it was identified that 12 mobile vendors, roadside temporary shops are likely to face temporary income loss during the construction period at Dehra Khas, Kargi Chowk and Pathribagh. The majority of affected persons comprise roadside vendors operating from mobile carts or moveable/transitory structures temporary in nature. All the identified affected persons are non-title holders.

Table 3: Road Width-wise Diameter of Sewer Pipeline to be Laid

SI. No.	Name of Major Road	Length (M)	Category Low/Medium/ High Density ⁸	Width (M)	Dia of Major Proposed Pipe (mm)	Proposed Trench Width (M)
1.	Kargi Chowk	1000	High	30	250 to 350	2 to 2.5
2.	Pathri Bagh	7305	Medium	8 to 10	250 to 350	2 to 2.5
3.	Dehrakhas Yamuna colony etc	21200	Low	8 to 10	250 to 350	2 to 2.5
	Total					
		29505				

Source: Project Management Unit, UIRUDP and Project Management and Design Supervision Consultants

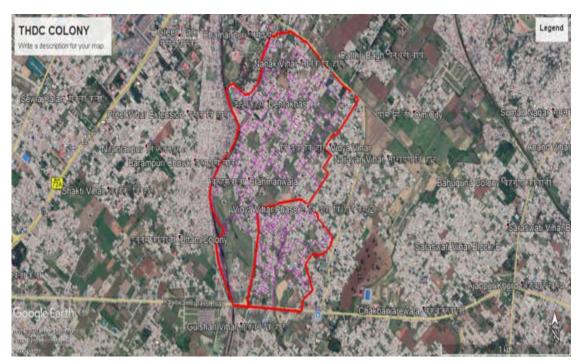
YAMUNA COLONY
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Figure 4: Proposed Trunk Sewer Pipeline and Sewer Network under the Project (YamunaColony and THDC Area)

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⁸ Category of roads: High Density Roads – National Highways, State Highways and major district roads with commercial structures, marketplaces along the roadside; Medium Density Roads – Public Works Department (PWD) roads, roads under Nagar Nigam (Municipal Corporation) joining to colonies and there are commercial and residential areas along the road; Low Density Roads – These are sub-arterial intra-colony roads, with no commercial zone or activities along the road. (Definition as provided by Design and Supervision Consultants).



Source: Detailed Project Report, June 2020

- 34. There are no structures (either temporary or permanent) or common property resources (CPRs) on the proposed pipe/drain right of way. During updating of the resettlement plan, based on detailed measurement and reverification census survey along the proposed alignment, no permanent commercial establishments or permanent shops were identified as impacted.
- The Detailed Measurement and reverification census survey of affected businesses was carried out to determine the impact on shops and businesses (movable / transitory structures). Identification of the affected persons was undertaken by 100 percent detailed measurement and census survey based on final design of trunk sewer and network pipelines, and collection of information (anticipated business loss and relevant socio-economic details) from all affected businesses along the entire proposed pipe length. Based on this exercise, a total of 12 roadside movable/transitory businesses (71 affected persons) have been identified who will be temporarily affected. The number of affected business owners changed due to the consequences of COVID-19 outbreak; due to the lockdown scenario in the country many persons lost their livelihood and were compelled to start small road side shops/vending for income purpose at the target zone (which is the core area of city). After the normalization and relaxation of the restrictions and lock down phase was withdrawn, some of the vendors, who were compelled to work as road side vendors have gone back to their original occupation. So the number of affected business owners have been changed. Out of the 12 affected business owners three are identified to belong to vulnerable category (one scheduled caste, one other backward class and one business owner with disability). Photographs of some of the areas are provide in Appendix 3 along which the sewer pipelines will be laid.

Table 4: Number of Affected Persons Identified Along the Sewer Pipeline through
Transect Walk

SI.No	Location	Number of affectedshops and entities	Affected Population
1	Pathri Bagh Chowk	02	13
2	Dehra Khas Near Patel Nagar Kotwali	01	05
3	THDC Colony Dehra Khas	03	15
4.	THDC Colony Dehra Khas, Sai Baba Enclave	04	21
5	Near Kali Mandir ,Patel Nagar, Thane Road	01	12
6	Dehrakash	01	05
	Total	12	71

Source: Census survey based on detailed design and DMS, March 2022, PMDSC-UUSDIP, DBO Contractor and PMU and initial transect walk and walk-through survey in June 2020

- 36. To minimize impacts, sewer pipelines are proposed be laid through trenchless method. The PMU, UIRUDP has initiated the process of obtaining No objection certificate (NOC) from Dehradun Nagar Nigam for laying of sewer pipelines, and the letter is appended as Appendix 15.
- 37. **Construction of Manholes:** The project proposes to construct 1168 manholes, including 685 brick masonry circular manholes; 483 in-situ and precast RCC manholes based on the assessment of subsoil condition and traffic loads. The manholes will be constructed well within the ROW of government roads along the sewer network. No land acquisition or involuntary resettlement impacts due to construction of manhole pumping stations are assessed.
- 38. **House Sewer Connections:** Sewer house service connection up to property chamber isproposed for 3000 houses in the THDC zone (about 1900 houses) and Yamuna Colony zone (about 1100 houses) will be connected to the sewer system in wards of 33 (part), 35 (part) and 72 under DMC. No land acquisition or involuntary resettlement impacts are assessed due to house service connections.
- 39. Construction of Storm water Drainage and Outfalls. Storm water drains will be constructed of total length 38 km on both sides of the existing roads. Drains will be constructed within ROW of public roads under the ownership of Nagar Nigam Dehradun in THDC area; it is proposed to be constructed on the same wards where sewer pipelines will be laid. Construction of drains is part of the road reconstruction work, making the sides of road in slope to accommodate rain flowing down to the existing drainage systems. PMU, UIRUDP has initiated the process to obtain NOC from the concern departments for the civil works and the same has been appended to this updated resettlement plan as Appendix 16. As the storm water drains will be constructed on the same roads, where sewer pipelines will be laid, it is assumed that same identified road-side vendors, business owners will be impacted (identified along sewer pipelines) and the details of APs has been already given in this updated Resettlement Plan. The affected persons after the reverification survey done by the PMU, PMDSC has been updated in this resettlement plan and will be compensated as per their entitlement matrix.

Table 5: Roads where Storm water Drains are Proposed

Name of the Road	Road Width (in Meters)	Proposed length
Link road in Chandra Vihar	2.5 to 7 M, all are Dehradun	38 km
Link road in Samridhi Vihar	Municipal Corporation roads	
Link road in Vidya Vihar		
Link road in Dev Rishi Enclave		
THDC Colony		
Kargi Grant		
Kargi Bhatta		
Nanak Vihar		
Dehrakhas		

Source: Detailed Project Report, June 2020

40. Outfall structures will be constructed at the end of storm water drains that discharge to major drains and river. A total of 38 such outfalls have been proposed in the project area, out of which 5 are located on the banks of Bindal river whereas 19 on Ganda nala, 10 on Kargi nala and remaining 4 on Northwest nala are proposed. These nalas (drains) ultimately discharge into the Bindal river (Figure 6). PMU, UIRUDP has initiated the process to obtain approval or no objection certificate from the concern departments for construction of storm water outfalls and the letter to obtain NOC for outfalls is attached as Appendix 16 to this updated resettlement plan.

Figure 5: THDC Area Drainage Outfall Points



Source: DPR- UIRUDP/OCB-N/WWDDN-1/2020-21 THDC Area

41. A component-wise summary of involuntary resettlement impacts under the project isconsolidated in Table 6.

Table 6: Component-wise Summary of Involuntary Resettlement Impacts

SI. No.	Component	Description	Location	Land Ownership	Involuntary Resettlement Impacts
	S	ewerage System	in THDC and	Yamuna Colony	Area
1.	Laying of Trunk Sewer and Sewer Network Pipelines	31 km	Within project area	ROW of DNN roads	Involuntary resettlement impact assessed. 12 roadside temporary shops and vendors will face temporary income loss due to access disruption.
2.	Construction of Manholes	1168	Within project area	ROW of DNN roads	No land acquisition or involuntary resettlement impacts envisaged.
3.	House Sewer Connection	3000 house connections	-	-	No land acquisition or involuntary resettlement impacts envisaged.
Storm Water Drainage					
4.	Construction of Storm Water Drains	38 km	Secondary municipal roads within project area	ROW of DNN roads	No land acquisition or involuntary resettlement impacts envisaged.
5.	Outfall structures	38 outfalls	Different nalas, and Bindal River	Department of Irrigation, Government of Uttarakhand and DNN.	No land acquisition or involuntary resettlement impacts envisaged.

- 42. To avoid and mitigate income loss to mobile hawkers, street vendors and unauthorized shops at market and congested areas due to construction of road activity, it is suggested that the work be carried out in the night (11 PM to 4 AM) and during weekly holidays. In case of access disruption to business activities, the contractor will provide assistance to move to nearby places and through provision of planks etc. The affected business owners will be allowed and assisted by the contractor to move back to the present location after the constructionis complete. During construction, the contractor will make every effort to minimize or avoid impacts, with special focus on vulnerable persons. If impacts are unavoidable, the affected persons will be compensated as per entitlement matrix based on the actual duration of construction work and exact nature of impact.
- 43. The DBO contractor may consider adopting best engineering and construction practices to be implemented, such as construction of the roadside storm water drainage (in the selected roads stretches) along with the sewer line laying works, to minimize the period of disruption to the livelihood of the affected persons and general public. The contract document for the DBO may contain suggestions to consider precast drains also.
- 44. A final assessment of impacts has been undertaken along each site/road section based on the final detailed engineering design by DBO contractor, after finalization of pipe alignments. A detailed measurement survey (DMS) has been conducted to update and finalize the updated

resettlement plan accordingly. Rigour in data collection and consultations with local people was maintained to ensure that all affected persons who are eligible for compensation are identified. Summary of Involuntaryresettlement impacts is provided in Table 7.

Table 7: Summary of Involuntary Resettlement Impact

	Table 7: Summary of Involuntary Resettlement Impact								
SI. No.	Details	Number of Affected Persons	Remarks						
1.	Structure loss	None	Structures have not been identified on the edge of the roads, that may be impacted during laying of sewer pipelines and construction of storm water drains.						
2.	Permanent and significant livelihood impact (land owners)	None	Nil						
3.	Loss of crops / trees (planted by non-titleholders)	None	Nil						
4.	Permanent loss of livelihood	None	Nil						
5.	Temporary access disruption	households (71 affected family members)	each stretch. 12 mobile vendors, roadside temporary shops which are anticipated to face temporary access disruption during the construction period at Dehra Khas, Kargi Chowk Patel Nagar and Pathribagh. The affected business owners will be allowed and assisted by the contractor to move back to the present location after the construction work is complete.						
6.	Temporary impacts (income loss)	12 affected households (71 affected family members)	anticipated to each of the 12 vendors, and road-side temporary shops, with 71 household members, (same as serial number 5), during sewer pipelaying work through Dehra Khas, Kargi Chowk and Pathribagh. Efforts may be made in detailed design stage to avoid temporary income loss to the shop owners with proper mitigation measures and also to minimize the impact duration.						
7.	Potential temporary income loss to employees of affected shops/Businesses	None	Based on detailed design, DMS and Census survey for 12 roadside vendors, it is assessed that the business entities are managed by the owners themselves. There are no employees engagedwith these affected entities.						
8.	Vulnerability ⁹	03 households (19 affected family members)	Scheduled Caste (SC) - one affected person;						

9

⁹ The Project UIRUDP considers the following as Vulnerable: households / groups comprise of those living below the poverty line, elderly headed households, women headed households, scheduled castes, scheduled tribes, other backward classes, disabled-headed household, landless and those without legal title to land, and transgender people.

9.	Affected People	Indigenous	None	No indigenous people, groups or communities are present in project areas.

Source: Census survey based on detailed design and DMS, March 2022 and initial transect walk and income loss survey June 2020

B. Indigenous People

45. **Indigenous People:** Based on field visits and consultations conducted so far, no impacts to indigenous peoples are anticipated under the project. None of the potentially affected persons (temporary loss of livelihood) identified during the community consultations held at the time of transect walk and socio- economic survey, belong to indigenous people groups. As per ADB SPS, indigenous people safeguards are triggered if a project directly or indirectly affects the dignity, human rights, livelihood systems, or culture of indigenous peoples or affects the territories or natural or cultural resources that indigenous peoples own, use, occupy, or claim as their ancestral domain; no such impacts are anticipated in project area. Dehradun has 6.58% population classified as scheduled tribe; however, this population is scattered (does not stay in cohesive tribal communities/tribal groups), is well assimilated in urban society and does not retain the defining characteristics of scheduled tribes including primitive traits, distinctive culture, shyness, geographical isolation and social and economic backwardness. Dehradun does not fall in a scheduled area, and no particularly vulnerable tribal groups are reported in project areas. Hence, in consideration of all of the above, no Indigenous Peoples Plan is required for this project.

III. SOCIO-ECONOMIC INFORMATION AND PROFILE

- 46. The following section presents socio-economic profile of households likely to be affected by the proposed works. Findings presented here are based on information collected from 12 affected persons (temporary income loss), comprising 71 household members, identified during DMS and reverification census survey along the sewer pipeline alignment, including 03 vulnerable affected families (refer Table 8). The survey provides information on the socio-economic conditions of affected households based on detailed design. The vendors, roadside shop (12 vendors, and road-sidetemporary shops) may be impacted for temporary loss of income due to access disruption during teperiod of pipeline laying; no structure loss is anticipated. A wide range of data including, social category, type of losses, type of occupation, sources of income, have been collected for social- economic profiling of the affected person. Summary profiles of affected persons with photographs are presented in Appendix 7. Location wise number of affected persons are presented in Table 8.
- 47. **Demographic Details:** DMS and reverification census survey identified 12 roadside business owners, comprising 71 family members (female: 30 and male: 41) that are assessed to be temporarily impacted during laying of sewer pipelines. Average family size of the affected households is 5.9. The socio- economic survey undertaken has identified two (02) women affected persons running fruit and vegetable shop. However, they are not categorized as women headed households (WHH); the households are headed by their husbands. All the previously identified affected business owners in the draft resettlement plan (23 numbers) were revalidated; it is found that due to the lockdown scenario in the country due to COVID 19, many persons lost their livelihood and were compelled to start small road side shops/vendors for income purpose, at the target zone (which is the core area of city). After the normalization and relaxation of the restrictions and lock down phase was withdrawn, some of the vendors, who were compelled to work to start road side shops, vending, have gone back to their original occupation, the photographs of the area are appended as Appendix 18. The list of affected persons were revalidated, confirmed and the new list identified 12 affected business owners, who were

identified during the detail survey based on final design and the list of APs is appended as Appendix 7 in this updated Resettlement Plan.

48. **Occupation Profile:** Based on socio- economic information collected during the survey, it is assessed 8.3 percent (01 affected person) of the affected persons have fruit and vegetable shops, 50 percent (06 affected persons) of them have vegetable shops, 8.3 percent (01 affected persons) have betel leaf and cigarette stall, 25 percent (03 affected person) Iron and Dry clean shop, 8.3 percent (01) Tea Stall. It was informed during the socio-economic survey that those affected persons, who possess mobile carts, sometimes make rounds in the market area to sell their products, otherwise all of them have a stationary/fixed place for their business operations.



Figure 6: Occupational Profile of Affected Person in Project Area

Source: Income loss survey (Reverification), January 2022

49. **Income Profile**: About 75 percent have daily net income raging between ₹ 500 - 1000 per day, 17 percent of the households have net daily income of ₹ 1001-2000 per day and 8 percent of the household reported to have net daily income of ₹ 1501 - 2000. The daily income range in the project area is represented in Figure 7. The average net daily income is calculated as ₹950. Labor wage rates as per Government of Uttarakhand notification is presented in Appendix 6.

1

¹⁰ The average net income is calculated based on the daily net income reported by 12 affected persons during income loss reverification survey, presented in Appendix 7.

As per a report published by the Planning Commission, Government of India, the state-specific poverty line for Uttarakhand in 2011-2012 was ₹1082 per capita per month for urban areas (Press Note on Poverty Estimates 2011-12, Government of India, Planning Commission, July 2013). On adjusting for inflation, the poverty line in 2021 is estimated as ₹1828 per capita per month in urban areas.

Daily Net Income Range of Affected Persons

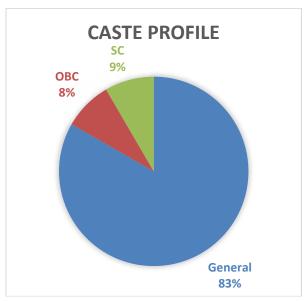
| 17% | 8% | 75% |
|- 500 - 1000 | - 1001 - 1500 | - 1501 - 2000

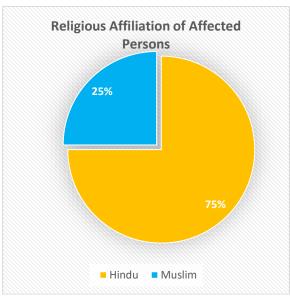
Figure 7: Daily Net Income Range of Affected Persons in Project Area

Source: Income loss survey (Reverification), January 2022

50. **Caste Profile and Religious Affiliation of Affected Persons**: Affected persons mostly belong to general category (83 percent), followed by 9 percent belongs to Scheduled Caste (SC) and 8 percent belongs to Other Backward Class (OBC). The religious affiliation of the affected persons shows that 75 percent are Hindus and 25 percent are Muslims. Caste profile and religious affiliation of affected persons in project area is represented in Figure 8.

Figure 8: Caste Profile and Religious Affiliation of Affected Persons in Project Area





Source: Income loss survey (Reverification), January 2022

Table 8: Summary Profile of Affected Persons

Impact	Number of affected persons / Quantity			
1. Loss of land				
Permanent land acquisition	All the project components will be laid within the			
Temporary land acquisition	ROW of roads under Dehradun Nagar Nigam			
2. Loss of structures/permanent relocation				
Residential	No permanent or temporary, residential or			
Commercial	commercial structure loss is envisaged.11			
3. Loss of livelihood				
Permanent	Nil			
4. Temporary Impact				
Total No. of temporarily affected business owners (shops and other entities)	12 (71 household members)— All are movable/transitory structures (push carts etc.)			
Employees in the temporarily affected shops/businesses	Nil			
Number of women affected persons	2 (The women affected persons are not reportedly the heads of the households.)			
Average income/day (shops)	INR 950 per day (Daily net income ranges from INR 600- 2000 per day)			
5. Vulnerable affected persons (facing temporary	03 (SC: 01; OBC: 01; Disability: 01) - 19 affected			
impact)	family members.			
Scheduled Tribe	Nil			

Source: Census survey based on detailed design and DMS, March 2022 Note: SC=Scheduled Caste, BPL= Below Poverty Line, OBC= Other Backward Class

IV. CONSULTATION, PARTICIPATION AND DISCLOSURE

A. Public Consultation

51. This resettlement plan preparation involved meaningful consultations¹² with stakeholders. The key stakeholders consulted during updated resettlement plan preparation include (i) affected persons, including vulnerable households; (ii) program beneficiaries; (iii) elected representatives, community leaders, and representatives of community- based organizations; (iv) local NGOs; (v) local government and relevant government agency representatives; and (vi) Program staff, PMU, PIU, and consultants. Project site visit was undertaken when COVID-19 restrictions were relaxed in the state while maintaining COVID-19 safety protocols, by the projectauthorities and the design consultants to project locations. One-to-

¹¹ In the Engineers estimate provision of utility shifting and repair of minor structures has been proposed under provisional sum of DBO contract.

ADB SPS requires meaningful consultation to be a process that (i) begins early in the project preparation stage and Is carried out on as an ongoing process throughout the project cycle;(ii)provides timely disclosure of relevant and adequate information that is understandable and readily accessible to affected people;(iii) is undertaken in an atmosphere free of any socio-economic and cultural etc. pressure; (iv) is gender inclusive and responsive, and is responsive to the needs of disadvantaged and vulnerable groups; and (v) enables the incorporation of all relevant views of affected people and other stake holders into decision making, such as project design, mitigation measures, the sharing of development benefits and opportunities, and implementation issues.

one consultations were undertaken with affected persons and stakeholders, in addition to small group consultations of 4-5 persons to understand their perception and to disseminate information. Meetings and individual interviews were held involving stakeholders particularly, potentially temporarily affected persons; and transect walks, survey and interviews were conducted to determine the potential impacts of project. During meetings, stakeholders were briefed about the technical details of project and project implementation cycle; project benefits as well as adverse impacts envisaged during construction; environmental and social safeguards, gender inclusion, community participation aspects built into the project etc. Consultations covered issues such as awareness and scope of the project components, benefits of project, envisaged impacts such as traffic disruptions and temporary loss of income. It was informed to surveyed affected persons that appropriate measures will be undertaken during construction to minimize impacts (including scheduling of activities and reducing construction activities during the rush hour).

- 52. It was also informed that, if despite mitigation measures, there would be any temporary impacts on livelihood; these would be compensated in accordance with the agreed entitlement matrix. Further consultations including focus group discussions (FGDs) throughout the project design and implementation period, and structured census surveys will also be carried out before project implementation and consultations will continue throughout project implementation.
- 53. A Survey and Consultation Safety Protocol on COVID-19 has been prepared for the project and is being strictly followed and will continue to be followed during the project implementation period. Details of consultation and photographs are attached in Appendix 4 and 6; Appendix 5 contains the signature sheets. List of public consultations conducted for preparation of the updated resettlement plan is provided in Table 9. Continuous public consultation will be carried out by the PMU, PIU officials, Consultants and Contractors throughout the project lifecycle.

Table 9: List of Public Consultations Held in Project Area

SI. No.	Date	Location	Total participants	Female participants
1.	26. 06.20	Dehra Khas	14	02
2.	26. 06.20	Kargi Area	10	03
3.	26. 06.20	Pathribagh	12	04
4.	26. 06.20	Kargi Chowk	11	08
5.	26. 06.20	Dehra Khas	14	02
6.	26. 06.20	Kargi Area	10	03
7.	26. 06.20	Pathribagh	12	04
8.	26. 06.20	Kargi Chowk	11	08
9.	13.01.22	THDC Colony	19	08
10.	16.01.22	THDC Colony	23	05
11.	17.01.22	Malin Basti	22	02
12.	17.01.22	THDC	24	04
13.	17.01.22	THDC Colony	24	08
14.	17.01.22	Malin Basti	23	04
15.	18.01.22	Malin Basti	26	23
16.	18.01.22	Malin Basti	19	04
17.		THDC Colony	20	04
18.		THDC (Malin Basti)	13	0

SI. No.	Date	Location	Total participants	Female participants
19.		THDC (Malin Basti)	19	04
20.		THDC Colony	18	03
21.	18.01.2022	THDC Colony	16	03
22.			19	
23.			19	03
24.			19	04
25.			23	
26.			18	04
27.			21	04
28.			23	02
29.	20.01.22	THDC Colony	23	06
30.			11	04
31.			37	07
32.			23	05
33.			23	03
34.			23	04
35.			23	08
36.			23	07
37.			23	08
38.			22	09
39.	21.01.22	THDC	22	04
40.	21.01.22		19	05
41.			23	04
42.			23	03
43.			20	04
44.			23	03
45.			23	06
46.			23	03
47.	22.01.22	THDC	22	04
48.	22.01.22		23	02
49.			14	03
50.			23	03
50. 51.			22	0
52.			12	02
53.	25.01.22	THDC	23	05
54.	23.01.22	TIDO	23	06
54. 55			17	03
55. 56.			23	03
50. 57			10	02
57.				
58.			23	07
59.	00.04.00	TI 100		04
60.	26.01.22	THDC	23	03
61. 62. 63. 64.			23	06
o∠.			23	05
ხპ.			16	02
b4.			20	03
b5.			19	06

SI. No.	Date	Location	Total participants	Female participants
66.			11	03
67.	27.01.22	THDC	12	03
68.			20	03
69.			23	05
70.			21	06
71.	1		23	07
72.	Total		1370	292 (21.31%)

B. Information Disclosure

- 54. This updated Resettlement Plan and any updates thereof, approved by the ADB will be duly uploaded in ADB and government of Uttarakhand websites. Project information has been disclosed by distributing the pamphlets to affected persons in a form and language (Hindi) easily understood by them, in accordance with ADB's Access to Information Policy 2018, during door-to-door baseline consumer survey. A copy of the pamphlet in local language that was distributed, is appended in the resettlement plan as Appendix 22. The resettlement plan has been updated based on the final design. The final resettlement plan will be made available in key local/state government offices such as PMU, PIU and site office.
- 55. All the local residents (including affected persons) have been informed about the construction activities before the commencement of the work through a signboard in local language with the salient features of the project with including (i) expected start and end dates of construction (ii) sections to be affected due to construction work; (iii) information on traffic diversions and (iv) contact information for questions/grievances, (v) name of the project and details of the implementation agency.
- 56. During revised resettlement plan preparation, PMU/PIU has issued public notices for wider dissemination of information regarding the project. The final detailed measurement and census survey date has been considered as cut-off date for the project. Cut-off-date (22nd March 2022) for temporary impacts has been communicated to affected persons by PMU/PIU. Further information will be disseminated with the support of community awareness and public participation agency (CAPPA). PMU and PIU has organized awareness campaigns, meetings in entire affected area at the start of the census survey and also by putting up printed information in project affected area at some common place having possibility of wider advertisement of the information. Similarly, list of affected persons will be put up on notice boards at common places with relevant information like contact details of PIU and PMU. The list will be displayed, area wise and at the same time for the entire project area. This will help in identification of affected persons specifically those moving into a new area during project planning and implementation phase. Respective town level PIUs will facilitate affected persons to have access to lists in their area and resolve issues around any duplication, missing/absentee person from the list. Information related to project and entitlements, cut-off-date, grievance redress mechanism has been disclosed to community and affected population in local language (Hindi). A sample template for Project Summary Leaflet is provided in Appendix 11.
- 57. The PMU/ PIU will ensure that meaningful consultation and disclosure process continues during the construction period. The project management and design supervision consultant (PMDSC) has conducted training of contractors (engineers other supervisory as well as safeguardsstaff). The PMU, and with the support of CAPPA, will design and conduct a public

awareness campaign during project implementation with the support of ULB. Community Awareness and Public Participation Agency will be deployed for preparation and implementation of community awareness activities. The Community based organizations and other formal-informal Communitygroups will be consulted and made aware of the scope of work and other project activities, anticipated impacts and mitigation measures, grievance registration, redressal process and contact details of PIU/ PMU personnel prior to construction.

V. GRIEVANCE REDRESSAL MECHANISM

A. Grievance Redress Mechanism

- 58. A project-specific, grievance redress mechanism (GRM) has been established to receive, evaluate and facilitate resolution of both social and environment related concerns raised by the affected persons, communities and other stakeholders during project implementation. GRM aims to provide a time-bound and transparent mechanism to voice and resolve complaints/grievances of the project stakeholders. Assessment of the GRM designed and implemented for UttarakhandUrban Sector Development Investment Program (UUSDIP)¹³ shows that the system was effective in timely resolution of grievances in a transparent manner. The multichannel, project-specific, three-tier GRM is functional at UUSDIP, hence the design of GRM for UUSDIP2 takes into account the proposed institutional structure for UIRUDP¹⁵ and the positive features and learning from the previous GRM.
- 59. **Common GRM** A common GRM is in place (a grievance redress cell has been formed vide office order Social/UUSDA/IEC/182 dated 10th February, 2022) for social, environmental, or any other grievances related to the project. Implementation of the resettlement plans/initial environmental examination (IEEs) will follow the GRM described below. The GRM will provide an

13 The procedures followed for grievance redress during implementation of UUSDIP Loan 1 and 2 included the project level GRM, including providing toll free number for grievance registering, Samadhan (www.samadhan.uk.gov.in), portal of Government of Uttarakhand and the Chief Minister's helpline. Complaints received through various channels were mostly minor and pertained to damage to existing water supply pipelines and disruption of water supply during construction, delays in road restoration, pending new connections and increase in Noise and dust levels Complaints related to damage to private property (compound walls/steps, etc.) were less in number. The grievances were resolved in coordination with the contractors. Complaints received were immediately referred by the Consultation and Participation Agency (CAPA)/ design and supervision consultant (DSC) supervision staff to the Implementing Project Implementation Unit (IPIU) Nodal officer (safeguards) and concerned engineer at IPIU, who advised them on further action. Follow up with the contractor on complaint resolution was undertaken by IPIU Nodal officer CAPA; and DSC and final feedback sought from complainant upon resolution. Complaints requiring inter-departmental coordination were referred to the implementing PMU (IPMU) for resolution, and feedback provided to complainant. The PMU kept regular track of grievances through WhatsApp and email also with respective IPIUs, ensuring registration and follow-up till its successful resolution.

Town-level grievance registration data at PIU level indicates that a large number of grievances were registered, pointing to the effectiveness of the multi-channel GRM. No major grievance was received for both the phases of UUSDIP. The GRM helped smoothen the process of project implementation, hence the proposed architecture for the UUDP GRM remains similar, with some refinement, taking into account the changes in institutional setup proposed for project implementation.

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Logistics support at field level will be key to successful management of grievance redress under UUDP. The target date for establishment of the first level (Field/PIU level) and second level (PMU level) of GRM is before loan negotiation. For UUSDIP billboards were used to inform communities about the filing process, and community mobilizers supported creating a continuous consultation process. Pamphlets were distributed, and community consent was obtained before the commencement of work. Stakeholders were able to file their grievances through a toll-free number (which do not exist now); a new toll-free number will be place for UIRUDP. Grievances can also be uploaded in UUSDA website at: https://www.uusdip.org/grievance.php (which is still functional).

accessible and trusted platform for receiving and facilitating resolution of affected persons' grievances related to the project.

- 60. The grievance redress mechanism will provide an accessible, inclusive, gender-sensitive and culturally appropriate platform for receiving and facilitating resolution of affected persons' grievances related to the project. The construction works under the project will be carried-out along inhabited areas, therefore, it is anticipated that it may lead to some disturbance and inconvenience to local people. In order to provide a direct channel to the affected persons and stakeholders for approaching project authorities and have their grievance registered and redressed in an appropriate time frame, PMU will establish a Grievance Redress Mechanism, which will be functional throughout the project period.
- 61. A Complaint receiving system has been put in place at each site with the help of Community Awareness and Public Participation Agency (CAPPA). A Complaint Register and Complaint Forms will be made available at the site office of each contractor, with a display board indicating availability of such facility.
- 62. Public awareness campaigns within entire ULB/Municipal area will ensure that awarenesson grievance redress procedures is generated. The nodal officer- social/environment at field level will be supported by CAPPA to organise ULB/Municipal area-based awareness campaigns to ensure that poor and vulnerable households are made aware of grievance redress procedures and entitlements. Contractors will provide leaflets to communities prior to start of works and put- up billboards during construction mentioning details of the project work. The pamphlets and billboards will include relevant environmental and social safeguards, GRM information, and contact details of key personnel from PIU and contractors.
- Affected persons will have the flexibility of conveying grievances/suggestions by 63. droppinggrievance redress/suggestion forms in complaint/suggestion boxes that will be installed by projectPIUs or by e-mail, by post, or by writing in a complaint register in ULB offices/complaints registerat contractor's work site. Appendix 12 has the sample grievance registration form. Careful documentation of the name of the complainant, date of receipt of the complaint, address/contact details of the person, location of the problem area, and how the problem was resolved will be undertaken and feedback provided to the complainant on action/decision taken. The Social and Environmental Safeguard Nodal Officers of town/city level PIU will have the overall responsibility for timely grievance redressal on environmental and social safeguards issues and for registration of grievances, related disclosure, with the assistance of project consultants. In case of grievances that are immediate and urgent in the perception of the complainant, the contractor, and officials of PIU with assistance from CAPPA on-site will provide the most easily accessible or first level of contact for quick resolution of grievances. Contact numbers and names of the concerned PIU safeguard and safety officer, contractors, and SDGO/EO has been posted at all construction sites atvisible locations.

B. Grievance Redress Process

64. Grievances received during public outreach programs and consultations by CAPPA will be brought to the notice of concerned PIU and formally registered. Grievances not redressed at field/PIU level and PMU level will be brought to grievance redress committee (GRC). The Grievance Redressal Committee has been established by the PMU office and the official letter is appended as Appendix 17. The Town Level Committees (TLC) set up to monitor project implementation in each town will be the members of GRC. The proposed GRC will be gender inclusive and will have civil society representation. The grievance redress committee (GRC) is

chaired by the Chairman of TLC (Mayors or Chairpersons). The members of TLC are as follows:

- (i) Mayor or Chairperson as chair;
- (ii) Municipal Commissioner or Executive Officer as member;
- (iii) Concern Line Agency representatives as member;
- (iv) NGO and Civil Society Organization as member; and
- (v) Executive Engineer of Town PIU as member secretary.
- 65. The GRC, including TLC members will meet every month (if grievances are brought to the Committee), determine the merit of each grievance, and resolve grievances within a month of receiving the complaint. This will accept complaints regarding the social safeguard issues in implementation of the project. The grievances received and actions taken will be included into the environmental and social monitoring reports submitted to ADB. The following 3-stage process will be followed in grievance redress:
- 66. **First Level Grievance (Field/PIU level):** Complaints received (written or oral communication) will be registered in Complaint Register assigning complaint number with date of receipt, name of the complainant, address/contact number of complainants. The PIU/PMDSC will review the complaint and direct the Contractor for necessary action (will try to resolve the issue within 7 days from the date of receipt of complaint); depending on the type/nature of complaint the Contractor will be given reasonable time for corrective action; the CAPPA will inform the complainant, within 24 hours, the time frame in which the corrective action will be communicated by e-mail or text message or telephonically; if the grievance referred will not fall under the purview of the project/program, the same will be intimated to the complainant; Contractor will take corrective action or as directed by PMDSC; the CAPPA in coordination with PMDSC will conduct the site visit to check the action taken and its appropriateness. The office order of IPMU designating Environmental and Social focal point is attached as appendix 17. The action taken will be documented in the Complaint Register, and the complaint will be closed if it is satisfactorily addressed, and the complainant will be informed through e-mail/telephonically. The responsible persons for field/PIU level¹⁶ grievance redress are as follows:
 - (i) Social and Gender Officers (SGO) and Assistant Environmental Officers (AEO), PIUs;
 - (ii) Social, Gender and Resettlement and Environmental Consultants, Engineers (if required), PMDSC;
 - (iii) Contractor representative (EHS Supervisor);
 - (iv) CAPPA;
 - (v) Municipal Ward Member (if required)
- 67. **Second Level Grievance (PMU level):** In case of no satisfactory action in 1st level, the complainant can approach PMU level grievance redress team for necessary action; CAPPA will assist the complainant in doing so. Grievance redress team at PMU level with the assistance of PMDSC will initiate action and take the corrective measures as required, and CAPPA will intimate the complainant about the action taken; upon satisfaction of complainant, the case will be closed and marked as resolved within 15 days of receipt of compliance/grievance. The responsible persons for the PMU level grievance redress are as follows:

¹⁶ It is suggested for each PIU to have a dedicated WhatsApp helpline number for registration of grievances and receipt of quick feedback, to be followed by more formal communication. The complainant can interact directly with the PIU office and get one-to-one guidance and help. Project contractors in all project towns will have a toll-free number with specific working hours for registration of grievances related to UIRUDP.

- (i) Deputy Program Director 1, responsible for project, GESI and safeguard implementation;
- (ii) Social Development and Gender Officer (SDGO);
- (iii) Environmental officer (EO);
- (iv) Information, Education and Communication Officer (IECO);
- (v) Social, Gender and Resettlement Experts (SGREs) and Environmental Experts, Engineers (if required), PMDSC; and (refer Appendix 17)
- (vi) CAPPA.
- 68. **Third Level Grievance (GRC):** If complainant is not satisfied with the action made or due to noncompliance of grievance at Level 2, the complainant can approach the Grievance RedressCommittee (it is expected that the grievance will be redressed within 7 days¹⁷ from date of receipt). The GRC will comprise of the following members:
 - (i) Town Level Committee (Dehradun/Nainital), chaired by respectiveChairperson/Mayor of the particular town;
 - (ii) Program Director, UIRUDP;
 - (iii) Additional Program Director (APD) Technical, UIRUDP;
 - (iv) DPD 1;
 - (v) Social Development and Gender Officer (SDGO);
 - (vi) Environmental Officer;
 - (vii) PMDSC (Environment and SGRE Experts);
 - (viii) Women Members of Civil Society under TLC;
 - (ix) Elected Representative (if required); and
 - (x) CAPPA.
- 69. **Grievance Redress Committee**. The grievance redress committee (GRC) will address both social safeguard and environment issues. The Town Level Committee (TLC)¹⁸ would be chaired by Mayor of Dehradun Municipal Corporation or Nainital Municipal Corporation (as the case may require) and will have a member from civil society (preferably a woman representative), local elected representatives, engineers from UJS/UJN/Irrigation Department and any other concerned line department officials (Forrest Department). Grievances related to social and environmental safeguards will be handled by GRC through periodic meetings. The PMU Social Development and Gender Officer (SGDO), Environment Officer, experts from PMDSC and CAPPA will assist the PD, UIRUDP, APD, UIRUDP and other members of GRC, in facilitating smooth functioning of GRM and timely resolving the complaints/grievances.
- 70. An aggrieved person shall have access to the country's legal system at any stage and accessing the country's legal system can run parallel to accessing the GRM and is not dependent on the negative outcome of the GRM. In case of grievance related to land acquisition, resettlement and rehabilitation, the affected persons will have to approach a legal body/court specially proposed under the RFCTLARRA, 2013.¹⁹ However, as none of the impacts are complex, long-term or significant in nature, it is unlikely that there will be any unresolved issues after the first three stages. The PMU will submit RP/EMP/SEMP implementation report to ADB's review and

¹⁷ Given the challenging times (due to COVID-19), an additional 7 days time-period would be given to each level to resolve the complaints/grievances.

¹⁸ The TLC has been formed at each of the targeted town/city level for planning and monitoring of work, resolve issues related to departmental coordination etc. It is headed by Commissioner /Executive Officer ULB(Chairman) and Executive Engineer of UJS/UJN, public works department (PWD) and head of PIU acting as Member Secretary.

19 The Authority admits grievances only with reference to the Land Acquisition and R&R issues under the RFCTLARRA, 2013.

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will ensure that affected persons will receive compensation and other assistances as per EM prior to impact / displacement and before commencement of civil works. The issues relating to the environment will be redressed as per the guidance provided in EMP/SEMP.

- 71. **ADB's Accountability Mechanism.** The People who may /are in future be, adversely affected by the project may submit complaints to ADB's Accountability Mechanism. The Accountability Mechanism provides an independent forum and process whereby people adversely affected by ADB-assisted projects can voice, and seek a resolution of their problems, as well as report alleged violations of ADB's operational policies and procedures. Before submitting a complaint to the Accountability Mechanism, affected people should make an effort in good faith to solve their problems by working with the concerned ADB operations department. Only after doing that, and if they are still dissatisfied, should they approach ADB accountability mechanism.²⁰
- 72. **Record-keeping.** The town/city level PIU will keep records of grievances received, including contact details of complainant, date the complaint was received, nature of grievance, agreed corrective actions and the date these were affected and final outcome in gender segregated manner. The number of grievances recorded and resolved, and the outcomes will be displayed/disclosed in the PMU office, PIU offices, and on the websites, as well as reported in monitoring reports submitted to ADB on a semi-annual basis. The sample Grievance registration format is attached.
- 73. **Periodic review and documentation of lessons learned.** The PMU project safeguard officers (SDGO and EO) will periodically review the GRM functioning at PIU/DSC/Construction Contractor level and record information on the effectiveness of the mechanism, especially on the project's ability to transparently prevent and address the reported grievances.
- 74. **Costs.** As part of the EMP cost the Construction Contractors will be allocating budget forpamphlets and billboards and site level grievance registers as per requirement. PIU at town level will bear the costs involved in resolving the complaints (meetings, consultations, communication and reporting/information dissemination) while costs related to further action on intensified.
- 75. GRM structure for UIRUDP is presented in Figure 9 below

²⁰ Accountability Mechanism. http://www.adb.org/Accountability-Mechanism/default.asp.

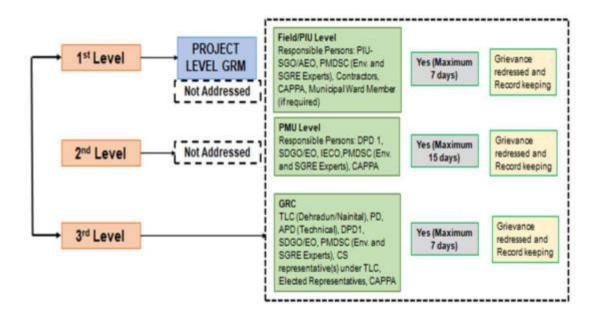


Figure 9: Grievance Redress Process for UIRUDP

AEO = Assistant Environmental Officer; APD = Additional Program Director; CAPPA = Community Awareness and Public Participation Agency; CS = Civil Society DBO = Design Build and Operate Contractor; DPD = Deputy Program Director; EO = Environmental Officer; IECO = Information Education and Communication Officer; PD = Program Director; PIU = Project Implementation Unit; PMDSC = Project Management, Design Supervision Consultant; PMU = Project Management Unit; SDGO = Social Development and Gender Officer, SGO = Social and Gender Officer: SGRE

= Social, Gender and Resettlement Expert; TLC = Town Level Committee

VI. POLICY AND LEGAL FRAMEWORK

- 76. The policy framework and entitlements for the UIRUDP are based on applicable laws and regulations of the national and state government, the ADB Safeguards Policy Statement (2009). In accordance with:
 - (i) The RFCTLARRA 2013,²¹ the legal process for the acquisition of the land, if required, shall be initiated by the Executing Agency (EA) through the District Magistrate (DM).
 - (ii) ADB's Safeguard Policy Statement (SPS), 2009. The salient features of Government and ADB polices are summarized below. The resettlement principlesand procedures to be followed for social safeguards under RSTDSP are detailed out in the resettlement framework document and project implementation shall be carried out in its full compliance.

²¹ Ministry of Law and Justice. The Act has received the assent of the President on the 26 September 2013.

A. Right to Fair Compensation and Transparency in Land Acquisition, Rehabilitation and Resettlement Act, 2013

Right to Fair Compensation and Transparency in Land Acquisition, Rehabilitation and Resettlement Act, 2013. This Act repeals the Land Acquisition Act, 1984 and is applicable to all states in India including Uttarakhand. RFCTLARRA, 2013 is a first national/central law that addresses land acquisition and rehabilitation and resettlement collectively. Establishing of a completely new Act, which was due from a long time, is a pioneering step taken by the Government of India in providing a humane, participative, informed and transparent process for permanent/temporary land acquisition in the public interest. The Act lays down procedures for estimating fair compensation of the affected families (and not just the titleholders) due to land acquisition, rehabilitation and resettlement. The Act prohibits acquisition of multi-cropped irrigated land as a special provision to safeguard food security, unless in exceptional circumstances as a demonstrable last resort. The Governor of the state of Uttarakhand issued a notification (No. 87/XVIII(III)/2016-20(01)/2014, dated February 09, 2016) to confer power on the District Collector to carry out land acquisition as appropriate authority, not exceeding one thousand acres, for public purpose, as per clause (e) of Section 3 of RFCTLARRA, 2013.²²

B. The Street Vendors (Protection of Livelihood and Regulation of Street Vending) Act, 2014

78. The Street Vendors (Protection of Livelihood and Regulation of Street Vending) Act, 2014 came into force on 5 March 2014 and seeks to protect the livelihoods of street vendors while regulating street vending. The Act recognizes street vendors of different types including mobile (moving) vendors, stationary (vending from a particular place), natural markets (spaces where buyers and sellers traditionally congregate), vendors with temporary built-up structures, hawkers, peddlers and squatters. It provides for regulation of street vendors, defines the rights and duties of street vendors and requires definition of designated vending zones, issue of certificates of vending and identity cards to street vendors, and proposes vending fees and maintenance charges. Under the Act, each state government is required to define the public purpose for which a street vendor may be evicted and the manner of relocation, manner of giving notice, and provides for a dispute resolution mechanism. As per the Act, planning and regulation of street vending is to be undertaken at town level by the Town Vending Committee. The Act also provides for social audit of the activities of the Town Vending Committee.

C. The Uttarakhand Street Vendors (Protection of Livelihood and Regulation of Street Vending) Rules, 2016

79. In exercise of power conferred to state under section 36 of the central act, the state government has framed rules for implementation of the Act in the state. The State rules outlines the following:

- (i) Except in the areas licensed under the rules, no person shall occupy any space in any public place or open land for selling of goods or by parking vehicle and shall not do any vending activity;
- (ii) The Town Vending Committee (TVC) shall identify and demarcate vending zones, places or markets in each Municipality;
- (iii) The TVC may declare areas of importance as 'no vending zone';

²² Notification issued by the Governor for the state of Uttarakhand on the appropriate authority to carry out land acquisition as per RFCTLARRA, 2013. https://revenue.uk.gov.in/files/revenue_to_pdf.PDF

- (iv) Survey of street vendors every five years;
- (v) TVC will ensure that all enlisted street vendors are accommodated in identified vending zones and are not evicted or relocated till survey specified under section 5 (1) has been completed and a vending licensee is issued;
- (vi) Section 16 (1) of the state rules mentions about prevention of harassment of street vendors who carries the street vending certificate and carries out vending activities as per the terms and conditions specified in the certificate;
- (vii) No street vendor shall be evicted by the local authority from the place specified in the certificate of vending unless he has been given thirty days' notice for the same;
- (viii) The street vendor shall give an undertaking to the TVC, before issuance of certificate, that the person or any member of his/her family shall carry out the vending activity and that the person has no other means of livelihood.

D. ADB Safeguards Policy Statement (2009)

- 80. The key involuntary resettlement principles of the ADB Safeguards Policy Statement(2009) are:
 - (i) Screening of project early on to identify past, present, and future involuntary resettlement impacts and risks. Determine the scope of resettlement planning through a survey and/or census of displaced persons, including a gender analysis, specifically related to resettlement impacts and risks;
 - Carry out meaningful consultations with affected persons, host communities, and (ii) concerned nongovernment organizations. Inform all displaced persons of their entitlements and resettlement options. Ensure their participation in planning, implementation, and monitoring and evaluation of resettlement programs. Pay particular attention to the needs of vulnerable groups, especially those below the poverty line, the landless, the elderly, women and children, and Indigenous Peoples, and those without legal title to land, and ensure their participation in consultations. Establish a grievance redress mechanism to receive and facilitate resolution of the affected persons' concerns. Support the social and cultural institutions of displaced persons and their host population. Where in voluntary resettlement impacts and risks are highly complex and sensitive, compensation and resettlement decisions should be preceded by a social preparation phase; Improve, or at least restore, the livelihoods of all displaced persons through, (a) land-based resettlement strategies when affected livelihoods are land basedwhere possible or cash compensation at replacement value for land when the lossof land does not undermine livelihoods. (b) prompt replacement of assets with access to assets of equal or higher value. (c) prompt compensation at full replacement cost for assets that cannot be restored, and (d) additional revenues and services through benefit sharing schemes where possible;
 - (iii) Provide physically and economically displaced persons with needed assistance, including the following: (a) if there is relocation, secured tenure to relocation land, better housing at resettlement sites with comparable access to employment and production opportunities, integration of resettled persons economically and socially into their host communities, and extension of project benefits to host communities; (b) transitional support and development assistance, such as land development, credit facilities, training, or employment opportunities; and (c) civic infrastructure and community services, as required
 - (iv) Improve the standards of living of the displaced poor and other vulnerable groups,

- including women, to at least national minimum standards. In rural areas provide them with legal and affordable access to land and resources, and in urban areas provide them with appropriate income sources and legal and affordable access to adequate housing;
- (v) Develop procedures in a transparent, consistent, and equitable manner if land acquisition is through negotiated settlement to ensure that those people who enter into negotiated settlements will maintain the same or better income and livelihood status:
- (vi) Ensure that displaced persons without titles to land or any recognizable legal rights to land are eligible for resettlement assistance and compensation for loss of nonland assets:
- (vii) Prepare a resettlement plan elaborating on displaced persons' entitlements, the income and livelihood restoration strategy, institutional arrangements, monitoring and reporting framework, budget, and time-bound implementation schedule;
- (viii) Disclose draft and final resettlement plan, including documentation of the consultation process in a timely manner, before project appraisal, in an accessible place and aform and language(s) understandable to affected persons and other stakeholders. Disclose the final resettlement plan and its updates to affected persons and other stakeholders;
- (ix) Conceive and execute involuntary resettlement as part of a development project or program. Include the full costs of resettlement in the presentation of project's costs and benefits. For a project with significant involuntary resettlement impacts, consider implementing the involuntary resettlement component of the project as a stand-alone operation;
- (x) Pay compensation and provide other resettlement entitlements before physical or economic displacement. Implement the updated resettlement plan under close supervisionthroughout project implementation; and
- (xi) Monitor and assess resettlement outcomes, their impacts on the standards of living of displaced persons, and whether the objectives of the resettlement plan have been achieved by taking into account the baseline conditions and the results of resettlement monitoring. Disclose monitoring reports.

E. Comparison of National Law and ADB SPS 2009

81. A detailed policy comparison between ADB's Safeguard Policy Statement, 2009, RFCTLARRA, 2013, the Street Vendors (Protection of Livelihood and Regulation of Street Vending) Act, 2014 and the Uttarakhand Street Vendors (Protection of Livelihood and Regulation of Street Vending) Rules, 2016, identified gaps and gap filling measures are given in following Table 10.

Table 10: Comparison Between LARR Act and ADB SPS and Measures to Bridge the Gaps

SI. No.	Involuntary Resettlement Policy Principle	ADB Safeguard Policy Statement	Fair Compensation and Transparency in Land Acquisition, Rehabilitation and Resettlement Act, 2013	Street Vendors (Protection of Livelihood and Regulation of Street Vending) Act, 2014, and Uttarakhand Street Vendors (Protection of Livelihood and Regulation of Street Vending) Rules, 2016	Measures to Bridge Gaps
1	Screen project	identify past, present and future involuntary resettlement impacts and risks.	out a social impact assessment (SIA) study in consultation with concerned Panchayat, Municipality or Municipal Corporation, as the case maybe, at village level or ward level in the affected area. The SIA study report shall be made available to the public in the manner		The Right to Fair Compensation and Transparency in Land Acquisition, Rehabilitation and Resettlement Act (RFCTLARRA) and ADB Safeguard Policy Statement (SPS) requires to conduct social impact assessment. Gap in screening past, present and future involuntary resettlement impacts andrisks. The Project will undertake screening of all projects using the ADB involuntary resettlement checklist, to identify past, present and future involuntary resettlement impacts and risks.
2	Consult stakeholders and establish grievance redress mechanism	displaced persons, host	ascertain the views of the affected families	2014, outlines provision of redressal of grievances or	Gap in establishing a project-level GRM for projects that do not have significant resettlement impacts. The Project will establish project-level GRM.

SI. No.	Involuntary Resettlement Policy Principle	ADB Safeguard Policy Statement	Fair Compensation and Transparency in Land Acquisition, Rehabilitation and Resettlement Act, 2013	Street Vendors (Protection of Livelihood and Regulation of Street Vending) Act, 2014, and Uttarakhand Street Vendors (Protection of Livelihood and Regulation of Street Vending) Rules, 2016	Measures to Bridge Gaps
			established in each State by the concerned State Government to hear disputes arising out of projects where land acquisition has been initiated by the State Government or its agencies.		
3	Improve or at least restore, the livelihoods of all displaced, and payment at replacement cost	persons through:(i) land- based resettlement strategies; (ii) prompt replacement of assets with access to assets of equal or higher value, (iii) prompt compensation at full replacement cost for assets that cannot be restored, and(iv) additional revenues and services through benefit sharing schemes where possible.	The Deputy Commissioner having determined the market value of the land to be acquired shall calculate the total amount of compensation to be paid to the landowner (whose land has been acquired) by including all assets attached to the land.	livelihoods mentioned. The Uttarakhand Rules do not allow any person to occupy any space in any public place or open land for selling of goods or by parking vehicle or practicing of any livelihood / vending activity, except in the areas licensed under the rules.	Resettlement Plan and its entitlement matrix ensures compensation against temporary income loss to nontitled business owners on government land. Assets to be compensated at replacement cost without depreciation. The entitlement matrix for this project allows vendors to practice their businesses and return to their original locations to continue their economic activities.
4	Assistance for displaced persons	Provide physically and economically displaced persons with needed assistance	Schedule I, provides market value of the land and value of the assets attached to land. Schedule II provides resettlement and rehabilitation package for landowners and for livelihood losers including landless and special provisions for Scheduled Tribes.	Under Section 18 and Section 20 of the central Act 2014 and the State Rules 2016 respectively mentions that no street vendor shall be evicted by the local authority from the place specified in the certificate of vending unless	No gap between ADB SPS and RFCTLARRA. Entitlement Matrix outlines compensation and assistance for affected persons. The provision of 30 days' advance notice to street

SI. No.	Involuntary Resettlement Policy Principle	ADB Safeguard Policy Statement	Fair Compensation and Transparency in Land Acquisition, Rehabilitation and Resettlement Act, 2013	Street Vendors (Protection of Livelihood and Regulation of Street Vending) Act, 2014, and Uttarakhand Street Vendors (Protection of Livelihood and Regulation of Street Vending) Rules, 2016	Measures to Bridge Gaps
				he has been given thirty days' notice for the same	vendors is adopted in the entitlement matrix for the project and no eviction is allowed; vendors will be allowed to return to their original locations to practice their businesses.
5		Improve the standards of living of the displaced poor and other vulnerable groups, especially those below the poverty line, the landless, the elderly, women, children, indigenous peoples, and those without title to land, to at least national minimum standards	Special provisions are provided for vulnerable groups.	No specific measures for vulnerable groups mentioned.	Entitlement Matrix outlines assistance for vulnerable groups, as defined by ADB policy.
6	Negotiated settlement	Develop procedures in a transparent, consistent,		Not applicable	To ensure a fair and transparent process, a third-party independent monitor will be hired to certify the process the negotiated purchase was undertaken in a transparent, consistent and equitable manner, without coercion
7	Compensation for nontitle holders	Ensure that displaced	Schedule II provides benefits to families whose livelihood is primarily dependent on land acquired	No specific provisions.	There is a gap between ADB SPS and RFCTLARRA on compensation and assistance to non-titleholders on

SI. No.	Involuntary Resettlement Policy Principle	ADB Safeguard Policy Statement	Fair Compensation and Transparency in Land Acquisition, Rehabilitation and Resettlement Act, 2013	Street Vendors (Protection of Livelihood and Regulation of Street Vending) Act, 2014, and Uttarakhand Street Vendors (Protection of Livelihood and Regulation of Street Vending) Rules, 2016	Measures to Bridge Gaps
		eligible for resettlement assistance and compensation for loss of non-land assets. In therural area, provide them with access to resources. In the urban area, provide them with access to housing.			government land and those using private land for less than 3 years. Entitlement Matrix outlines compensation and assistance for nontitle holders, including squatters, encroachers, sharecroppers and businesses.
8	Prepare resettlement plan	Prepare are settlement plan/indigenous peoples plan on displaced persons' entitlements, the income and livelihood restoration strategy, institutional arrangements, monitoring and reporting framework, budget, and time-bound implementation schedule.	Resettlement Scheme including timeline for implementation. Section: 16. (1) and (2). Separate development plans to be prepared. Section 41		No gap between ADB SPS and RFCTLARRA. Resettlement plan has been prepared for projects with assessed involuntary resettlement impact.
9	Disclose resettlement plan	Disclose a updated resettlement plan, including documentation of the consultation processing a timely manner, before project appraisal, in an accessible place and a form and language(s)	Panchayat, Municipality or Municipal Corporation. As the case maybe, and the offices of the District Commissioner (DC) the Sub- Divisional Magistrate and the Taluka, and shall be published in the affected areas, in such manner as maybe	No specific rules mentioned.	The draft resettlement plan has been disclosed to the affected persons and updated resettlement plans will be disclosed to affected persons.

SI. No.	Involuntary Resettlement Policy Principle	ADB Safeguard Policy Statement	Fair Compensation and Transparency in Land Acquisition, Rehabilitation and Resettlement Act, 2013	Street Vendors (Protection of Livelihood and Regulation of Street Vending) Act, 2014, and Uttarakhand Street Vendors (Protection of Livelihood and Regulation of Street Vending) Rules, 2016	Measures to Bridge Gaps
		updates to displaced persons and other stakeholders			
10	Cost of resettlement	measures proposed in the resettlement plan and indigenous peoples plan as part of project's costs and benefits. For a project with significant involuntary resettlement impacts,	Resettlement shall conduct a survey and undertake a census of the affected families, in such manner and within such time as may be Prescribed, which shall include:(a) particulars of lands and immovable properties being acquired of each affected family;(b) livelihoods lost in	No specific rules mentioned.	No gap between ADB SPS and RFCTLARRA. Cost of resettlement will be covered by the EA.
11	Taking over possession before payment of compensation	provide other resettlement entitlements before physical or economic displacement. Implement The resettlement plan	38 (I) The Collector shall take possession of Land after ensuring that full payment of compensation as well as rehabilitation and resettlement entitlements are paid or tendered to the entitled persons within a period of three months for the compensation and a period of six months	No specific rules mentioned.	No gap between ADB SPS and RFCTLARRA.

SI. No.	Involuntary Resettlement Policy Principle	ADB Safeguard Policy Statement	Fair Compensation and Transparency in Land Acquisition, Rehabilitation and Resettlement Act, 2013	Street Vendors (Protection of Livelihood and Regulation of Street Vending) Act, 2014, and Uttarakhand Street Vendors (Protection of Livelihood and Regulation of Street Vending) Rules, 2016	Measures to Bridge Gaps
		throughout project implementation.	for the monetary part of rehabilitation and resettlement entitlements listed in the Second Schedule commencing from the date of the award made under section 30.		
12	Monitoring	their impacts on the standards of living of displaced persons, and	48 (I)The Central Government may, whenever necessary for national or inter-State projects, constitute a National Monitoring Committee for reviewing and monitoring the implementation of rehabilitation and resettlement schemes or plans under this Act.	No specific rules mentioned.	RFCTLARRA does not specify the frequency of monitoring. The Project will prepare monitoring reports semi-annually as per ADB SPS.

VII. ENTITLEMENTS, ASSISTANCE AND BENEFITS

A. Types of Losses and Affected Person Category

- 82. The anticipated losses due to the proposed project components under UIRUDP comprise potential temporary income loss to road-side temporary shopkeepers and vendors, along the sewer pipeline and sewer network alignment. The income loss to affected persons will be temporary in nature (loss of daily income for the period of disruption, which is assessed as 26 working days for each affected person). According to the project scope, sewer pipelines and storm water drainage system are proposed along the same roads; construction work of both the components in each stretch of the road, back filling of the excavated earth, is assessed to take minimum 26 working days.
- 83. As per the ADB SPS 2009, regarding involuntary resettlement in the context of economic impacts, affected persons are those who are economically displaced (loss of productive land, structures, assets, access to assets, income sources, or means of livelihood). Absence of formal and legal title to the land does not bar the affected person from receipt of compensation and resettlement assistance from the project. Vulnerable affected persons are eligible for additional compensation and assistance and are to be accorded priority in employment in project related construction activities.
- 84. Detailed measurement surveys (DMS) has been conducted for project sites along sewer pipeline, sewer network alignments and storm water drainage after finalization of detailed design. These surveys remain to be conducted before implementation at each stretch of pipeline.

B. Entitlements

- 85. All the affected persons will be eligible for compensation against temporary income loss as specified in the entitlement matrix.²³ The affected persons will be entitled to receive compensation for income loss for the period of disruption. For construction activities involving disruption for a period of more than a month, provision of alternative sites for hawkers and vendors for continued economic activities may be provided. If not possible, transitional allowance based on the net income of the affected business or minimum wage rate for the affected households up to 3 months or the actual period of disruption whichever is more should be provided.
- 86. For this project, the estimated period of disruption during sewer pipe laying and construction of storm water drains is assessed to be 26 working days (considering the pipeline laying, back filling of earth, road restoration work, construction of stormwater drains). In case the period of disruption is more than one month (30 days), the affected persons will be compensated based on the actual number of days of disruption. All affected persons will also be compensated for the time lag (taking into account annual inflation rate) between the time of payment of compensation and the time of survey. 'Shifting assistance' (lump sum ₹ 9000) will be paid to all affected persons irrespective of their business type. All affected persons who are identified as vulnerable will be eligible for special assistance amounting to ₹ 30,000 as one-time assistances under temporary impacts for livelihood restoration.

²³ Temporary income loss to employees of shop owners/vendors, as a loss category was not identified at this stage. However, this cannot be ruled out and will be ascertained during census survey.

- 87. **Cut-off-Date.** The titleholders are eligible for compensation under RFCTALRRA and the preliminary notification by the competent authority would be the cut-off date as per the law. The final detailed measurement and census survey date will be the cut-off date for the project. Any person who purchases or occupies land in the demarcated project area after the cut-off date is not eligible for compensation or resettlement assistance or both. Similarly, fixed assets (such as, built structures, crops, fruit trees, and woodlots) established after this date or an alternative mutually agreed on date, will not be compensated.
- 88. UIRUDP has documented and disseminated the cut-off date (22nd March 2022) information throughout the project area. The survey presented in this Resettlement Plan is updated after the census survey of affected persons based on detailed design and DMS.
- 89. Affected persons will be intimated in advance before 30 days to ensure no or minimal disruption in livelihood. If required, and/or if requested they will also be assisted to temporarily shift for continued economic activity. For example, they will be assisted to shift to the other side of the road where there is no construction work, shifting to new location will be facilitated by PIU. It should be ensured by the contractor that access will be provided during subproject construction.
- 90. When the work will be undertaken on one side of the road and temporarily affected persons will be facilitated to move to the other side of the road, where there is no construction activity. The return to their original place of business after construction is completed will be facilitated and assisted by the construction contractor. In case moving is not required, access will be ensured by the contractor through measures suggested in bidding documents / environmental management plan (EMP). An alternate place in the vicinity will also be identified where a cluster of affected persons is available at one place such as fruit and vegetable vendors so that they continue the livelihood conveniently. Entitlement matrix is provided in Table 11.

Table 11: Entitlement Matrix

		1	Definition	Table 11: Entitlement Ma		1
SI. No.	Type of Loss	Applicatio n	Definition of Entitled Person	Compensation Policy	Implementation Issues	Responsible Agency
1	Temporary disruption of livelihood	Temporar y impacts	Legal title holders, non- titled affected persons	30 days' advance notice regarding construction activities, including duration and type of disruption. Cash assistance based on the net income from the affected business or minimum wage rate as per government notifications for the loss of income/livelihood for the period of disruption - whichever is more. Shifting allowance to affected business owners to temporarily shift for continued economic activity (₹ 9,000 as one-time assistance).²⁴ For construction activities involving disruption for a period of more than a month, provision of alternative sites for hawkers and vendors for continued economic activities. If not possible, allowance based on the net income of the affected business or minimum wage rate for the affected households up to 3 months or the actual period of disruption whichever is more.	PIU will do the Identification of alternative temporary sites to continue economic activity. Contractor's actions to ensure there is no income/access loss consistent with the initial environmental examination. This includes: leaving spaces for access between mounds of soil, providing walkways and metal sheets to maintain access across trenches for people and vehicles where required, increased workforces to finish work in areas with impacts on access, timing of works to reduce disruption during business hours, phased construction schedule and working one segment at a time and	i- PIU led Valuation Committee will determine income lost. ii- Contractors will perform actions to minimize income/ access loss. iii- For temporary impacts during construction activities, Safeguard Support Staff (PMDSC) with the help of PIU will assess/verify impacts through. Structured surveys. Payment will be made by PIU through direct transfer to the account of the Affected person. CAPPA will help to organise meetings with affected persons for awareness on entitlements.

 $^{^{\}rm 24}$ The shifting allowance covers shifting from and back to the location.

SI. No.	Type of Loss	Applicatio n	Definition of Entitled Person	Compensation Policy	Implementation Issues	Responsible Agency
					one side of the road at a time. Business owners whose bamboo and tarpaulin structures need to be temporarily shifted during construction will be assisted by the contractors in the process, including reassembling of the structure at the previous location upon completion of civil works.	
2	affected persons ²⁵	•	Vulnerabl e affected persons	employment and provided with income restoration support. Vulnerable persons/businesses will receive ₹30,000 as one-time assistance under temporary impacts.	Vulnerable households will be identified during the census.	PMDSC has verified the extent of impacts through 100% surveys of affected households and determine assistance, verify and identify vulnerable households. PIU and PMDSC will monitor and ensure this entitlement.
3	Any other loss not identified	_	_	Unanticipated involuntary impacts will be documented and mitigated based on ADB's Safeguard Policy Statement (SPS), 2009.	_	PIU/PMDSC will ascertain the nature and extent of such loss. PMU will finalize the entitlements in line with ADB's SPS, 2009.

²⁵ Vulnerable households / groups comprise of those living below the poverty line, elderly headed households, women headed households, destitute children (orphans, child workers), scheduled castes, scheduled tribes, disabled-headed household, and transgender people, landless persons and those without legal title.

- 91. The vulnerable affected persons or any member of the vulnerable affected family, has been selected on priority basis for works /jobs in the project construction employment and provided withadditional special assistance for income restoration support.
- 92. Compensation Mechanism. Assistance for temporary loss of income and livelihood will be paid to the displaced persons as per the Entitlement Matrix. The computation of the loss will be based on the monthly income of the affected shop owners as stated by them during the consultation and social impact assessment conducted. Compensation may be provided for the period of disruption.
- 93. The payment of compensation and assistance amount to affected persons should be transferred in their bank account before the possession of land/ assets/ ROW of roads and prior to the award of civil works contracts.
- 94. Identity cards are being prepared and will be distributed to the affected persons, duly signed by the project authority and will be subsequently distributed. This will be updated in the next SSMR.

VIII. RESETTLEMENT BUDGET AND FINANCING PLAN

- 95. The resettlement budget for "Sewerage and Storm Water Drainage System Developmentin THDC area and Yamuna Colony of Kargi Zone at Dehradun" as outlined in the entitlement matrix and contingency provision amounting of about 20% of the total cost. ²⁶ PMDSC team will be involved in facilitating meetings/camps for the disbursement process, and will facilitate by making aware about the process of opening of bank accounts for the affected persons who do not have bank accounts. The costs are revised as per detailed measurement survey and . the total resettlement cost for the project is ₹13,73,280.00 (Thirteen lakhs seventy-three thousand two hundred and eighty only)²⁷ PIU will issue order for release of payment to affected persons, which shall be released through electronic clearance service/National Electronic Fund Transfer (ECS/NEFT) transaction from bank, through concerned treasury of the state/district administration. The updated resettlement plan budget is outlined in Table 12.
- 96. Details of resettlement plan budget estimation are as follows:
 - (i) Total number of affected persons 12 business owners are found to be project affected as per detailed measurement and reverification census survey and income loss survey. Temporary livelihood losses are estimated to be for 26 days (considering laying of sewer pipelines, construction of storm water drainage, back filling of excavated earth and restoration work of the roads) for the resettlement budget for each affected person under this project. Should actual days of disruption be higher, compensation will be as per the agreed entitlement matrix.
 - (ii) There are 03 vulnerable affected persons (SC: 01, OBC: 01 and Disability: 01)

26 The estimated costs are conservative and will be confirmed during detailed project preparation at the time of updating the RP.

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²⁷ The resettlement plan budget for this project will be borne by the Executing Agency. Department of Urban Development (UDD), Government of Uttarakhand is the Executing Agency.

- as per detailed measurement survey. Vulnerability assistance for UIRUDP has been budgeted as ₹30,000, per person, in accordance with the entitlement matrix.
- (iii) The average daily net income of the affected business owners is calculated as ₹ 950
- (iv) Shifting assistance has been considered for all affected persons based on thenature of affected businesses, shifting assistance of ₹9,000.00 is proposed for all the affected persons.

Table 12: Budgetary provision for Implementation of Resettlement Plan

Number	Unit	Rate	Total Amount
		(₹)	(₹)
		, ,	` '
12	Day	950.00	2,96,400.00
12	Number	9,000.00	
		•	1,08,000.00
03	Number	30,000.00	90,000
	LS		3,00,000.00
	LS		2,00,000.00
	LS		1,50,000.00
			11,44,400.00
			, ,
			2,28,880.00
			,,,
			13,73,280.00
	Number 12 12	Number Unit 12 Day 12 Number 03 Number LS	(₹) 12 Day 950.00 12 Number 9,000.00 03 Number 30,000.00 LS LS

LS=

lumpsum

Note:

IX. INSTITUTIONAL ARRANGEMENTS AND CAPACITY DEVELOPMENT

A. Institutional Arrangements

97. The Department of Urban Development (UDD), Government of Uttarakhand is the Executing Agency and Uttarakhand Urban Sector Development Agency (UUSDA) is the Implementing Agency for the Uttarakhand Inclusive and Resilient Urban Development Project (UIRUDP). UUSDA under UDD is responsible for management, coordination and execution of all activities funded under this project. A Project Management Unit (PMU), established within the

^{*} Compensation for income loss will be based on the actual period of disruption; the number of days of disruption can be less or more than 26 days as assumed in the resettlement plan budget. The affected persons will receive compensation for the actual number of days of disruption.

^{**} Shifting allowance includes the cost of shifting from and back to the original location.

^{***} Damage to minor structures such as ramps or steps during construction will be covered under provisional sum of DBO contract.

UUSDA, will implement the project.

- Project Management Unit (PMU). The PMU is headed by a Program Director (PD), a senior IAS Officer, of Additional Secretary rank; the Program Director is supported by Additional Program Director (APD), Technical (an officer of Chief Engineer rank), Additional Program Director (APD), Administration (a State Cadre level Administrative Officer or a junior IASOfficer) and a Finance Controller (a State Cadre level Officer from finance discipline). APD Technical will be supported by Deputy Program Directors of Superintendent Engineer rank; DPD1 will be responsible for Project Implementation and DPD 2 responsible for Procurement Planning and Contracts. DPD 1 is the focal person for coordinating with the PIUs, and for safeguards and GESI implementation. The Deputy Program Directors will be assisted by Project Managers of Executive Engineer rank and Deputy Project Managers (DPMs) of Assistant Engineer rank. PMUwill have a position of Social Development and Gender Officer (SDGO) responsible for resettlement and safeguard implementation to assist the PMU, DPD 1 on implementation of updated resettlement plan and other social issues in compliance with ADB's SPS 2009 and GOI rules, an Environmental Officer and an Information, Education and Communication (IEC) Officer. The PMUwill support two PIUs, one at Dehradun and the other at Nainital; the PIUs will be responsible for planning, implementation, monitoring and supervision, and coordination of all activities under the UIRUDP. Each PIU is headed by a Project Manager of Executive Engineer (EE) rank, reporting to the DPD 1. PMU has designated the Assistant Engineer and Junior Engineer as safeguard personnel for Social and Environmental safeguard at PMU and PIU level. The letter has been appended as Appendix 18 in this updated Resettlement Plan.
- 99. **Project Implementation Units (Town/City Level).** Each PIU (one each in Dehradun and Nainital) is headed by a Project Manager of Executive Engineer rank. The Project Manager of the PIU will be supported by three Deputy Project Managers of Assistant Engineer (Civil) and Assistant Engineer (electrical and mechanical) rank. Further, Junior Engineers will assist the Deputy Project Managers in project implementation. One of the Junior Engineers has been designated as social focal point (Social and Gender Officer) and the other as environmental focal point (Assistant Environmental Officer). The safeguard personnel have been designated by the PMU, the official letter is appended as Appendix 24 vide letter no. Social/UUSDA/IEC/186 on dated 17/02/2022.
- 100. **Project Management and Design Supervision Consultant**. PMU will be supported by a Project Management and Design Supervision Consultant (PMDSC) to supervise, monitor and oversee project implementation, support on policy reform related issues and compliance of all the reporting requirements of GOU, other statuary regulatory bodies and Asian Development Bank in line with SPS-2009. PIU is supported by the PMDSC on supervision monitoring and to oversee the implementation of projects, including compliance of ADB's SPS 2009 and other environmental and social State and GOI rules. There will be two Environmental Experts (EE) and two Social, Gender and Resettlement Experts (SGRE) at the PMDSC.
- 101. **Safeguards Compliance Responsibilities**. DPD 1 will be the focal point for both social and environmental safeguard implementation and compliance. The Environmental and Social Development Officers will have the overall responsibility of ensuring compliance with ADB SPS 2009 and will support DPD 1. The Environmental Officer and Social Development Officer will report to the Project Managers at PMU. The PMU will have overall responsibility for implementation of the resettlement plans and appropriate monitoring and reporting responsibilities. The SDGO will facilitate implementation, monitoring and reporting of resettlement plans and other related compliances, while IECO will oversee the community awareness, public outreach, training, capacity building, preparation of IEC materials, and enhance information,

education and communication among the local public, regarding gender, social, environmental related issues of UIRUDP. Community Action and Public Participation Agency, (CAPPA) will assist the PMU in management of UIRUDP in meaningful and widespread consultations and public awareness during project implementation. CAPPA will have two units: (i) Core Unit based at central office in Dehradun and (ii) City Level Units based in 2 major project towns - Dehradun and Nainital. Contractor will appoint an Environment, Health and Safety (EHS) supervisor to implement EMP; the EHS Supervisor will have responsibilities related to environmental and social safeguards compliance and grievance redress and management at field level.



Figure 10: Institutional Arrangement for UIRUDP

- 102. **Tasks of Social Development and Gender Officer at PMU Level.** Key social safeguard tasks and responsibilities at the PMU level are as follows:
 - (i) ensure projects conform to the agreed project selection criteria for the project;
 - (ii) review and finalize project involuntary resettlement and indigenous people category;
 - (iii) oversee preparation of resettlement plans; coirm existing resettlement plans are updated based on detailed designs, and that new project resettlement plans are prepared in compliance with ADB SPS 2009 and policies, regulations of GOI for the project;
 - (iv) responsible for issuing the public notice to acquire a particular land/property (if required) for the project along with project information/details as well as the projectcut of date;
 - (v) ensure that resettlement plans/DDRs are included in bidding documents and civil works contracts:
 - (vi) undertake updating of the resettlement plan, as required, and submit to ADB for review and clearance prior start of construction;
 - (vii) ensure that water supply safety plan recommended by the World Health Organization (WHO) are included in bidding documents and civil works

- contracts:
- (viii) provide oversight on social safeguard management aspects of projects and ensure resettlement plans and impact avoidance measures outlined in the resettlement plan/environmental management plan are implemented by PIU andcontractors;
- (ix) ensure and monitor the provision in the contract to include the vulnerable people to be the beneficiaries of the facilities constructed under the Project;
- (x) facilitate and ensure compliance with all government rules and regulations regarding project implementation. Obtain No Objection Certificates, land ownership and transfer details etc. for each site, as relevant and include the samein the respective social safeguard documents for the package;
- (xi) supervise and guide the PIUs to properly carry out the social safeguard and gendermonitoring (resettlement plan/GESI Action Plan);
- (xii) review, monitor, and evaluate the effectiveness with which the resettlement plans/provisions of DDRs are implemented, and recommend corrective actions tobe taken as necessary;
- (xiii) consolidate monthly social safeguard and gender monitoring reports from PIUs/ PMDSCs and submit semi-annual social safeguard monitoring reports (SSMR) toADB;
- (xiv) ensure timely disclosure of updated resettlement plans/DDRs in locations and form accessible to the public and affected persons;
- (xv) address any grievances brought about through the grievance redress mechanismin a timely manner;
- (xvi) oversee training needs assessment of affected persons and vulnerable persons by PIUs and PMDSC; coordinate training activities and convergence with livelihoodprograms of the government; in case any permanent and significant impacts to livelihood of affected persons or impacts to vulnerable are identified;
- (xvii) identify training needs and coordinate training activities for the PIUs/contractors/Project NGOs/project consultants for capacity building to implement the Resettlement Plans/DDR, and GRM;
- (xviii) coordinate database management for social safeguards implementation and monitoring; and
- (xix) coordinate public awareness campaigns by the PIUs including resettlement provisions with the help of print and electronic media.
- 103. **Project Implementation Unit.** Two PIUs, one at Dehradun and the other at Nainital will be responsible for planning, implementation, monitoring and supervision, and coordination of all activities under the UIRUDP. The PIU will be headed by a Project Manager of Executive Engineerrank. Project Manager will be supported by Deputy Project Managers of Assistant Engineer (Civil) and Assistant Engineer (electrical and mechanical) rank. Junior Engineers will assist the Deputy Project Managers in project implementation. One of the Junior Engineers will be designated as Social and Gender Officer (SGO), social focal point and the other as Assistant Environmental officer (AEO), environmental focal point. The social focal point (Junior Engineer) will oversee the safeguards implementation at PIU level, coordinate public consultations, information disclosure, regulatory clearances and approvals, resettlement plan implementation and grievance redressal. The PIU will work in close coordination with Project Management and Design Supervision Consultants (PMDSC).
- 104. **Social Safeguards Tasks at PIU Level.** The key social safeguard role and tasks of town/city level PIU will be:

- (i) Provide field data to fill up IR/IP impact checklist and classify the project;
- (ii) Conduct census and socio-economic surveys, detailed measurement surveys, and verification surveys of affected persons along with PMDSC and DBO contractor before start of civil construction work, conduct consultations with affected persons, prepare list of affected persons, provide all data required to prepare/update resettlement plans / with the assistance of Social, Gender and ResettlementExpert of PMDSC and field support from the community mobilizers of CAPPA, ensure updated information is submitted to PIU for preparation/updating of

documents with PMDSC with DBO contractor's support;

- Inform affected persons about tentative schedule of land acquisition/occupation, entitlement matrix and compensation packages against different categories of loss, and cut-off date;
- (iv) Coordinate valuation of assets, such as land, trees of various species, etc. based on proper due diligence and assessment, prepare compensation packages;
- (v) Coordinate, supervise and monitor disbursement of compensation;
- (vi) Obtain no objection certificates (NOCs), land documents, third party certifications as required for the project;
- (vii) Support to PMU in preparing/updating RPs/
- (viii) Oversee day-to-day implementation of impact avoidance and mitigation measuresin resettlement plans /and EMP by contractors, including compliance with all government rules and regulations particularly health and safety, take necessaryaction for obtaining ROW;
- (ix) Oversee maintenance of data for monitoring, by consultants and contractors;
- (x) Implement corrective actions when necessary to ensure no adverse social impacts;
- (xi) Submit monthly social monitoring reports to PIU;
- (xii) Conduct continuous public consultation and awareness;
- (xiii) Set up GRM at field/site/PIU level and ensure it is fully functional. Address any grievances brought about through the grievance redress mechanism in a timely manner;
- (xiv) Ensure that induction course for the training of contractors is conducted regularly. Prepare contractors (with consultants' support) on resettlement plans/ DDR/ GESI implementation, social safeguard and gender monitoring requirements related to mitigation measures, health and safety and on taking immediate action to remedy unexpected adverse impacts or ineffective mitigation measures found during the course of implementation;
- (xv) Liaise with the District Administration and line departments for dovetailing Government's schemes for income generation and development programs for affected persons, as and when required;
- (xvi) Supervise the work of all consultants at town level (PMDSC, CAPPA).
- (xvii) Undertake day-to-day implementation of final resettlement plans and GESI actionplan;
- (xviii) Provide field level information required to prepare periodic safeguard monitoring reports in a format acceptable to ADB and quarterly GESI action plan updates in the format provided in PAM;
- (xix) Ensure relevant data on implementation of GESI action plan is collected and a gender-sensitive communication strategy and information, education and

- communication (IEC) materials are designed, illustrating key social and behavioural messages related to hygiene, sanitation, and health jointly with the communication specialist and in accordance with the GESI action plan; and
- (xx) Extend support in carrying out awareness campaigns in project towns.
- 105. **Project Management and Design and Supervision Consultants (PMDSC).** The PMU and the PIUs will be supported by a Project Management and Design Supervision Consultant (PMDSC) to supervise, monitor and oversee project implementation, support on policy reform related issues and compliance of all the reporting requirements of GOU, other statuary regulatorybodies and ADB in line with SPS-2009. Social, Gender and Resettlement Experts of PMDSC (twoexperts) will assist PIUs in implementation of resettlement plans and GESI related tasks; the

Experts will be responsible for updating of resettlement plan/due diligence report, public consultation and disclosure, assessment of entitlement and computation of compensation etc.:

- 106. Tasks of Social, Gender and Resettlement Experts (SGRE), PMDSC (2 positions)
 - (i) Screen and categorize project components;
 - (ii) Carry out baseline surveys;
 - (iii) Ensure the contractors comply with the agreed social safeguards policies, updated resettlement plans, and due diligence reports on social safeguards for the project;
 - (iv) Ensure that the existing resettlement plan, has been updated before start of construction work (based on revalidation and DMS), and due diligence reports and any new safeguard documents will be prepared as and when required;
 - (v) Assist the PIUs in the implementation of final resettlement plans and GESI action plan;
 - (vi) Prepare periodic safeguard monitoring reports as per the format acceptable to ADBand quarterly GESI action plan updates in format provided in PAM;
 - (vii) Collect relevant data on implementation of GESI action plan and design gendersensitive communication strategy and IEC materials illustrating key social and behavioural messages related to hygiene, sanitation and health jointly with the communication specialist and in accordance with the GESI action plan;
 - (viii) Extend assistance to PMU/PIUs in coordinating activities of the CAPPA and implementation of GESI action plan.
- 107. **Design, Build and Operate contractor**. The resettlement plans will be included in bidding and contract documents and verified by the PIUs and PMU. The implementation of resettlement plan will be made binding i.e., mandatory on contractor as part of the employer's requirement in the bid and contract documents. All contractors will be required to designate an Environment, Health and Safety (EHS) supervisor to ensure implementation of resettlement plansocial safeguard provisions/EMP during civil works and operation and maintenance, who will also have the responsibility for communication with the public under the guidance of PMU/Pius and grievance registration. Contractors are to carry out all mitigation and monitoring measures outlined in their contract.
- 108. The DBO Contractor shall comply with: (i) all applicable labour laws and core labour standards on (a) prohibition of child labour as defined in national legislation for construction and maintenance activities; (b) equal pay for equal work of equal value regardless of gender, ethnicity, or caste; and (c) elimination of forced labour; and with (ii) the requirement to

disseminate information on COVID-19 safety protocols, sexually transmitted diseases, including HIV/AIDS, toemployees and local communities surrounding the project sites. The key responsibilities of EHS Supervisor on social compliance are as follows:

- (i) Compliance with all government rules and regulations particularly health andsafety, take necessary action for obtaining ROW;
- (ii) Implement corrective actions wherever necessary, to ensure no adverse social impacts are caused due to project implementation;
- (iii) Submit monthly progress reports to PIU;
- (iv) Conduct meaningful public consultation and awareness;
- (v) Support PIU in setting up GRM at field/site (PIU level) and ensure it is fully functional. Address any grievances brought about through the grievance redress mechanism in a timely manner;
- (vi) Make sure that that induction course for the training of contractors is conducted regularly. Prepare contractors (with consultants' support) on resettlement plans/DDR/GESI implementation, social safeguard and gender monitoring requirements related to mitigation measures, health and safety and on taking immediate action to remedy unexpected adverse impacts or ineffective mitigation measures found during the course of implementation;
- (vii) Establish working rapport and liaison with the District Administration and line departments for dovetailing Government's schemes for income generation and development programs for affected persons, as and when required;
- (viii) Work at field level to undertake day-to-day implementation of final resettlement plans and GESI action plan;
- (ix) Assist in collection of field level information required to prepare periodic safeguardmonitoring reports in a format acceptable to ADB and quarterly GESI action plan updates in the format provided in PAM;
- (x) Make sure that relevant data on implementation of GESI action plan (activities assigned to contractor, if any) is collected and coordination is established with CAPPA to implement behaviour change communication activities in accordance with the GESI action plan; and,
- (xi) Provide support in carrying out awareness campaigns in project towns/city level; and
- (xii) Ensure COVID-19 safety protocols are regularly monitored and followed at each of the construction site.
- 109. **Community Awareness and Public Participation Agency:** PMU will hire and appoint a Community Awareness and Public Participation Agency (CAPPA). CAPPA will assist PMU and PIUs with disclosure meetings with affected persons on entitlement matrix, awareness campaigns on grievance redress mechanism. Grievances received during public outreach programs and consultations by CAPPA will be brought to the notice of concerned PIU and formally registered. Detailed terms of reference of CAPPA are in the Project Administration Manual.

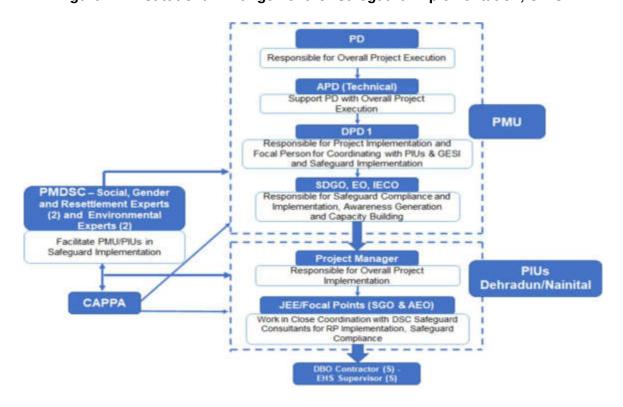


Figure 11: Institutional Arrangement for Safeguard Implementation, UIRUDP

APD = Additional Program Director; CAPPA = Community Action and Public Participation Agency; DBO = Design Build and Operate Contractor; DPD = Deputy Program Director; PMDSC = Project Management and Design Supervision Consultants; EO = Environmental Officer; IECO = Information Education and Communication Officer; PD = Program Director; PIU = Project Implementation Unit; PMU = Project Management Unit; SDGO = Social Development, Gender Officer

B. Capacity Development

- 110. Uttarakhand Urban Sector Development Agency (UUSDA) has some of the experienced project staff having some basic knowledge of social safeguards, with knowledge and experience of ADB social safeguard policies and their implementation. However, due to being repatriated to their original department of some staff during project implementation, the new candidates/recruits as safeguards officers will require training in project preparation and implementation of this Project. The PMDSC-Social, Gender and Resettlement Experts will be responsible for training the PMU's safeguards officers (environmental and social), and PIUs 'engineers and other staff. The resettlement plan includes indicative training modules on safeguards. The PMDSC will coordinate with PMU and PIUs on specific capacity development program which may include but is not limited to:
 - (i) Sensitization on ADB's Policies and guidelines on social safeguards (ADB's Safeguard Requirement 2 and 3: Involuntary Resettlement and Indigenous Peoples) including meaningful consultation, GRM and accountability mechanism;
 - (ii) Introduction to the assessment of involuntary resettlement and mitigation measures, including best practices, in the design, construction, operation and maintenance of water supply, sewerage, and drainage projects;
 - (iii) Preparation and review of RPs/ based on detailed design, and has been

- updated based on the final design;
- (iv) Effective Communication with stakeholders including elected representatives, Media and general masses;
- (v) Improved coordination within nodal departments;
- (vi) Disbursement of compensation, consultation; and
- (vii) Monitoring and reporting requirements.
- 111. PMU IEC, safeguards and gender officer and PIUs' designated safeguards focal personshas been trained by PMDSC's Social, Gender and Resettlement Expert on safeguards issues of theprojects and the project GRM. The targeted participants of the briefings would be PMU and PIUs'staff, design engineers, and contractors. Typical modules would be as follows: (i) introduction andsensitization to ADB SPS on involuntary resettlement and indigenous people policies and requirements resettlement framework (ii) review, updating and preparation of the resettlement plans upon the completion of project detailed design; (iii) improved coordination within nodal departments; (iv) monitoring and reporting system; and (v) project GRM. Briefings on safeguards principles and GRM will also be conducted to the contractors upon their mobilization by PIU safeguards focal persons supported by Social, Gender and Resettlement Expert of PMDSC.
- 112. Other capacity Building for skill gaps bridging. Based upon training needs assessment, the cost of trainings will be borne under the Project's capacity building program by PMU. The detailed cost and specific modules will be customized for the available skill set after assessing the capabilities of the target participants and the requirements of the project by the Social, Gender and Resettlement Expert of PMDSC. Indicative details of training needs placed inTable13.

Table 13: Indicative Training needs

Description	Target Participants and Venue	Source of Funds
 Introduction and Sensitization to Social/ Resettlement Issues (1 day) ADB Safeguards Policy statement Government of India and Uttarakhand applicable social safeguard acts 	consultants involved in the project	PMU cost
 Incorporation of social/resettlement components under EMP into the project designand contracts Monitoring, reporting and corrective action planning 	At PMU, Dehradun	
2. Resettlement plan implementation (2 days; 2times during implementation with interval of one year inbetween)	All staff and consultants involved in the project	PMU cost

	Description		Target Participants a Venue	nd	Source Funds	of
	Roles and responsibilities Resettlement plan components and state implementation Construction schedules and timelines Public relations Consultations Grievance redress Monitoring and corrective action planning Reporting and disclosure Timely documentation	ages in	All contractors to awardof contr			
3. - -	Experiences and best practices sharing (1 day) Experiences on resettlement planimplementation Issues and challenges Best practices followed	consulta the contracto	staff and nts involved in project All ors Dehradun	PN	IU Cost	

ADB = Asian Development Bank, EM = Entitlement matrix, PIU = Project implementation unit, PMU = project management unit.

C. Implementation Schedule

The project will be implemented over a period of 5 years. The resettlement plan implementation schedule will be as per the project implementation schedule, though the preparatory works will be carried out well in advance. In general, the project implementation will consist of the three major phases, namely project preparation, land acquisition (if required), and rehabilitation of affected persons. In line with the principles laid down in this resettlement framework, the executing agency and implementing agency will ensure²⁸ that project activities are synchronized between the resettlement plan implementation activities and the project implementation. The executing agency and implementing agency will ensure that no physical or economic displacement of affected households will occur until: (i) compensation at full replacement cost has been paid to each displaced person for project components or sections that are ready to be constructed; (ii) other entitlements listed in the resettlement plan are provided to the displaced persons; and (iii) a comprehensive income and livelihood rehabilitation program, supported by adequate budget, is in place to help displaced persons improve, or at least restore. their incomes and livelihoods. All land acquisition, resettlement, and compensation for a project will be completed before award of civil works contracts. All land required will be provided free of encumbrances to the contractor prior to handing over of project sites and the start of civil works. The implementation of the resettlement plan will include: (i) identification of cut-off date and notification; (ii) verification of losses and extent of impacts; (iii) finalization of entitlements and distribution of identity cards; (iv)consultations with affected persons on regular basis. Implementation schedule placed as Table14.

²⁸ The start date of census survey will be the cut-off date for non-titled affected persons. For titled affected persons, the cut-off is the date of declaration.

Table 14: Implementation Schedule

Activities	202 (Q1			20	022 (ie i			Qtr)			024 ()25 (Qtr)		20	026 (Qtr)		2	027	(Qtr)	l	2028 ((Qtr)
	2	3	4	1	2	3	4	1	2	3	4	1	2	3	4	1	2	3	4	1	2	3	4	1	2	3	4	1	2
PMU and PIU staffed with Social Safeguard personnel																													
Project level GRM has been established																													
Prepare a community awareness and participation plan (CAPP) and submit it toADB for review by the end of the first quarter after loan effectiveness																													
Awareness campaign among affected persons on entitlements, impact avoidance and mitigation measures to be implemented by the contractor																													
Conduct DMS, census surveys and issuance of ID cards in sections ready for construction																													
Identification of vulnerable affected persons, (if any)																													
Updated resettlement plan to reflect surveys, consultations, design changes, and due diligence results																													
Consultations and disclosure																													
Review and approval of updated resettlement plan(ADB)																													
Training/capacity building of PMU and PIU safeguards officers, engineers, and other staff, DSC supervision staff and contractor's staff																													
Payment of compensation																													
Handover of sites and alignments to contractors																													

Start of civil works																	
Internal monitoring, includingsurveys of affected persons on entitlements, satisfaction surveys																	
Repair/reconstruction of affected facilities, structures,utilities, if any		Immediately, in consultation with other departments, as required															

ADB = Asian Development Bank, GRM = grievance redress management, CAPPA= Community awareness and public participation agency, PMDSC= Project Management and Design supervision consultant, PIU = project implementation unit, PMU = project management unit, SDGO = social development and gender officer, ID=Identity card

Notes: (i) The start date of census will be the cut-off date for non-titled affected persons. For titled affected persons, the cut-off date is the date of declaration of notice under RFCTLARRA, 2013. (ii) The resettlement plan has been updated based on final detailed design and affected person census and surveys, (iii) Endorsement and disclosure of finalized resettlement plans consistent with the resettlement framework to be undertaken.

X. MONITORING AND REPORTING

114. Updated Resettlement plan implementation monitoring responsibility, particularly the aspects pertaining to temporary livelihood impacts will be done by PMU/PIU effectively for ascertaining the progress of resettlement plan implementation and anticipating the potential difficulties and problems in course of implementation. PIU will be instrumental in internal day-today monitoring through the assistance of its safeguard officer and with the support from the PMU" s project officer. Monthly progress reports on resettlement plan implementation will be prepared and compiled at PIU level and submitted to the PMU. PMU will consolidate the same and will submit semi-annual monitoring reports to the ADB for approval. Refer Sample Monitoring Template in Appendix 10. The outline of the semi-annual social monitoring report and the social safeguards quarterly progress report checklists are in the Project Administration Manual for UIRUDP.

XI. FOLLOW-UP ACTION FOR RESETTLEMENT PLAN UPDATING AND IMPLEMENTATION

115. The major tasks associated with the resettlement plan updating and implementation is given in the Table154 placed below.

Table 15: Follow-up action for resettlement plant updating and implementation Status

	able 13. Follow-up action for resettlement plant updating and implementation Status							
S. No.	Follow-up Tasks							
1.	The resettlement plan has been updated with road wise detailed measurement and revalidation census surveys where sewer pipelines will be laid and stormwater drains will be constructed.							
2.	PMU, UIRUDP has initiated the process for obtaining 'No Objection'/approval from Nagar Nigam Dehradun (Dehradun Municipal Corporation) and other concerned departments and agencies for laying of sewer pipelines, construction of storm water drains and road reconstruction. Letter of Initiation, PMU, UIRUDP is attached in Appendix 15 and Appendix 21A to 21 I							
3.	PMU, UIRUDP will obtain approval or 'no objection certificate' from the concerned departments for storm water outfalls and the same will be appended to the updated resettlement plan along with photographs of outfall locations.							
4.	ADB's approval of the updated resettlement plan based on the final assessment at detailed measurement survey stage needs to be obtained by the PMU, and all compensation paid by the project before displacement and before start of civil works by the DBO Contractor.							
5.	Public consultations and engagement will be carried out through the entire project planning and implementation phase. Project disclosure meeting with affected persons and preparation of project information leaflet in local language to be shared with stakeholders and affected persons.							

Appendix 1: Photographs of Existing Sanitation Scenario in Targeted Area



Appendix 2: Photo Gallery of Stakeholder Interactions



Interaction with roadside vendors in Kargi, Dehradun





Pathribagh, interaction with roadside vendors



Interaction with roadside vendors in THDC, Dehradun



THDC, Dehradun, interaction with roadside Vendors



THDC, interaction with roadside vendors

Appendix 3: Photographs of Sample Roads

S. No	Name of Area	No. Of APs Identified	Width of Road (In m)	Dia proposed (mm)	Type of Road	Photos
1	THDC colony (High Density)	04	7-10	225 mm to 1000 mm	CC/BT	
2	Pathribagh area (Medium Density)	04	6-10	225 mm to 1000 mm	CC/ BT	
3	Dehra Khas area (Low Density)	03	8-10	225 mm to 350 mm	CC/BT	
4.	Patel Nagar (Medium Density)	01	7-8	225 mm to 1000 mm	CC/BT	

Appendix 4: Summary of Public Consultations

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SI. No.	Date of Consultation	Location	Number of Participants	Topic Discussed	Issues Addressed
2	26.06. 20	Kargi Area	Total: 10 Male: 07 Female: 03	1) Construction of project components 2) Impact on business entities during construction period. 3) Disclosed the details of proposed Scope of Work of the project and area to be covered under the project, 4) Explained the tentative project implementation period and possible inconveniences, 5) Discussed current level of service condition of Sewerage and storm water drainage in the town/	1) Community people were informed about the project. The Project Authority and DSC Consultants mentioned that the existingSTP at Kargi will be used and laying of the sewerage networks, Storm water drainage construction on Nagar Nigam/PWD and roads. 2) It was informed to the participants bythe PMDSC Consultants that there may potentially be some business institutions that may face temporary impacts, like shifting to new location (temporarily) and partial closure of shops for a limited period during construction works like laying of the pipelines and drainage works, such roadside business establishments will be identified under the project as Affected Persons. 3) Adequate compensation will beplanned to reduce the impacts for all affectedpersons. With the proper implementation of the Safeguard Policy, the sufferings of local people will be reduced to a large extent during project implementation phase. 4) Any damage caused to the public utilities will be repaired by the DBO Contractor. 5) Condition of storm water drainage condition is not up to the mark, the low-lying areas get flooded during rainy season. 6) Any grievances related to project workwill be addressed through Common GRM system of the project. Any person, irrespective of class, creed or occupation will have the access to the said GRM to lodge complaint.

SI. No.	Date of Consultation	Location	Number of Participants	Topic Discussed	Issues Addressed
3	26.02.20	Pathribagh	Total: 12 Male: 08 Female: 04	Information about the project sewer and drainage project. Shared the details of project benefits proposed under the project, Willingness of residents to pay for improved services of Sewerage and Storm water drainage, Impact on businessentities during construction period. 4) Grievance Redress Mechanism	1) Participants have shown their willingness to engage with the project and explore job opportunities. Mostly people are willing to take the house service connections (water supply and sewer) andenjoy benefits of the project. 2) As regards the storm water drainage it has been told by the residents that it will improve the roads and condition of low laying areas and improve the quality of river where the outfall will go. 3) With the proper implementation of the Environmental Management Plan & Safeguard Policy, the sufferings of local people will be reduced to a large extent during project implementation phase. 4) A grievance redress mechanism willbe in place to address the complaints and grievances of the community people and affected persons, by the project authority. 5) It was informed by the project authority to the affected persons that for any impact caused due to project construction they will be eligible to receive compensation.
4	26.02 20	Kargi Chowk	Total: 11 Male: 03 Female: 08	Details of the project-including Project Coverage area and the benefits proposed under the project, Present condition of Sewerage and Storm water drainage in the area, Tentative project implementation period and possible inconveniences, Impact on business entities during construction period	1) Residents and shop keepers are made aware about the project proposed in the sub-zones. 2) People are concerned about the poor sewerage conditions and have shown happiness to know about the proposal. However, they expressed their concern related to the construction work schedule, whether it will be completed in time. Assurance was given by the project authorities that the DBO Contract will share the time schedule before start of construction work.

				and Grievance Redress Mechanism	3) It was mentioned that any impact onthe roadside business will be compensatedand duly informed before start of work. 4) A grievance redress mechanism willbe in place to address any environment or social concerns related to the project. 5) The participants have welcomed the project and expressed that their area will develop.
5.	13.01.22	THDC	Total: 19 Male:11 Female:08	 Discussed the activities related to the sub-project. Road cutting and inconveniences to the local public during the construction period. Labour camp and social securities. COVID-19 protocols at the project site. 	1) Local street vendors and local residents were made aware about the possible disturbances and related impact on surroundings. 2) People were informed about the Sewerage lines and drainage facility in the concerned area and also made aware about the construction activities during the construction work. 3) The local residents raised their voice about their property, they asked who will pay, if any damage will happen due to the construction activities. The local residents were informed that all the responsibility will be of DBOC. 4) Question were raised by the local residents related to helpline number to register their complaint. They were informed about the toll free number to register their complaint. The process of Grievance Redress Mechanism (GRM) was explained to them.
6.	16.01.2022	THDC	Total: 23 Male: 18 Female: 05	1). Informed about the benefits of the Project. 2). Impact on Business entities during construction period. 3). Explained the tentative Project implementation Period and possible inconveniences.	f 1) Local Public were informed about the disturbances due to the Project construction work. 2).The Public was scared about the different civic facilities during the

			T		
					issues to be raised and addressed once costruction has started.
7.	17.01.2022	Malin Basti	Total: 22 Male: 20 Female: 02	1). Need for improvements to present system. 2). Ensuring no income loss. 3). Details of the Project including Project coverage area and benifits of the project.	sewerage project as it will be beneficial to the community in all aspects. 2). People were briefed about the
8.	17.01.2022	THDC	Total: 24 Male: 20 Female: 04	 Local Community's responsete the Project. Briefing on project objectives probable implementation procedures. Construction camp and social program/ public welfare 	participate in awareness program willingly and aware about the direct benefits of the Project. 2). Residents of the area were informed
9.	17.01.2022	THDC	Total: 24 Male: 16 Female: 08	 Discussed the activities related to the sub project. Inconveniences due to the project during the construction period. Sewerage lines will be laid underground in the government roads of the area and the road will be restored by the project. 	 Local street vendor and local residents were made aware about the possible disturbance and related impact on surrounding. People were informed about the Sewerage lines and drainage facility in the concerned area and also made aware about the construction

10.	17.01.2022	Malin Basti	Total: 23 Male: 19 Female: 04	1).Proposed sub project components. 2).Present Sewerage condition. 3). Social and community impact during the construction work. 4). COVID-19 Protocols.	 People have shown their willingness to engage with the project and explore job opportunities. The local residents raised their voice about their property, they asked who will pay, if any damage will happen due to the construction activities. The local residents were informed that all the responsibility will be of DBOC. Questions were raised by the local residents related to helpline number to register their complaint. they were informed about the toll free number to register their complaint. The process of Grievance Redress Mechanism (GRM) was explained to them.
11.	18.01.2022	Malin Basti	Total: 26. Male: 23 Female: 03	 Need for improvements to present system. Potential positive and negative impacts project implementation. Impact on health by proposed project. 	 1).Local street vendor and local residents were made aware about the possible disturbance and related impact on surrounding. 2). Residents of the area were informed that if livelihood impact envisaged to poor and vulnerable groups additional assistance will be provided by the Project. 3). Operation and maintenance will be carried out by the concerned DBOC for 5 Years and than handover to Nagar Nigam.
12.	18.01.2022	THDC	Total: 19 Male: 15 Female: 04	1).Discussed the activities related to the project. 2). Briefing on project objectives and probable implementation procedures. 3).Construction camp and social program/ public welfare	1).The residents of the Project side participate in awareness program

13.	18.01.2022	,	Total: 20 Male: 16 Female:04	1).Local Community's responsete the Project. 2).Briefing on project objectives probable implementation procedures. 3) Construction camp and social program/ public welfare	1) .Local street vendors and local residents were made aware about the possible disturbances and related impact on surroundings. 2). People were informed about the Sewerage lines and drainage facility in the concerned area and also made aware about the construction activities during the construction work.
14.	18.01.2022	,	Total: 13 Male: 13 Female:0	Discussed the activities related to the sub project. Inconveniences due to the project during the construction period. Sewerage lines will be laid underground in the goverenment roads of the area and the road will be restored by the project.	 Local street vendor and local residents were made aware about the possible disturbance and related impact on surrounding. People were informed about the Sewerage lines and drainage facility in the concerned area and also made aware about the construction activities during the construction work Women had heard about the proposed project and welcome it.
15.	18.01.2022	THDC		 Discussed the activities related to the sub-project. Road cutting and inconveniences to the local public during the construction period. Labour camp and during social securities. COVID-19 protocols at the project site. 	 People have shown their willingness to engage with the project and explore job opportunities. The local residents raised their voice about their property, they asked who will pay, if any damage will happen due to the construction activities. The local residents were informed that all the responsibility will be of DBOC. Question were raised by the local residents related to helpline number to register their complaint. they

16.	18.01.2022	THDC	Total: 18 Male: 15 Female:03	 Need for improvements to present present system. Potential positive and negative impacts project implementation. Impact on health by proposed project.
17.	18.01.2022	THDC	Total: 16 Male: 13 Female: 03	 Need for improvements to present system. Potential positive and negative impacts project implementation. Impact on health by proposed project. Neople support the upcoming sewerage project as it will be beneficial to the community in all aspects. People were briefed about the Grievance Redress Mechanism (GRM). With the proper implementation of the Safeguard Policy, the suffering of local pople will be reduced to a large extent during construction phase.

Date of Consultat ion	Place of consultati on	Total participati on	Female participa nts	Topic Discussed	Issues Addressed	Photo
29.03.202	THDC Colony	14	04	1.Proposed sub project components. 2.PresentSewerage condition. 3. Social and community impact during the construction work. 4. COVID-19 Protocols.	willingness to engage with the project and explore job opportunities. 2) The local residents raised their voice about their property, they asked who will pay, if any damage will happen due to the	

Mechanism(CRM) was explained them. 10 02 1) Information about the project — sewer and drainage project. Shared the details of project benefits proposed under the project, 1 Willingness of residents to pay for improved services of Sewerage and Storm water drainage, and Storm water drainage, and Storm water drainage, 2. Impact on business entities during construction period. Grievance Redress Mechanism Mechanism(1) was explained them. 1. Participants have shown their willingness to engage with the opportunities. Mostly to etake the house service connections (water supply and sewer) and enjoy benefits of the project. 2. As regards the storm water drainage it has been told by the residents that it will improve the roads and condition of low laying areas and improve the quality of river where the outfall will go. 3. With the proper implementation of the Environmental Management Plan & Safeguard Policy, the sufferings of local people will be reduced to a large extent during project implementation phase. 4. A grievance redress mechanism will be in place to address the complaints and grievances of the community people and affected persons, by the project authority.	 	T			
06.04.202 Malin Basti 10 02 1) Information about the project				Mechanism(GRM) was	
the project - sewer and drainage project. Shared the details of project benefits of project benefits of residents to pay for improved services of Sewerage and Storm water drainage, and Storm water drainage, construction period. 2. Impact on business entitles during construction period. Grievance Redress Mechanism the project - sewer and drainage project. Shared the details of project to engage with the project and explore job opportunities. Mostly people are willing to take the house service connections (water supply and sewer) and enjoy benefits of the project. 2. As regards the storm water drainage it has been told by the residents that it will improve the roads and condition of low laying areas and improve the quality of river where the outfall will go. 3. With the proper implementation of the Environmental Management Plan & Safeguard Policy, the sufferings of local people will be reduced to a large extent during project implementation phase. 4. A grievance redress mechanism will be in place to address the complaints and grievances of the community people and affected persons, by the				explained them.	
the project - sewer and drainage project. Shared the details of project benefits of project benefits of residents to pay for improved services of Sewerage and Storm water drainage, and Storm water drainage, construction period. 2. Impact on business entities during construction period. Grievance Redress Mechanism the project - sewer and drainage project. Shared the details of project and explore job opportunities. Mostly people are willing to take the house service connections (water supply and sewer) and enjoy benefits of the project. 2. As regards the storm water drainage it has been told by the residents that it will improve the roads and condition of low laying areas and improve the quality of river where the outfall will go. 3. With the proper implementation of the Environmental Management Plan & Safeguard Policy, the sufferings of local people will be reduced to a large extent during project implementation phase. 4. A grievance redress mechanism will be in place to address the complaints and grievances of the community people and affected persons, by the					
It was informed by the project		02	the project - sewer and drainage project. Shared the details of project benefits proposed under the project, 1. Willingness of residents to pay for improved services of Sewerage and Storm water drainage, 2. Impact on business entities during construction period. Grievance Redress	shown their willingness to engage with the project and explore job opportunities. Mostly people are willing to take the house service connections (water supply and sewer) and enjoy benefits of the project. 2. As regards the storm water drainage it has been told by the residents that it will improve the roads and condition of low laying areas and improve the quality of river where the outfall will go. 3. With the proper implementation of the Environmental Management Plan & Safeguard Policy, the sufferings of local people will be reduced to a large extent during project implementation phase. 4. A grievance redress mechanism will be in place to address the complaints and grievances of the community people and	

					authority to the affected persons that for any impact caused due to project construction they will be eligible to receive compensation.	
19.04.202	THDC Colony	10	01	1. Requiremen t of Storm Water drainage 2. Opinion of residents and other stakeholder s on willingness to pay for improved services 3. Resettlemen t related provisions for the vulnerable Affected Families, 4. House service connection for all including poor and vulnerable families.	 The residents have shown their willingness to participate in project. And increased awareness about the direct benefits along with latent benefits of the project were discussed. To the concern raised about the construction period it was clarified by the project authority that the DBO-contractor in consultation with the local residents of area to keep into view the climatic and social considerations will undertake the construction activities. Residents of the area were informed if livelihood impact envisaged to poor and vulnerable groups additional assistance will be provided by the project. 	

20.05.202 Yamuna Colony	13	04	1.Local Community's response the Project. 2. Briefing on project objectives probable implementation procedures. 3.Construction camp and social program/ public welfare	1) The residents of the Project side participate in awareness program willingly and aware about the direct benefits of the Project. 2) Residents of the area were informed if livelihood impact envisaged to poor and vulnerable groups additional assistance will be provided by the Project. 3) Operation and maintenance will be carried out by the concerned DBOC for 5 Years and than handover to Nagar Nigam.	
16.06.202 Yamuna Colony	12	02	Discussed the activities related to the sub project. Inconveniences due to the project during the construction period.	residents were made aware about the possible disturbance and related	
Total	59	13			

Appendix 5: Public Consultations Signature Sheets

	Uttarakhand Urban Devel Department	Attendance Sheet opment Project, Uttrakhand Urban S of urban Development, Government	of Hitarakhand	
Date:	26.6.202	0	Venue:	kus (THOC)
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	Uttarakhand Urban Development Department of urban	Attendance Sheet Project, Uttrakhand Urban Sector D Development, Government of Uttar	evelopment Agenc akhand	Carp are
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Uttarakhand Urban Sector Developmen Uttarakhand Integrated & Restlient Urban Davalop Urban Development Department, Awareness and Public Consultation	Uttarakhand	RUDP)	*
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Urban Development Department, Uttarakhand

सारिक टावर, इतीय तस, शजेन्द्र नगर, कौतागढ़ थेख, देश्यद्त्र, उत्तराखण्ड, यूरनाव−91−135−2753894 | www.uusdip.org | Emāli: uusdip@gmail.com



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Awareness and Public Consultation Attendance Sheet

Package NW-DDM-01	Total No. of	M	F
malin Basti	Participants		
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06.04.2022			

Sr.n.	Name and Contact	Gender M/F	Signature
L	PRAKASH KUMAR	m	Petuman
2.	मिम्सी चीटान	F	मीनासी
3.	Rohit	m	fohit.
4.	Shivlox	M .	310
5.	Mr. Nand Kisher Sharma	M	Now toho
6.	Deepak	M	Tagal
7.	som Sushil Kumar Singh	M	Ssingle
8.	Rajni Rawat	F	र्जनी
9.	Lunny	M	7-1
10.	Suresh Chandra thanders	M	2
	Canada Agendar Eapt)		
-1			



Urban Development Department, Uttarakhand

रात्यिक टायर, इतीय तत. राजेन्द्र नगर, क्रीलागढ़ शेख, चेहरापून, चतराखण्ड, दुरमार-91−135-2753894 | www.uusdip.org | Emall: uusdip@gmail.com



DAF

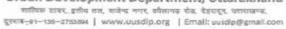
Awareness and Public Consultation Attendance Sheet

O-MAD-WOW			
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Place: THDC Colony	Participants		
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Data & Time 19 . 04 . 2022			

Sr.n.	Name and Contact	Gender M/F	Signature
1	VIKAM SINGH RANA	m	vollinge
2	वाकु राम	m	वार्ख
3	mot. ASTA	m	
4	moh. Aslam	m	
5	Anil Kumar Cupta	M -	Mapla
6	S. K Verma	M	Acopta SK Verna
7	Babita Tyagi	F	वक्षित्र
8	Gauray	М	
9	Deepak	m	Dolpar
10.	Suresh Chandra Khaudemi	M	€
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Urban Development Department, Uttarakhand





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<u>Awareness and Public Consultation Attendance Sheet</u>

20. 05.2022	13	09	04
place. Yamuna Colony	Participants	- 5000	
Package- WW-DDN-01	Total No. of	M	F

Sr.n.	Name and Contact	Gender M/F	Signature
1.	SURESH KUMAR .	m	Singh
2.	Krishna	F	Arishoo
3-	Ram Narayan	M	Rames
4.	ASIA	m.	MORASH
5.	रामसूर्व	M	रामस्यव
6.	स्कीती	F	सुनीता
7.	British	m	British
g.	Shanti Yadar	F	Stanti
q.	र्भेश कुनार	M	रमेंबा
10.	Rajkoman	M	Rog
11.	Patru	M	पपु
2	सायरा	F	सायय
3	Sudhanslu Kaughir	M	Chause
		-	1-



Urban Development Department, Uttarakhand

साविक टाकर, इतीव तल, राजेन्द्र नगर, कीशगढ़ शेठ, देशसट्टर, वसराकण्ड, दूरमान-61-135-275364 | www.uusdip.org | Email: uusdip@gmail.com



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Awareness and Public Consultation Attendance Sheet

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īr.n.	Name and Contact	Gender M/F	Signat	ure
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2	SURAT	m	Surp	
3	Shubham Süngh	M	Sing	h.
9	Alay	.M	May	
(3)	Rakesh Kuman	m	exum	ar
(B)	ङ्ख्यमा २५ तीनी	F	उमुपम	
9)	Dinesh Uniyal	M-	Dingshi	yal
8)	Suresh.	M	guresh	-
9	Charact Gupta	M	B. Coupt	9
(6)	Vikas uniyal	M	Vike	eL_
D	V. P. UNETAL	m	V.P. un	gal
13)	Surest Chandra Chandus	M	<u>e</u> (J

Appendix 6: Labor Wage Rates as Per Notification dated March, 2019 of Labour Department, Government of Uttarakhand

उत्तराखण्ड शासन

श्रम अनुभाग

संख्या:-- 312 / VTI1 / 19-228(श्रम) / 2001-पार्ट-II देहरादुन, दिनांकः ८ ९ मार्च, 2019

अधिसूचना

सालगणता. न्यूनरमा भड़ानूरी ब्राधिनियम. १७४४ (अधिनियम संख्या 11 सन् 1949) की धाला ४ की. उपधारा(1) का खप्ड () के सपित बाला 3 की उपधारा (1) के खण्ड (अ) और उपधारा (2) एवं सप्धारा (3) के अधीन प्रवत्त रिक्तियों की प्रयोग करके और इस सबंध में जारी मूर्व अधिसूचना संख्या अठ/VSII / 13 -228(%म) / 2001, दिनांक 06 मार्च, 2013 को अधिक्रमित करते हुए एवं उस्तरखण्ड न्यूनतम सजयूरी सालग्रकार बोर्ट से परामशं करने की एस्वान् सम्यक् विक्रारोमशनत दिमांक 01 अप्रैस, 2019 से परिणिद में उदिलिशन अनुमूचित नियोजनों में नियोजित कर्मचारियों के लिये मजबूरी की न्यूनतम वर्षे का प्रमुखित कर निरम्दार किर्मरित करने की सहये स्थीकृति अधीन करते हैं—

क्र. सं.	कर्मचारियाँ की श्रेणी	देव मूल मजबूरी की न्यूनतम मासिक दरें (प्रतिमाह रूपयों में)
(t)	(2)	(3)
1	<u> প্রবা</u> ষাল	8300
2	ার কুমল	8646
- 3	ঞ্গল	8992
4	अतिकृष्टल	9574
	(अधिक तगाँच कर्मचारी (क) श्रेणी एक	9574
_ : _ 	(মূ) গ্র াতি - ব	914)

टिप्पणी— कर्मचारियो का लेभीवार वर्तीकरण परिशिष्ट-2 व दिशा गया है।

- 1— विधिन्न वर्ग क एश्वं क्ष लिए निकंफिट दयरक कर्नचरियों को देश मूल मजदूरी की न्यूनसम दरे अखिल मारतीय सममोक्ता भूल्य सुष्टकांक आधार (2001≈-100) के 301 अंग्र पर होंगी।
- 2— मिरवर्तनीय महंगाई मसी:— अरिवल भारतीय जपमोक्ता मूख्य सूचकांक (2001=100) के अंक 30° के करण जप्त महिला मृहय सूचकांक (2001=100) के अंक 30° के करण जप्त महिला मृहय सूचकांक में वृद्धि होने वर महंगाई भर्त के र 20 प्रति अंक की दर से समाप्रीतित किया जारेंगा और समाप्रीय-न क्रमरा प्रत्येक वर्ष अप्रैल और अक्टूबर में पूर्ववती पर्व के जुलाई से विसम्बर एक और भारत वर्ष के जुलाई से विसम्बर एक और भारत वर्ष के जनगरी से जुन माह सके के जम्मोक्ता मृहय सूचकांक के औसत पर करते हुए परिवर्तनीय महंगाई महो का भूगतान किया जावेगा।
- 3— । मजबूरी की दैनिक दर, उपरोक्त गासिक स्कूनतभ मूल मजपूरी दर और परिश्तीनीय महगर्द्ध भसे के 1 / 28 से क्षण न होती।
- 4— घंटेबार यस देनिल दर की 1 / 6 से कर न होगी।

14/3/14

- 5— एंसे कर्मचारियों को जिनके कार्य के घंटे (विकास अन्तकल को शिंगिलित करते हुए) एक दिन में 6 घंटे आ एक सरवाह में 36 घंटे से कम हैं तो उन्हें जंशकालिक कर्मगरी फन्स जायेगा और उनकी घंटेदार मजदूरी को दर तद्नुकप पैंगिक दर के छटे खुरा से कम न होगी!
- e— मलबूरी की उपर्युक्त वर किसी भी प्रकार से किसी कर्मचारी के हिंदी के प्रतिकृत प्रवर्तित नहीं होगी। विभिन्न वर्ते के प्रयुक्त होने के पूर्व विद्यमन भजवूरी की वर्षे उपर्युक्त वरों के अनुसार देश मजबूरी अभिरेश

TRANSCRIPT: As per Department of labor government of Uttrakhand, G.O. number 312/VIII/19-222-(Labor) /2001 part II, Dehradun dated 8th March 2019 and 990/IV-01-13 dated 12 -3-2020 the labor rates are placed below.

S. No	Category of Employee	Monthly Labor rates (₹) including DA @ + 200/-	Daily rate (₹)
1	Unskilled	8500	326.92
2	Semiskilled	8846	340.23
3	Skilled	9192	353.54
4	Highly skiled	9774	375.92
5	Category -1	9774	375.23
	Category -1	9341	359.58

Note: the Daily rate should not be less than 1/26 than the monthly rate.

Appendix 7: Socio-economic Profile of Affected persons

S. No	Name of respondent t/AP and Contact Phone Number	Father/ mother's Name /Husband Name	Age	Sex (M/F)	Busi ness owne r empl oyee	Struct ure owner/ Tenant	Type of business (mobile vendor /stationa ry)	Type of impact (display of wareson ROW affected, temporary Income loss/other loss)	If busin ess owne r,no. of empl oyee s	No. of family membe rs (M= F= T=)	Type of vulnerability (BPL/woman / WHH/child worker/ orphan- child/SC/d isabled/ elderly/ landless/no n- titleholder- indicate multiple vulnerabilit les if applicable)	Daily income from affected business (Rs.)	Daily Profit (if business owner) - Rs.	Photo of AP and shop/business
1	Vindes hri verma, 817197	Lt.Dayaram verma	52	М	Owner	Perso nal	Fruit and Vegetable	Temporary loss of	Nil	4	OBC	1800	1200	
								income		4				
	9614									8				
2	Laxman,	Lt.	40	М	Owner	Perso	Vegetable	Temporaryy	Nil	3	GEN	1500	950	
	9119758 494	khagha chauhan				nal	shop	loss of income		2				
										5				
	boro khao Nas	r Dotal Nagari	roturoli											The state of the s
3	hera khas Nea Himani	W/O	42	F	Owner	Perso	Tabaco/	Temporaryy	Nil	3	GEN	1200	700	tootheet beginning
3	Kaviraj,	Babu	74	'	OWING	nal	Cigarette	loss of	INII		GLIN	1200	700	
	9568559127	Kaviraj					shop	income		2				
										5				

Т	HDC Colony D	ehra Khas												
4	Aslam, 99908014 43	Ramzani	45	М	Owner	Personal	Press and Dry Clean Shop	Temporary loss of income	Nil	3 6	GE N/ Min orit y	1000	600	
5.	Radhey Shayam 8173225446	Ram Jiyavan	43	M	Owner	Personal	Ironing 8 Laundry	Temporary loss of income	sNil	3	None	2700	2000	
6	Md. Jahangir, 7451832558	Md.Fazlur Rehman	44	М	Owner	Personal	Vegetable Vendor using cart	Temporary loss of income	Nil	3	GE N/ Min orit y	1200	800	
ТН	DC Colony Del	nra Khas. S	ai Baba I	Enclave						6	Handica pped			
7	Hamida,	W/O Md.Fi dda	35	F	Owner	Personal	Vegetable vertusigat	Temporary loss of income	Nil	5 3 8	GEN/ Minority	1300	750	
8		Ramdul aare Gupta	38	М	Owner	Personal	Vegetable vettusigat	Temporary loss of income	Nil	4 2 6	GE N	1500	900	protests gupta
9	Rajesh Kumar Rathore, 8382048 592	Balak Ram	23	М	Owner	Personal	Vegetable vertusigat	Temporary loss of income	Nil	1 2	GE N	1000	600	

1	0	Rajender, 843912692 2 r Kali Mata Ma	lal	28	M and Poord		Personal	Press and Dry Clean	Temporary loss of income	Nil	5	S C	1500	1000	
1				36	M		Personal	Tea Stall And Bike Punchar Repair Shop	Temporary loss of income	Nil	8 4 1 2	GEN	2000	1300	DOING TO THE PARTY OF THE PARTY
	2	rakash Daya Shankar Gupta, 9530355641	Mithai Pal	46	M	Owner	Personal	Vegetable weutusigzat	Temporary loss of income	Nil	3 2 5	GEN	1000	600	Daya Shankar Gupta

Reference: Baseline survey (Reverification) conducted by PMDSC/UIRUDP in the month of March 2022

Vulnerable APs:03 (ScheduledCaste:01, Other Backward Class:01, Disability: 01)

Appendix 8: Safety Measures for Sewer Line Laying

Type of Roads	Averag e Width of Road (M)	Pipe dia Max. (mm	Maxim um Width of Actual Excav ation (mm)	Method of trench Excavatio n of laying of pipes	Availabl e width from one edge (m)	Length of Single working stretch (M)	Method of traffic Managem ent	Remarks
Bituminous /Concrete	3.5	600	1000	Mechanic al Means	700	200	Flagman on both sides in addition to no parking signage on either end	May opt for night work at few sections having heavy traffic during
Interlocking tiles /Earthen	2.0	250	650	Mechanic al Means	600	200	As above	daytime.

Notes:

- 1. There is CC, bituminous top and interlocking tiles type of roads.
- 2. All the service providers like electricity, telecom, Cable TV, water supply lines shall be notified and consulted well in advance through outreach team of contractor and CAPA team to identify the possible bottlenecks and to suggest the possible solutions and reinstating the services in case of any breakage of the same.
- 3. For the busy junctions having higher traffic load the provision of laying of pipes through trenchless has been provided.
- 4. Reinstatement will be carried out in two phases; temporary and permanent.
- 5. The socio-religious functions of the community (weekly bazar, festivals etc.;) will be strictly followed and works causing community inconveniences will be strictly avoided on these dates/days.
- 6. No drainage channels will be disturbed any such disturbance /damage shall be set right as a priority work to avoid the impounding of the water in any area.
- 7. Pedestrian area will always be kept free from debris/trip hazard.
- 8. Environmental management plan will be strictly followed for all works.
- 9. Any form of land contamination, if encountered, shall be immediately brought to the notice of PIU/ PMU safeguard officer and remedial measures including plan for safe disposal of contaminated earth shall be suggested as immediate priority action.
- 10. Night work, of any, shall be carried out after due authorization with adequate authorities with adequate safety and security measures, due provisions like use of acoustic hood shall be used to reduce the noise pollution.

Appendix 9: Sample Monitoring Template

A semi-annual monitoring report shall be prepared on Resettlement Plan implementation and submitted to ADB by the PMU. It will include: (1) the list of affected persons, with compensation. if any due to each and details of compensation paid with signed receipts annexed to the report, socio-economic status and satisfaction levels of affected persons with the Resettlement Plan implementation process, compensation and mitigation measures; (2) the list of vulnerable affected persons and additional compensation / special protection planned/implemented for them (e.g. assistance to obtain project construction related jobs);socioeconomic status and satisfaction levels of affected persons with the Resettlement Plan implementation process, compensation and mitigation measures: (3) list of roads for closure and actions planned / taken to minimize disturbance; (4) details of consultations held with affected persons (with number of participants by gender, issues raised, conclusion /agreement reached, actions required/taken; (5) details of grievances registered, redressed, outstanding complaints, minutes of GRM meetings held; (6) details of information disclosure and awareness generation activities, levels of awareness among target population and behavior change, if any; and (7) any other relevant information showing Resettlement Plan implementation progress. The following checklist may be used for overall monitoring of Resettlement Plan implementation.

S.N.	Resettlement Plan Activities	Completed Y/N	Remarks		
A. Pre-	A. Pre-Construction Activities and Resettlement Plan Activities				
1	Approval of final Resettlement Plan by ADB prior to contract award				
2	Disclosure of final Resettlement Plan on ADB and EA websites				
3	Circulation of summary Resettlement Plan in local languages to all stakeholders				
B. Res	ettlement Plan Implementation				
1	Grievance Redress Mechanism established at different levels				
2	Entitlements and grievance redress procedure disclosed				
3	Finalization of list of affected persons, vulnerable affected persons and compensation due				
4	Finalization of list of roads for full or partial closure; mitigation measures proposed and implemented (with photographic documentation)				
5	Affected persons received entitlements as per EM in resettlement plan				
6	Payment of compensation, allowances and assistance (No. of affected persons)				
7	Additional assistance (project-related construction jobs, if willingand able) for vulnerable households given (No. of vulnerable affected persons assisted)				

S.N.	Resettlement Plan Activities	Completed Y/N	Remarks
8	Grievances No. of grievances registered No. of grievances redressed Outstanding complaints		
9	Disclosure of grievance redress statistics Consultation, participation and disclosure as per Plan		
C. Mor	itoring		
10	Survey on satisfaction levels of affected persons with Resettlement Plan implementation completed		
D.	Labor		
11	Implementation of all statutory provisions on labor like health, safety, welfare, sanitation, and working conditions by Contractors. Ensuring no child labour used		
12	Equal pay for equal work for men and women		

NOTE: Where applicable, the information provided in the table should be supported by detailed explanatory report, receipts and other details.

Appendix 10: Outline of Project Information Disclosure Leaflet

S. No.	Components	Description
1	Name of the project, project, EA/IA and city	Uttarakhand Integrated and Resilient Urban Development Project – Sewerage and Storm Water Drainage System Development in THDC area and Yamuna Colony of Kargi Zone at Dehradun, Uttarakhand Package UIRUDP: WW-DDN-01
2	Proposed project technical details and project benefits	The project covers sanitation and drainage systems in central and south-central part covering wards 33, 35 and 72 comprising THDC area, Yamuna Colony, Kargi, Pathribagh and Dehra-Khas; the project covers sewerage Zone 1 and the main components are (i) Laying of 31 km of sewer pipes; (ii) 3,000 sewer household connections; and (iii) construction of 38 km storm water drainage system.
3	Summary of project impacts	Project implementation will not require acquisition of private land, as the entire civil works for the sewer pipelines and stormwater drainage will be done within the right of way (ROW) of land and roads under government ownership. The sewer pipelines will be laid within the ROW of existing government roads (under the ownership of Dehradun Nagar Nigam). Census survey based on detailed design and DMS of the business activities in the project area was conducted, and involuntary resettlement impacts are assessed. It is assessed that 12 roadside business owners (71 household members) will incur temporary income loss for the period of disruption (estimated as 26 days) during the construction phase. Out of the total affected persons likely to face loss of income temporarily, three (03) affected business owners are identified as vulnerable. The cut-off date for temporary impacts due to laying of sewerage network, and storm water drainage is 22nd March, 2022, the date of census survey.
4	Compensation and entitlements	A resettlement plan is prepared for the project. The entitlement matrix presented in the resettlement plan provides for compensation of all potential losses to be provided to all affected persons in the project area. Affected persons are entitled to the following types of compensation and assistances: (i) compensation for loss of income (INR 950 per day) for the duration of impact; (ii) shifting allowance (INR 9000, payable to affected persons who are required to shift); and (iii) additional assistance to vulnerable groups (INR 30000/family).

5	Resettlement Plan (RP) budget	The proposed total budget for the implementation of the resettlement plan is INR 13,73,280.00 (Thirteen lakhs thirty seventy-three thousand two hundred and eighty only) or INR 1.37328 million), which covers compensation for temporary income loss, one-time shifting allowance and one-time assistance to identified vulnerable households. The amount will be electronically transferred by the PIU to the account of the affected persons. The project will ensure preparation of identify cards and opening of bank accounts of the affected persons (not having bank accounts).
6	RP implementation schedule	The resettlement plan will be implemented in a phased manner over the period June 2022 to June 2025. Compensation will be paid prior to the impact.
7	Consultation and disclosure requirements	The approved entitlement matrix and resettlement plan is available at public locations in the city and disclosed to a wider audience through the Government of Uttarakhand and ADB website.
8	Implementation arrangement	The Urban Development Department (UDD), Government of Uttarakhand is the Executing Agency (EA) of the UIRUDP. A state-level Program Management Unit (PMU) under Uttarakhand Urban Sector Development Agency a special purpose vehicle is set up for the project implementation. City/town level Program Implementation Units (PIU) have been set up by the Implementing Agency (IA) to manage implementation of projects, at Dehradun and Nainital. The PMU/PIU will be assisted by Project Management and Design Construction Supervision Consultants (PMDSC) which will be providing program management support, assure the technical quality of design and construction, and provide advice on policy reforms. Resettlement Plan implementation will be closely monitored by PMU/PIU on a regular basis. Community Awareness and Public Participation Agency (CAPPA) will facilitate PMU and PIU with organizing meetings with affected persons and disclosure of entailment matrix and grievance redress mechanism with affected persons and stakeholders.
9	Grievance Redress Mechanism	A three-tier common GRM has been set up; a grievance redress cell has been formed vide office order Social/UUSDA/IEC/182 dated 10th February, 2022. Grievance redress mechanism outlined in the resettlement plan is meant to ensure that complaints and grievances are resolved in a collaborative, expeditious, and effective manner through dialogue, joint fact-finding, negotiation, and problem solving. The toll free number for complaint registration is: 1800-180-4159.

Contact numbers of CAPP, PIU, PMU	CAPPA: To be added 2. Contractor: To be added 3. PIU: Assistant Engineer, Contact Number: +917005764369 4. PMU: IEC Officer, Contact Number: +918979054650
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Attach list of affected persons and Entitlement Matrix to this leaflet. This leaflet will be disseminated both in local language (Hindi) and English

Micro-plan as per Entitlement Matrix with the contact details of APs for THDC Package

S. No.	Name	Compensation for income loss for 26 working days @ ₹ 950 per day*	Shifting Allowance (₹)	One time vulnerability Assistance (₹)	Compens ation of APs (₹)
1.	Vindeshri verma,	24,700/-	9,000/-	30,000/-	63,700/-
2.	Laxman,	24,700/-	9,000/-	Not applicable	33,700/-
3.	Himani Kaviraj,	24,700/-	9,000/-	Not applicable	33,700/-
4.	Aslam	24,700/-	9,000/-	Not applicable	33,700/-
5.	Radhey Shayam	24,700/-	9,000/-	Not applicable	33,700/-
6.	Md. Jahangir	24,700/-	9,000/-	30,000/-	63,700/-
7.	Hamida,	24,700/-	9,000/-	Not applicable	33,700/-
8.	Pushav Gupta,	24,700/-	9,000/-	Not applicable	33,700/-
9.	Rajesh Kumar	24,700/-	9,000/-	Not applicable	33,700/-
10.	Rajendera	24,700/-	9,000/-	30,000/-	63,700/-
11.	Sonu,	24,700/-	9,000/-	Not applicable	33,700/-
12.	Daya Shankar Gupta,	24,700/-	9,000/-	Not applicable	33,700/-
				Grant Total	4,94,400/-

Appendix 11: Grievance Registration Format (to be made available in Hindi language)

ntation.	
eir name and conta	ct information to enable us
details and wants th	at the information provided
	NTIAL)* above Grievance
71 5 (,
f registration	
	6. Age
*Female	
e provide the details (who, what, where and how)of
	mmont/ariovonoo2
r update on your co	mment/grievance?
ICE ONLY	
JSE ONLY	
JSE ONLY	
JSE ONLY	
eviewing grievance)	
eviewing grievance) Yes/	
eviewing grievance)	
	details and wants the styling *(CONFIDE) of registration of Gender * Male *Female

Appendix 12: Survey Safety Protocol during Covid-19

Uttarakhand Integrated and Resilient Urban Development ProjectSocio-Economic Surveys

SURVEY SAFETY PROTOCOL ON COVID-19

A. Introductions

1. The Government of Uttarakhand has requested support from Asian Development Bank for the Uttarakhand Integrated and Resilient Urban Development Project to improve universal and equitable access to safe and affordable drinking water, and access to adequate and equitable sanitation and hygiene for all ending open defecation. The outcome of the project is reliability and efficiency of water supply and sanitation services in Dehradun and Nainital enhanced. As a part of the social safeguard documents (resettlement plans), and detailed measurement surveys, socio-economic survey will require to be conducted for the project locations. As the COVID-19 situationis prevailing, safety protocol for survey work has been developed addressing COVID-19.

B. About the Corona Virus Disease

2. Coronavirus disease (COVID-19) is an infectious disease caused by a newly discovered coronavirus. Most people infected with the COVID-19 virus will experience mild to moderate respiratory illness and recover without requiring special treatment. Older people and those with underlying medical problems like cardiovascular disease, diabetes, chronic respiratory disease, and cancer are more likely to develop serious illness. The COVID-19 virus spreads primarily through droplets of saliva or discharge from the nose when an infected person coughs or sneezes. At this time, there are no specific vaccines or treatments for COVID-19.²⁹ However, precautions can be implemented to prevent and slow down the transmission of the virus.

C. Common Symptoms of Corona Virus Disease³⁰

3. COVID-19 affects different people in different ways. Most infected people will develop mild to moderate illness and recover without hospitalization.

Most common symptoms:

- fever;
- dry cough;
- tiredness.

Less common symptoms:

- aches and pains;
- sore throat:
- diarrhea:
- conjunctivitis;
- headache:
- loss of taste or smell;
- a rash on the skin, or fingers or toes become pale.

Serious symptoms:

- difficulty breathing or shortness of breath;
- chest pain or pressure;

²⁹ World Health Organization. https://www.who.int/health-topics/coronavirus#tab=tab 1

World Health Organization. https://www.who.int/health-topics/coronavirus#tab=tab 1

loss of speech or movement.

D. Personal Protective Equipment that should be worn by survey team of UIRUDP

- 4. While in the field, all the members of the survey team shall use or wear proper personal protective equipment (PPE) at all times. These PPEs may be removed on certain circumstances only, such as, but not limited to, eating, drinking, and any other task or activity that the PPE may inhibit the action. However, during these times, strict observance of social distancing is required.
- 5. The most common type of PPEs that should be worn by the field surveyors and enumerators are the following:
 - Reusable mask or surgical mask. Reusable masks should be maintained clean per the manufacturer's instruction. Surgical masks should not be reused.
 - <u>Face shield</u>. This PPE is especially useful for the field workers especially when talking to various people in a relatively confined space or indoors.
 - <u>Gloves</u>. This is especially useful in situations in the field where items are being passed around from one hand to another, and no available hand sanitizers, or water and soap for handwashing after the activity.

E. Safety Protocol for Survey Work

1. The survey team of UIRUDP should ensure the following;

- Before undertaking the survey, ensure that the respective urban local body (ULB) has been informed by UIRUDP about the survey.
- Never carry out survey activities in containment zone, if any, and undertake surveys in such areas after restrictions are lifted and necessary approvals are obtained for survey work.
- Maintain adequate stock of masks and sanitiser for survey team; and single-use surgical mask for respondents.
- The team should have handheld contactless temperature scanner and pulse oximeter (minimum 3-sets).
 - a) To test all members of the survey team every morning before starting of survey to ensure no persons are having a fever (above 100 F or 38 C) and oxygen saturation level (should be above 95).
 - b) Once in the field, the head of the team should test the temperature of every respondent before assigning a team member to a particular respondent.
 - i. The temperature of the respondent should be below above 100 F or 38 C.
 - ii. If the temperature is high, then advise such respondents to take a rest and consult a doctor.
- 6. FGDs should be held only if allowed by District administration and situation permits. Otherwise, avoid FGDs.
 - a) If FGDs are conducted, ensure it is held in the open, ensuring that participants are seated at least 1-meter apart.

- b) Ensure there is no handshaking or any physical contact between participants and provide surgical mask to all participants.
- c) Participants with fever, if any, should be asked to stay at home and not join the FGD.
- 7. Check daily the latest information on areas where COVID-19 is spreading and ensure no survey work is undertaken in any area declared as a containment zone.
- 8. Ensure no member of the survey team is in the high-risk category, those with medical conditions such as diabetes, heart, lung disease, etc. If any, counsel them and exclude them from the survey activity.
- 9. Ensure that no respondent with fever, cough, and cold is included in the enumeration, and collect information from some other member of the family who is in good health. If all members of the family are unwell, skip enumerating such families.
- 10. Mobile phones of the survey team, laptop, etc. need to be wiped with disinfectant daily on return from the field.
- 11. The safety protocol will be implied for the entire survey team of UIRUDP.

2. Every enumerator/Interviewer of the survey team should strictly adhere to the following safety measures

- 12. UIRUDP will provide an adequate number of branded N95 masks (single use only). At the end of each day, upon reaching home/place of stay, cut the mask into 2-pieces (to prevent recycling) and safely dispose of it in a separate wrapper as per Municipal Corporation guidelines.
- 13. The enumerator/ interviewer should have a shoulder bag for carrying the hand sanitiser, single-use surgical masks, hand towel, survey tablet, identity card, water bottle, etc.
- 14. He should use N95 mask before setting out of his place to survey location and should use it throughout the day, till he completes the day's survey work and returns to his place.
 - a) Before putting on the mask, clean hands with alcohol-based hand sanitise or soap and water.
 - b) Cover mouth and nose with mask and make sure there are no gaps between the face and the mask.
 - c) Avoid touching the mask while using it; if it is touched, clean hands with alcohol-based hand sanitise immediately after touching the mask.
 - d) To remove the mask: remove it from behind (do not touch the front of the mask); clean hands with alcohol-based hand rub or soap and water; and wash the mask with washing soap and dry it in sunlight.
- 15. Before and after every household survey, clean hands thoroughly with an alcohol-based hand sanitiser, which will be provided by UIRUDP.
 - a) Avoid touching eyes, mouth, and nose immediately after using the hand sanitiser, as it can cause irritation.
 - b) Under no circumstance, drink or let children at home or survey-place, swallow the hand sanitizer. It can be poisonous.

- c) Hand sanitizers recommended to protect against COVID-19 are alcohol-based and therefore can be flammable, be careful.
- 16. Wash hands with soap and water or using alcohol-based hand sanitiser before having tea and lunch.
- 17. Carry a freshly washed hand towel every day to dry your hands after washing.
- 18. Maintain at least 2 metre (6 feet) distance between yourself and the respondent and others during the enumeration.
 - a) Since the place of the respondent to be surveyed, may be congested and it may be difficult to maintain the minimum 6-feet distance, ensure that the respondent wears a mask throughout the enumeration.
 - b) Collect and keep some single-use surgical masks from your supervisor for giving to respondents.
 - c) Request respondents to avoid crowding of other family members when the enumeration is in progress.
- 19. After collecting and handing over the identity cards for taking photographs, ensure that hands are cleaned using alcohol-based hand sanitiser.
- 20. Avoid going to crowded places during and after enumeration.
- 21. Avoid touching eyes, nose, and mouth until reaching home and have taken a bath.
 - a) Use shampoo and wash hair thoroughly.
 - b) Wash clothes and dry them in sunlight.
 - c) All gadgets and materials used during survey should be disinfected, put in one bag and keep away from any family member, to ensure no virus is brought into the households of enumerators/surveyors.
 - d) Dispose off used face masks properly as described above. Face shields should be properly washed or disinfected as well.
- 22. Consume only cooked hot food and avoid consuming any packaged food.
 - a) Carry drinking water and keep the body hydrated.
 - b) Drink hot water, wherever possible
- 23. Avoid public transport for local travel and use vehicle/motorcycle of UIRUDP (if possible) to reach survey places (settlements).
 - a) If auto-rickshaw is used ensure only 2-persons travel and in taxi, 3-persons. As much as possible, avoid auto and taxi, and use motorcycle or cycle instead.
- 24. If someone has any minor symptoms such as cough, headache, mild fever, inform UIRUDP, and stay at home. Do not come for the survey work.
 - a) At home, be isolated from others.
 - b) call the nearest government COVID-19 health care contact person and give details of your symptoms and places that is visited for survey work.

F. Important

25. UIRUDP will facilitate testing of the members for COVID-19, once they reach the destination town and the supervisors should be in self-quarantine till results come. Only after the result is known and is Negative, the survey activities should commence. If anyone tests Positive, then such a person should immediately contact the hospital and take treatment as recommended.



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Road Name: Umang Vihar Bramanwala Traffic Category: **Low**



Road Name: Dehrakhas Traffic Category: **Medium**



Road Name: Dehrakhas Traffic Category: Low

Road Name: Pathribag chowk Traffic Category: **Medium**

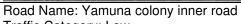


Road Name: Yamuna colony Approach Road Traffic Category: Medium



Road Name: Yamuna colony Approach Traffic Category: Medium





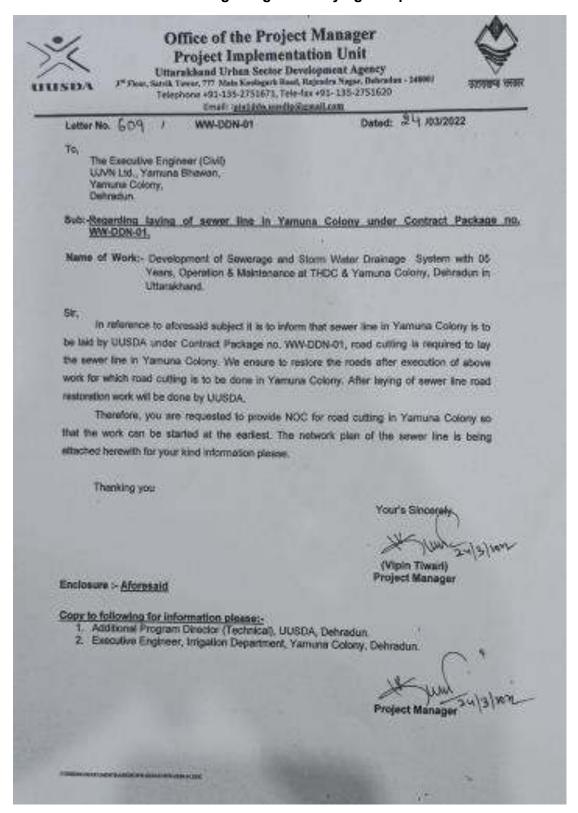


Traffic Category: Low



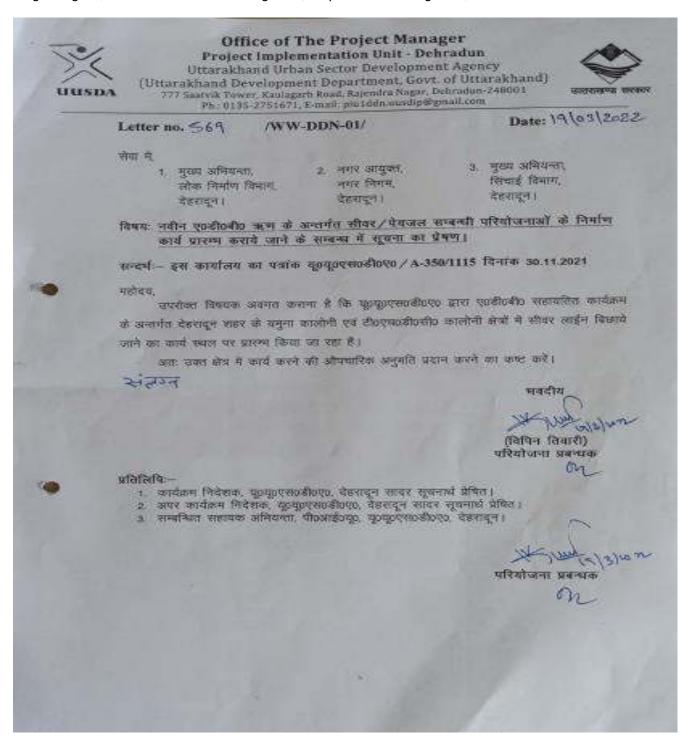
Road Name: Yamuna colony Sayyad Mohalla Traffic Category: Low

Appendix 14: Letter from Office of the Project Manager, PIU, Dehradun, to obtain NOC from Dehradun Nagar Nigam for laying of Pipeline



Appendix 15: Letter from Office of the Project Manager, PIU, Dehradun, to obtain NOCs, from concerned Departments prior to start the civil work

Transcription: Project Manager, UUSDA, Dehradun vide its letter 649/WS&S-DDN-03, dated 29-03-2022, applied for the NOC from Chief Engineer, Public Works Department, Dehradun, Commissioner, Nagar Nigam, Dehradun and Chief Engineer, Department of Irrigation, Dehradun.



Appendix 16: Office Order regarding Grievance Redressal Committee by PMU



Office of the Program Director Uttarakhand Urban Sector Development Agency (UUSDA)



Urban Development Department, Govt. of Uttarakhand 277, Switch Towar, 8 Floor, Kaulagarh Road, Rajendra Nagar, Ochradun Tel- 0135-2753894, Fax: 0135-2754895, www.uusdp.org. Envil: sundp@greal.com

Letter No. - Social/UUSDA/IEC/ 182

Date 10 /02/2022

E-mail/Speed Root

Office Order

For addressing day to day basis grievances, needs an urgent attention by the concerning officers is required. As per Project Administration Manual (PAM) and as per project need, a Grievance redressal cell (GRC) to be formed to record and redress the public grievances in a time bound manner.

In this regard a Grievance Redressal Cell (GRC) is being constituted in PMU and each PIU of UIRUOP project comprising of the following officials/ staff:

Grievance Redressal Cell (GRC)

- 1. Project Manager, PIU henceforth will be in-charge of the GRC.
- A Data Entry Operator (DEO) will be assigned duly for registering and complying, all the grievances for putting up before the concerning authority.
- Social & Environmental Officials PIU, Contractor, CAPPA, PMDSC officials will work as a representative / grievances (Social, Environmental and Safety) receiver and recorder from community.
- IECO, SDGO, EO, Social & Environmental Officials of CAPPA and PMDSC will oversee the grievances under supervision of DPD, APD (Tech.).
- Social & Environmental officials PMDSC, CAPPPA will weekly report the grievance data to IECO, SDGO, EO: PMU.
- IECO, SDGO will record the calls on Toll free 1800 180 4159 at PMU level and will forward to the concerned Project Manager. PRU (A Data Entry Operator (DEC)-PMU will be assigned duly for registering and complying, all the grievances for putting up before the concerning authority).

The GRC w.e.f. 09.02.2022 and will put up the compilation of all the concern, complaints and grievances received from any platform (Field, public meetings, whatsapp, social media, calls and etc.). They all should be registered, recorded, attended and closed, along with pending cases on weekly basis, having co-ordination with the stakeholders and line-agencies.

The above officials are directed that they will perform the above tasks along with their work, for this no additional allowance will be payable to them.

The said orders will be effective immediately.

Enclosure: As above.

C.C. to-

1- Program Director, UUSDA for kind information.

2- To the all concerned officials for necessary action.

(Vinay Mishra) Addi. Program Director

Addl. Program Director

Project Administration Manual (PAM) - UIRUBP Page - 59 Point/Para - 91

A. Grievance Redress Mechanism

91 499. A project-specific, grievance redress mechanism (GRM) will be established to receive, evaluate and facilitate resolution of both social and environment reflated concerns raised by the affected persons, communities and other stakeholders during project implementation. GRM aims to provide a time-bound and transparent mechanism to voice and resolve complaints/grievances of the project stakeholders. Assessment of the GRM designed and implemented for the previous ADB-tinanced Uttarakhand Urban Sector Development Investment Program (UUSDIP)²⁸ shows

²⁶ The procedults followed for grievance redress during implementation of UUSDIP* Loan 1 and 2 included the project level GRM, including providing toll free number for grievance registering. Samadhan (www.samadhan.uk.gov.in), portal of Government of Utbarathand and the Chief Minister's helpfine. Complaints received through various channels were mostly minor and pertained to damage to existing water supply pipelines and disruption of water supply during construction, delays in road restoration, pending now connections and increase an Noise and dust levels Complaints.

that the system was effective in timely resolution of grievances in a transparent manner. ³⁷ The multichannel, project specific, three-tier GRM is functional at UUSDIP, hence the design of GRM for UUSDIP2 takes into account the proposed institutional structure for UIRUDP and the positive features and learning from the previous GRM.²⁸

- 40. Common GRM A common GRM will be in place for social, environmental, or any other grievances related to the project, implementation of the resettlement plans/initial environmental examination (IEEs) will follow the GRM described below. The GRM will provide an accessible and trusted platform for receiving and facilitating resolution of affected persons' grievances related to the project.
- 95. The grievance redress mechanism will provide an accessible, inclusive, gender-sensitive and culturally appropriate platform for receiving and facilitating resolution of affected persons' grievances related to the project. The construction works under the contract package will be carried out along inhabited areas, therefore, it is anticipated that it may lead to some disturbance and inconvenience to local people. In order to provide a direct channel to the affected persons and stakeholders for approaching project authorities and have their grievance registered and redressed in an appropriate time frame, PMU will establish a Grievance Redress Mechanism, which will be functional throughout the project period.
- 44.92. A complaint receiving system will be put in place at each site with the help of Community Awareness and Public Participation Agency (CAPPA). A Complaint Register and Complaint Forms will be made available at the site office of each contractor, with a display board indicating availability of such facility.
- 95 -65. Public awareness campaigns within entire ULB/Municipal area will ensure that awareness on grisvance redress procedures is generated. The nodal officer-social/environment at field level through Community Awareness and Public Participation Agency (CAPPA) will conduct ULB/Municipal area-based awareness campaigns to ensure that poor and vulnerable households are made aware of grievance redress procedures and entitlements. Contractors will provide leaflets to communities prior to start of works and erect billboards during construction mentioning details of the project work. The pamphlets and billboards will include relevant environmental and

related to clamage to private property (compound walls/steps, etc.) were less in number. The grievances were resolved in coordination with the contractors. Complaints received were immediately referred by the Consultation and Participation Agency (CAPA) / design and supervision consultant (DSC) supervision staff to the implementing Project implementation Unit (IPIU) holds officer (safeguards) and concerned engineer at IPIU, who additiod them on urther action. Follow up with the contractor on complaint resolution was undertaken by IPIU Model officer CAPA; and DSC and final feedback sought from complaintant upon resolution. Complaints requiring inter-departmental coordination were referred to the implementing PMU (IPIMI) for resolution, and feedback smirited to complain and

2

²⁷ Town-level grievance registration data at IPIU level under UUSDIP indicates that a large number of grievances were registered, pointing to the effectiveness of the multi-channel GRM. No major grievance was received for both the phases of UUSDIP. The GRM helped smoothen the process of project implementation, hence the proposed architecture for the UISUDP GRM certains similar, with some refinement, taking into account the changes in institutional sortup proposed for project implementation.

The Logistics support at field level will be key to successful management of grievance nedress under URUDP. The target date for establishment of the first level (FieldPIU level) and second level (PMU level) of GRM is before to negotiation. For UUSDP, billboards were used to inform communities about the filing process, and community mobilizers supported creating a continuous consultation process. Pemphilets were distributed, and community consent was obtained before the commencement of work. Stakeholders were able to the their grievances through a foll-free number (which do not exist now); a new tol-free number will be in place for UIRUDP. Grievances can also be uploaded in UUSDA website at https://www.suadip.org/glievance.php (which is still functional).

social safeguards, GRM information, and contact details of key personnel from PIU and contractors.

Affected persons will have the flexibility of conveying grievances/suggestions by dropping grievance redress/suggestion forms in complaint/suggestion boxes that will be installed by project PIUs or by e-mail, by post, or by writing in a complaint register in ULB offices/complaints register at contractor's work site. Careful documentation of the name of the complainant, date of receipt of the complaint, address/contact details of the person, location of the problem area, and how the problem was resolved will be undertaken and feedback provided to the complainant on action/decision taken. The Social and Environmental Safeguard Nocal Officers of town/city level PIU will have the overall responsibility for timely grievance redressal on environmental and social safeguards issues and for registration of grievances, related disclosure, with the assistance of project consultants. In case of grievances that are immediate and urgent in the perception of the complainant, the contractor, and officials of PIU with assistance from CAPPA on-site will provide the most easily accessible or first level of contact for quick resolution of grievances. Contact numbers and names of the concerned PIU safeguard and safety officer, EHS Supervisor of contractors, CAPPA and SDGO/EO will be posted at all construction sites at visible locations.

B. Grievance Redress Process

- 97 -85. Grievances received during public outreach programs and consultations by CAPPA will be brought to the notice of concerned PIU and formally registered. Grievances not redressed at field/PIU level and PMU level will be brought to grievance redress committee (GRC). The Town Level Committees (TLC) set up to monitor project implementation in each town will be the members of GRC. The proposed GRC will be gender inclusive and will have civil society representation. The grievance redress committee (GRC) is chaired by the Chairman of TLC (Mayors or Chairpersons). The members of TLC are as follows:
 - (i) Mayor or Chairperson as chair;
 - (ii) Municipal Commissioner or Executive Officer as member,
 - (iii) Concern Line Agency representatives as member;
 - (iv) NGO and Civil Society Organization as member, and
 - (v) Executive Engineer of Town PIU as member secretary.
- 48. The GRC, including Town Level Committee (TLC) members will meet every month (if grievances are brought to the Committee), determine the merit of each grievance, and resolve grievances within a month of receiving the complaint. This will accept complaints regarding the social safeguard issues in implementation of the project. The grievances received and actions taken will be included into the environmental and social monitoring reports submitted to ADB. The following 3-stage process will be followed in grievance redress:
- 47. First Level Grievance (Field/PIU level): Complaints received (written or oral communication) will be registered in Complaint Register assigning complaint number with date of receipt, name of complainant, address/contact number of complainants. The PIU/PMDSC will review the complaint and direct the Contractor for necessary action (will try to resolve the issue within 7 days from the date of receipt of complaint), depending on the type/nature of complaint.

the Contractor will be given reasonable time for corrective action; the CAPPA will inform the complainant, within 24 hours, the time frame in which the corrective action will be communicated by e-mail, text message or telephonically, if the grievance referred will not fall under the purview of the project/program, the same will be intimated to the complainant, Contractor will take corrective action or as directed by PMDSC; the CAPPA in coordination with DSC will conduct the site visit to check the action taken and its appropriateness. The action taken will be documented

in the Complaint Register, and the complaint will be closed if it is satisfactorily addressed, and the complainant will be informed through website/e-mail/telephonically. The responsible persons for field/PIU level²⁸ grievance redress are as follows:

- Social Development and Gender Officers (SDGO) and Assistant Environmental Officers (AEO), PlUs;
- Social, Gender and Resettlement and Environmental Experts, Engineers (if required), PMDSC.
- (ii) Contractor representative (EHS Supervisor);
- (iv) CAPPA:
- (v) Municipal Ward Member (if required)
- Second Level Grievance (PMU level): In case of no satisfactory action in 1st level, the complainant can approach PMU level grievance redress team for necessary action; CAPPA will assist the complainant in doing so. Grievance redress team at PMU level with the assistance of PMDSC will initiate action and take the corrective measures as required, and CAPPA will intimate the complainant about the action taken, upon satisfaction of complainant, the case will be closed and marked as resolved within 15 days of receipt of complainant about the responsible persons for PMU level grievance redress are as follows:
 - Deputy Program Director 1, responsible for project, GESI and safeguard implementation;
 - (ii) Social Development and Gender Officer (SDGO):
 - (ii) Environmental officer (EO);
 - (iv) Information, Education and Communication Officer (IECO);
 - (v) Social, Gender and Resettlement Experts (SGREs) and Environmental Experts, Engineers (if required), PMDSC; and
 - (W) CAPPA.
- 51 Set Third Level Grievance (GRC): If complainant is not satisfied with the action made or due to noncompliance of grievance at Level 2, the complainant can approach the Grievance Redress Committee (it is expected that the grievance will be redressed within 7 days³⁶ from date of receipt). The GRC will comprise of the following members:
 - Town Level Committee (Dehradun/Naintal), chaired by respective Chairperson/Mayor of the particular town;
 - (ii) Program Director, UIRUDP:
 - (iii) Additional Program Director (APD) Technical, UIRUDIP;
 - (IV) DPD 1.
 - (v) Social Development and Gender Officer (SDGO);
 - (vi) Environmental Officer (EO);
 - (vii) PMDSC (Env. and SGRE Experts).
 - (viii) Women Member of Civil Society under TLC:
 - (ix) Elected Representative (if required); and
 - (x) CAPPA

Each PIU will have a dedicated WhetsApp helptime number for registration of grievances and provision of quick feedback, to be followed by formal communication. Project contractors in all project towns will have a toll-free number with specific working hours for registration of grievances related to UIRQCP.

- Given the challenging times (due to COMD-19), an additional 7 days time-period would be given to each level to resolve the complaints/grievances.
- 100 Grievance Redress Committee. The grievance redress committee (GRC) will address both social safeguard and environment issues. The TLC31 would be chaired by Mayor of Dehradun Municipal Corporation or Nainital Municipal Corporation (as the case may require), and will have the member from civil society (preferably a woman representative), local elected representatives, engineers from UUS/UUN/Irrigation Department and any other concerned line department officials (Forrest Department). Grievances related to social and environmental safeguards will be handled by GRC through periodic meetings. The PMU Social Development and Gender Officer (SDGO), Environment Officer, experts from PMDSC and CAPPA will assist the PD, UIRUDP, APD, UIRUDP and other members of GRC, in facilitating smooth functioning of GRM and timely resolving the complaints/grievances.
- Court of Law: Under the project specific GRM, an aggrieved person shall have access to the country's legal system at any stage and accessing the country's legal system can run parallel to accessing the GRM and is not dependent on the negative outcome of the GRM. In case of grievance related to land acquisition, resettlement and rehabilitation, the affected persons will have to approach a legal body/court specially proposed under the RFCTLARRA, 2013.³² However, as none of the impacts are complex, long-term, or significant in nature, it is unlikely that there will be any unresolved issues after the first three stages. The PMU will submit RP/EMP/SEMP implementation report to ADB's review and will ensure that affected persons will receive compensation and other assistances as per EM prior to impact / displacement and before commencement of civil works. The issues relating to environment will be redressed as per the guidance provided in EMP/SEMP.
- ADB's Accountability Mechanism. The People who may /are in future be, adversely affected by the project may submit complaints to ADB's Accountability Mechanism. The Accountability Mechanism provides an independent forum and process whereby people adversely affected by ADB-assisted projects can voice, and seek a resolution of their problems, as well as report alleged violations of ADB's operational policies and procedures. Before submitting a complaint to the Accountability Mechanism, affected people should make an effort in good faith to solve their problems by working with the concerned ADB operations department. Only after doing that, and if they are still dissatisfied, should they approach ADB accountability mechanism.³⁹
- Record-keeping. The town level PIU will keep records of grievances received, including contact details of complainant, date the complaint was received, nature of grievance, agreed corrective actions and the date these were affected and final outcome in gender segregated manner. The number of grievances recorded and resolved, and the outcomes will be displayed/disclosed in the PMU office, PIU offices, and on the websites, as well as reported in monitoring reports submitted to ADB on a semi-annual basis. The sample grievance registration format is attached.
- 106 Periodic review and documentation of lessons learned. The PMU safeguard officers (SDGO and EO) will periodically review the GRM functioning at PIU/ Construction Contractor level and record information on the effectiveness of the mechanism, especially on the project's ability to transparently prevent and address the reported grievances.

The Authority admits grievances only with reference to the Land Acquisition and R&R issues under the RECTLARRA, 2013.

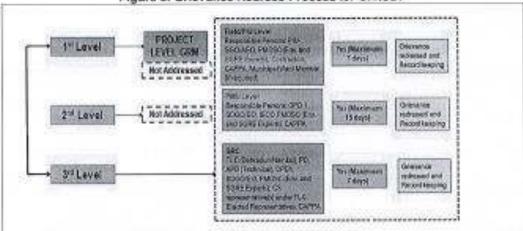
III Accountability Mechanism http://www.adb.org/Accountability-Mechanism/default.asp

4

³⁷ The TLC has been formed at each of the targeted towns for planning and monitoring of work, resolve griswinces and issues related to departmental coordination stc. it is headed by Commissioner Æsecutive Officer ULB(Chairman) and Executive Engineer of UJS/UJN, public works department (PMD) and head of PIU acting as Member Secretary.

107 Costs. As part of the EMP cost the Construction Contractors will be allocating budget for pamphlets and billboards and site level grievance registers as per requirement. PIU at town level will bear the costs involved in resolving the complaints (meetings, consultations, communication and reporting/information dissemination) while costs related to further action on intensified grievances will be met by the PMU. GRM structure for UIRUDP is presented in the figure below.





AEO = Assistant Environmental Officer; APO = Additional Program Director, CAP PA = Community Awarehess and Public Participation Agency; CS = Civil Society DB=0 = Design Build and Operate Contractor, DPO = Deputy Program Director; EO = Environmental Officer, IECO = Information Education and Communication Officer, PO = Program Director, PtU = Project Implementation Unit; PMDSC = Project Management, Design Supervision Consultant; PMU = Project Management Unit; SDGO = Social Development and Gender Officer, SGRE = Social, Gender and Resettlement Expert; TLC = Town Level Committee

Source: Asign Development Bank.

Appendix 17: Office Order issued by PMU on Safeguards Implementation Arrangements



Office of the Program Director

Uttarakhand Urban Sector Development Agency (UUSDA)

Urban Development Department, Govt. of Uttarakhand

777 , Saatisk Towar, 8 Floor, Kaulagarh Road, Rajendra Nagar, Dehradun Tel-0135-2753864, Fas-0135-2754895, sww.uundp.org. Emait uundp@gnail.com



Letter No. Social/UUSDA/IEC/ 186

Date- 13.../02/2022

E-coal/ Speed Post

Office Order

As per ADB project guidelines, during execution and implementation of projects, compliance related to social safeguard and environmental safeguard will be done on priority basis. As per Project Administration Manual (PAM) and as project need these officials are being nominated for Safeguard Officers, Environmental Officer, Social and Gender Officer and Assistant Environmental Officer under URR/IDP Project packages, as below:

5.N.	PMU/ PIU	Designated Safeguard Officer (AE)	Designated Environmental Officer (AE)
1	PMU	Mr. S. K. Verma	Mr. Jatin Singh Saini
2	Nainital	Mr. Krishna Chandra Bughani	Mr. Anil Parihar
3	Dehradun	Mr. Rajveer Singh	Mr. Amit Kumar Saini

S.N.	Package Name	Designated Social and Gender Officer (JE)	Designated Assistant Environmental Officer (JE)
1	WWNTL01 Nainitel	Mr. Ravindra Singh Chilwal	Mr. Mahesh Kumar Sengar
2	WWDDN01 THDC&Yamuna Colony	Sh. Shailendra Bhatt	Sh. Saurabli Bisht
3	WWDDN02 Raipur	Sh. Jagmohan Singh Rawat	Sh, Seurabh Bisht
4	WS&SDDN01 Banjarawala-1	Sh. Ajay Singh Rawat	Sh. Arsoop Khanduri
5	WS&SDON02 Banjarawala-2	Sh. Manoj Patwal	Sh. Prem Prakash Bhadri
6	WS&SDDN03 Banjarawal-3	Sh. Nitish Tariyal	Sh. Jitendra Nautiyal

The above officials are directed that they will perform the above tasks along with their work, for this no additional allowance will be payable to them.

The said orders will be effective immediately.

Enclosure: As above.

(Vinay Mishra) Addl. Program Director

C.C. to-

Appendix 18: Photographs of the Sites for affected person verification

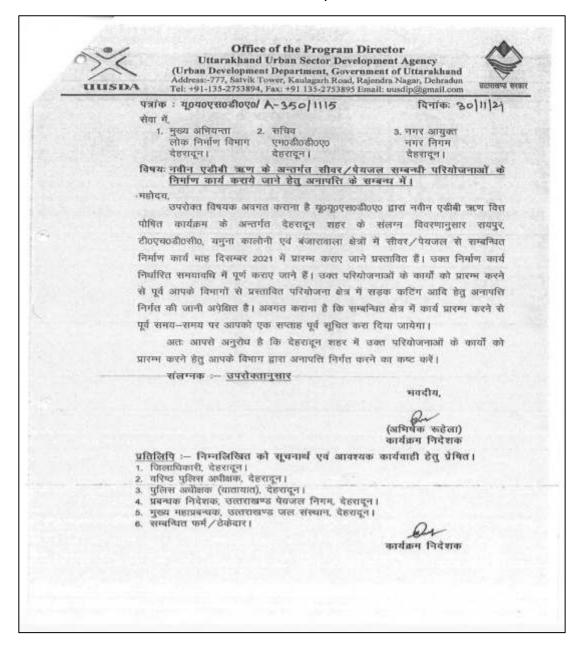


Appendix 19: Showing disclosure amongst the community including affected persons





Appendix 20A: Request for NOCs from Different Road-owner Departments (Public Works Department (PWD), Mussoorie-Dehradun Development Authority (MDDA), Nagar Nigam Dehradun)



Transcription: Director IPMU-UIRUDP, UUSDA, Mr Abhishek Ruhela, IAS, vide its letter UUSDA/A/350/1115 dated 30.11.21, addressed to the Chief Engineer, Public Works Department, Uttarakhand, Secretary, Mussoorie, Dehradun Development Authority, Dehradun, Municipal Commissionaire, Nagar Nigam, Dehradun, to provide permission for road cutting for laying of Water Supply and Sewerage pipelines in ROW of governmental roads. The letter is referred to District magistrate, Dehradun District, Senior Superintendent of Police, Dehradun, Police Commissionaire, Traffic, Dehradun, Chief Managing Director Uttarakhand Peyjal Nigam, Chief General Manager Uttarakhand Jal Sansthan, and Concerned DBOC.

Appendix 20B: Office letter for the permission of pipe laying from UJVN Ltd., Yamuna colony



Office of the Project Manager Project Implementation Unit



Uttarakhand Urban Sector Development Agency
3rd Flour, Satvik Tower, 777 Main Kanlagarh Road, Rajendra Nagar, Debradua - 248001
Telephone +91-135-2751671, Tele-fax +91-135-2751620

Email: :piu1ddn.uusdip@gmail.com

Letter No. 609

WW-DDN-01

Dated: 94 /03/2022

To,

The Executive Engineer (Civil) UJVN Ltd., Yamuna Bhawan, Yamuna Colony, Dehradun.

Sub:-Regarding laying of sewer line in Yamuna Colony under Contract Package no. WW-DDN-01.

Name of Work:- Development of Sewerage and Storm Water Drainage System with 05 Years, Operation & Maintenance at THDC & Yamuna Colony, Dehradun in Uttarakhand.

Sir.

In reference to aforesaid subject it is to inform that sewer line in Yamuna Colony is to be laid by UUSDA under Contract Package no. WW-DDN-01, road cutting is required to lay the sewer line in Yamuna Colony. We ensure to restore the roads after execution of above work for which road cutting is to be done in Yamuna Colony. After laying of sewer line road restoration work will be done by UUSDA.

Therefore, you are requested to provide NOC for road cutting in Yamuna Colony so that the work can be started at the earliest. The network plan of the sewer line is being attached herewith for your kind information please.

Thanking you

Your's Sincerely

(Vipin Tiwari) Project Manager

Enclosure :- Aforesaid

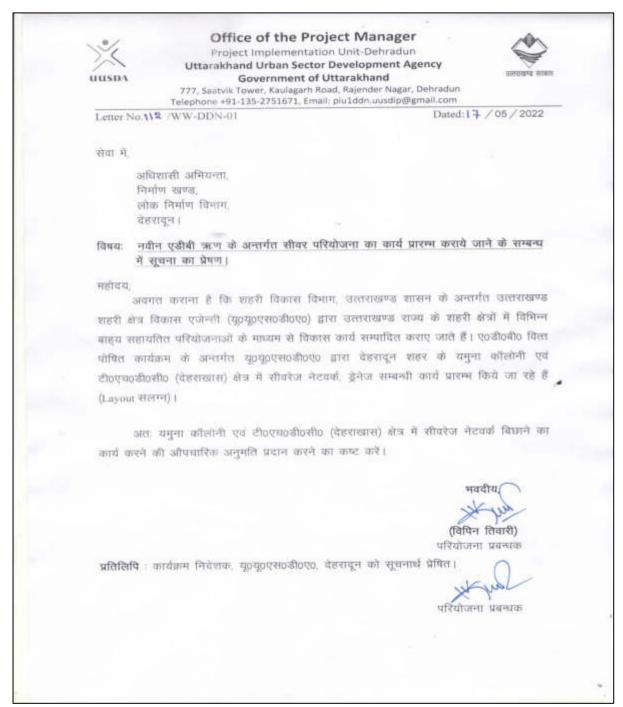
Copy to following for information please:-

1. Additional Program Director (Technical), UUSDA, Dehradun.

2. Executive Engineer, Irrigation Department, Yamuna Colony, Dehradun.

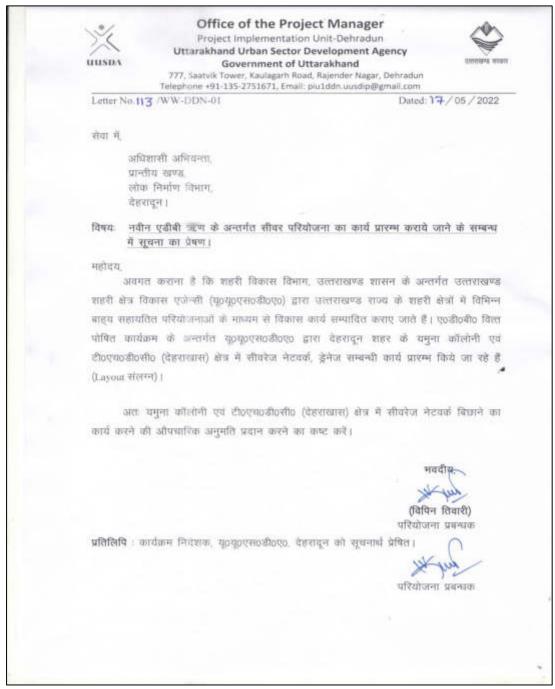
Project Manager

Appendix 20C: Office letter for the permission for sewerage network from Construction Department, Public Works Department (PWD), Dehradun



Transcription: Project Manager, Vipin Tiwari, Dehradun vide its letter 112/WW-DDN-01 dated 17.05.2022, addressed to the Executive Engineer, Construction Block, PWD, Dehradun, to provide permission for laying of Sewerage Network and drainage related work at THDC/Yamuna Colony in Dehradun . The letter is referred to Program Director, Dehradun .

Appendix 20D: Office letter for the permission of pipe laying from Provincial Division, Public Works Department (PWD), Dehradun



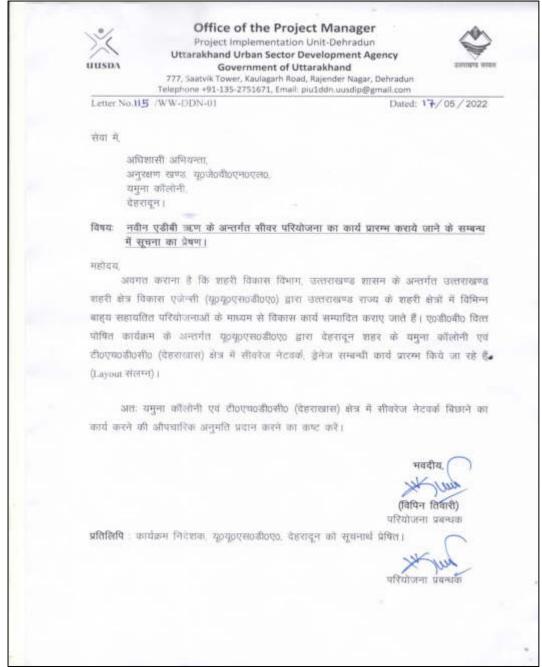
Transcription: Project Manager, Vipin Tiwari, vide its letter 113/WW-DDN-01 dated 17.05.2022, addressed to the Executive Engineer, Provincial Division, PWD, Dehradun, to provide permission for starting sewerage network, drainage work in Yamuna Colony and THDC area of the city by UUSDA under ADB Funded Program. The letter is referred to Program Director, UUSDA, Dehradun.

Appendix 20 E: Office letter for the information to Irrigation Department, Yamuna colony, Dehradun

Office of the Project Manager Project Implementation Unit-Dehradun Uttarakhand Urban Sector Development Agency Government of Uttarakhand 777, Saatvik Tower, Kaulagarh Road, Rajender Nagar, Dehradun Telephone +91-135-2751671, Email: piu1ddn.uusdip@gmail.com Letter No. W4 /WW-DDN-01 सेवा में, प्रमुख अभियन्ता, सिंचाई विभाग यमुना कॉलोनी वेहराद्न। नवीन एडीबी ऋण के अन्तर्गत सीवर परियोजना का कार्य प्रारम्भ कराये जाने के सम्बन्ध में सूचना का प्रेषण। महोदय. अवगत कराना है कि शहरी विकास विभाग, उत्तराखण्ड शासन के अन्तर्गत उत्तराखण्ड शहरी क्षेत्र विकास एजेन्सी (यू०यू०एस०डी०ए०) द्वारा उत्तराखण्ड राज्य के शहरी क्षेत्रों में विभिन्न बाह्य सहायतित परियोजनाओं के माध्यम से विकास कार्य सम्पादित कराए जाते हैं। ए०डी०बी० वित्त पोषित कार्यक्रम के अन्तर्गत यु०यू०एस०डी०ए० द्वारा देहरादून शहर के यमुना कॉलोनी एवं टीएएच0डी0सी0 (पेहराखास) क्षेत्र में सीवरेज नेटवर्क, डेनेज सम्बन्धी कार्य प्रारम्भ किये जा रहे 🖏 (Layout संलग्न) । अतः यमुना कॉलोनी एवं टीoएचoडीoसीo (देहराखास) क्षेत्र में सीवरेज नेटवर्क बिछाने का कार्य करने की औपचारिक अनुमति प्रदान करने का कष्ट करें। (विपिन तिवारी) परियोजना प्रबन्धक प्रतिलिपि : कार्यक्रम निवेशक, यू०यू०एस०डी०ए०, वेहरावून को सूचनार्थ प्रेषित। परियोजना प्रबन्धक

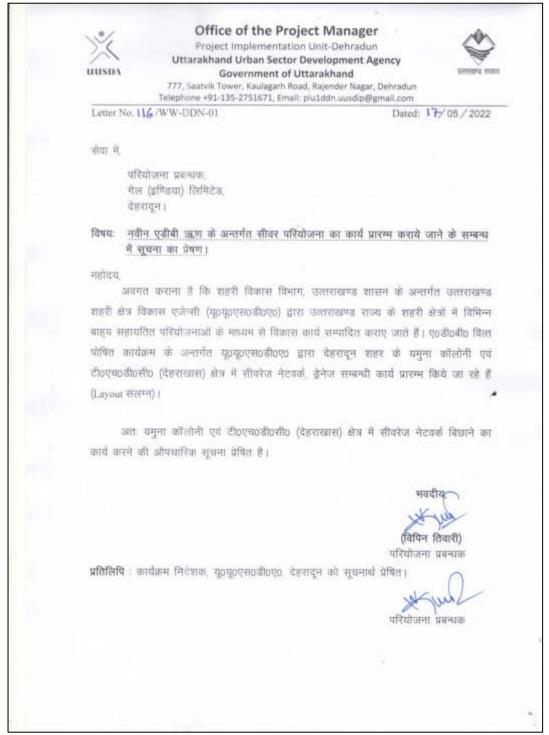
Transcription: Project Manager, Vipin Tiwari, vide its letter 114/WW-DDN-01 dated 17.05.2022, addressed to the Chief Engineer, Irrigation Department, Yamuna Colony Dehradun, to provide permission for starting sewerage network, drainage work in Yamuna Colony and THDC area of the city by UUSDA under ADB Funded Program. The letter is referred to Program Director, UUSDA, Dehradun.

Appendix 20 F: Office letter for the permission of pipe laying from UJVNL, Yamuna colony



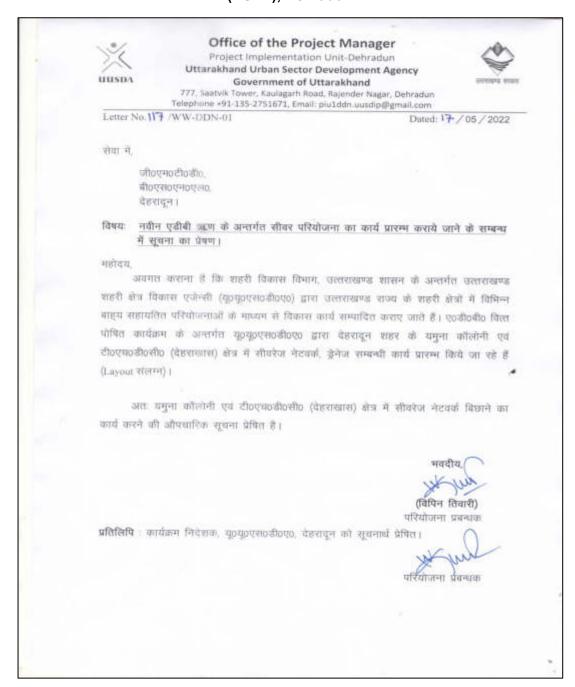
Transcription: Project Manager, Vipin Tiwari, vide its letter 115/WW-DDN-01 dated 17.05.2022, addressed to the Executive Engineer, Maintinance Division, UJVNL, Yamuna Colony, Dehradun, to provide permission for starting sewerage network, drainage work in Yamuna Colony and THDC area of the city by UUSDA under ADB Funded Program. The letter is referred to Program Director, UUSDA, Dehradun.

Appendix 20 G: Office letter for permission from GAIL (India) Ltd. Dehradun for pipe laying



Transcription: Project Manager, Vipin Tiwari, vide its letter 116/WW-DDN-01 dated 17.05.2022, addressed to the Project Manager, GAIL(India) Limited, Dehradun, to provide permission for starting sewerage network, drainage work in Yamuna Colony and THDC area of the city by UUSDA under ADB Funded Program. The letter is referred to Program Director, UUSDA, Dehradun.

Appendix 20 H: Office letter for the permission of pipe laying from Bharat Sanchar Nigam Ltd. (BSNL), Dehradun



Transcription: Project Manager ,Vipin Tiwari, vide its letter 117/WW-DDN-01 dated 17.05.2022, addressed to the GMTD, BSNL, Dehradun, to provide permission for starting sewerage network, drainage work in Yamuna Colony and THDC area of the city by UUSDA under ADB Funded Program. The letter is referred to Program Director, UUSDA, Dehradun.

Appendix 20 I: Office letter for the permission of pipe laying from Uttarakhand Jal Sansthan (UJS), Dehradun

Office of the Project Manager Project Implementation Unit-Dehradun Uttarakhand Urban Sector Development Agency Government of Uttarakhand 777, Saatvik Tower, Kaulagarh Road, Rajender Nagar, Dehradun Telephone +91-135-2751671, Email: piu1ddn.uusdip@gmail.com Letter No.118 /WW-DDN-01 Dated: 17 / 05 / 2022 सेवा में, मुख्य महाप्रव्यक, उत्तराखण्ड जल संस्थान. बी ब्लॉक, नेहरू कॉलोनी, देहराद्म। विषयः नवीन एडीबी ऋण के अन्तर्गत सीवर परियोजना का कार्य प्रारम्भ कराये जाने के सम्बन्ध में सूचना का प्रेषण। महोदय. अवगत कराना है कि शहरी विकास विभाग, उत्तराखण्ड शासन के अन्तर्गत उत्सखण्ड शहरी क्षेत्र विकास एजेन्सी (यु०यु०एस०डी०ए०) द्वारा उत्तराखण्ड राज्य के शहरी क्षेत्रों में विभिन्न बाह्य सहायतित परियोजनाओं के माध्यम से विकास कार्य सम्पादित कराए जाते हैं। ए०डी०बी० वित्त पोषित कार्यक्रम के अन्तर्गत यू०यू०एस०डी०ए० द्वारा देहरादून शहर के यमुना कॉलोनी एवं टी०एच०डी०सी० (देहराखास) क्षेत्र में सीवरेज नेटवर्क, ड्रेनेज सम्बन्धी कार्य प्रारम्भ किये जा रहे हैं (Layout शंलामा) | अतः यमुना कॉलोनी एवं टीoएचoडीoसीo (देहराखास) क्षेत्र में सीवरेज नेटवर्क बिछाने का कार्य करने की औपचारिक सुचना प्रेषित है। (विपिन तिवारी) परियोजना प्रबन्धक प्रतिलिपि : कार्यक्रम निवेशक, यू०यू०एस०डी०ए०, देहरादून को सूचनार्थ प्रेषित।

Transcription: Project Manager, Vipin Tiwari, vide its letter 118/WW-DDN-01 dated 17.05.2022, addressed to the General Manager, Uttarakhand JAL Sansthan, B-Block,Nehru Colony, Dehradun, to provide permission for starting sewerage network,drainage work in Yamuna Colony and THDC area of the city by UUSDA under ADB Funded Program. The letter is referred to Program Director, UUSDA, Dehradun.

Appendix 21: Pamphlet of Information in local language

Package THDC & Yamuna Colony



उत्तराखण्ड शहरी क्षेत्र विकास एजेंसी (UUSDA) शहरी विकास विभाग, उत्तराखण्ड सरकार मार्क्ट टाउर हिर्गेष का नर्जन नाम जीवाड वेट टेडन्ट्र उत्तरबन्द इन्लय-११-१४-१४८-१४४४ | www.uusdp.org | Email: uusdp@gmail.com



जनसचना

उत्तराखंड शहरी क्षेत्र विकास एजेंसी (UUSDA) द्वारा एशियन विकास बैंक (ADB) वित्तपोषण से उत्तराखंड इंटीग्रेटेड व रेजिलिएंट शहरी विकास परियोजना (UIRUDP) का संचालन किया जा रहा है।

परियोजना के अन्तर्गत वार्ड 72 (देहराखास), 73 (विद्याविहार), 33 (यमुना कालोनी), 35 (श्रीदेव सुमन) में लगभग 28 कि0मी0 सीवरेज नेटवर्क, नि:शुरुक घरेलू सीवरेज संयोजन, ड्रेनेज नेटवर्क व सड़क निर्माण आदि कार्य प्रस्तावित हैं। परियोजना निर्माण अववि 2.5 वर्ष प्रस्तावित है।

परियोजना निर्माण कार्य के दौरान क्षेत्रवासियों को यातायात व आवागमन इत्यादि में कुछ समय की असुविधा हो सकती है। किन्तु परियोजना के पूर्ण होने पर दीर्घकालिक सुविधाएं यथा सीवरेज, नाली, सड़क आदि प्राप्त होना प्रत्याशित है। परियोजना निर्माण के पश्चात 5 वर्षों तक कार्यों का संचालन और अनुश्रवण अनुबंधित फर्म द्वारा किया जायेगा।

विकास के इस कार्य में आप सभी क्षेत्रवासियों की सहमागिता सदैव अपेक्षित है।

निवेदक मरियोजना प्रयंशक, प्रोजेयट इन्सीमेंटेशन यूनिट, UIRUDP – UUSDA, देवरायून







हमारा सकल्प

आपका सहयोग

बेहतर कल



UUSDA is implementing UIRUDP project with the financial assistance from ADB. Under the project 26 km sewerage network, sewer house servise connection (without any fee), drainage and road reconstruction work will be undertaken in municipal ward numbers 72 (Dehrakhas), ward 72 (Vidyabihar), ward 33 (Yamuna Colony) and ward 35 (SriDeb Suman). Construction period is proposed for 2.5 years. Durting constrion period there will be some inconvience caused to the people, however, this is for betterment of the people in long run.